LAST EDITION.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LAST EDITION.

SATURDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—APRIL 3, 1897.

PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT. OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Suicides of the Past Year.

Interesting if gruesome statistics from the Coroner's office showing the favorite shuffling-off methods, with some extraordinary cases of queer ways resorted to. Illustrated.

In To-Morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

They Live on the Refuse of a Great City.

A study of the gamins, rag-pickers, beggars and scavengers who live on what others throw away, and who take no thought of the morrow. Illustrated.

In To-Morrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch.

...18. NO. 237.

"Better the Day, Better the Deed." Advertise in Sunday's P.-D.

SKIFFS POPULAR IN GREENVILLE.

NEW ORLEANS MAKING READY TO FIGHT THE FLOOD.

MISSOURI STILL RISING.

The Upper Mississippi Advancing to the Danger Lines From Keokuk South.

The following changes in the rivers, in feet and tenths, have occurred:

Risen—Nashville, 3.1; Chattanooga, 2.3; Helena, Ar., 0.3; Kansas City, 1.2; St. Paul, 0.7; La Crosse, 0.5; Dubuque, 0.6; Keokuk, 0.4; St. Louis, 1.0; New Orleans, 0.1.

Fallen—Arkansas City, 0.2; Vicksburg, 0.1.

They are above the danger line and rising at Helena, Ark., 14.5; St. Paul, 3.1; La Crosse, 1.1; New Orleans, 1.6.

They are above the danger line and falling at Cairo, 10.3; Arkansas City, 8.2; Vicksburg, 8.3.

Memphis, 3.3, and stationary.

The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Mobile, 1.00; Dodge, 1.50.

GREENVILLE, Miss., April 3.—Going east along Washington avenue this morning and looking northward a wide sheet of water may be seen covering the entire north half of the city. Without the protection levee, which keeps out the rising water from the business part of the city, great damage would be done to the provisions and food supplies and much suffering would ensue.

All necessary shopping, marketing, visiting of physicians and the like in the overflowed sections of Greenville is done by skiffs, and every street and alley contains whole fleets of these, built in every conceivable shape and size, darting in and out around the corners of houses.

Much more water is due here yet, and no one can say how much higher it will rise in the houses here in town. All three crevasses above here are pouring their torrents into the basin which lies between the river and the eastern hills, and the whole country will unquestionably be filled.

Communication by telegraph is still maintained with the outer world. As fast as a pole is thrown down a force of men hurries to the point and rebuilds the line. Railroad traffic is entirely cut off and all roads running into here are entirely tied up.

Mail is transferred at Elizabeth, twelve miles east of here, at the junction of the Valley and Southern roads, and a skiff mail line has been established between here and that point. There are now about 10,000 people in this city. Four or five thousand of these are in the flooded section and naturally suffering among the poorer classes is beginning to be felt.

More water is coming down. The drainage of twenty-seven States pours into this valley and there is no outlet for the pent-up flood until the Mississippi falls low enough at Vicksburg to let it drain off.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 3.—The river has been stationary for two days, and while occasional winds and rains have created uneasiness, the section is in full enjoyment of the breathing spell promised by the engineers. The time is being put to good use. Boatloads and trainloads of sacks and lumber are being sent out in every direction, boats and depots of supplies are being placed at regular intervals, and even spots not exactly dangerous are being treated with the engineer's prescription of more earth. The railroads are keeping engines and trains ready for emergencies, and are running patrol trains all the time, increasing facilities for early discovery and prompt repair of any breaks.

Last night a ten-foot hole was found in a

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

HIGH PRICES AFTER JUNE 1.

JOBBERS LOOK FOR AN EFFECTIVE TARIFF BY THAT DATE.

CUTLERY DOUBLES IN PRICE.

Imported Silks, Woolens, China and Glass Ware Will Be Luxuries if the Dingley Bill Passes.

Local jobbers and retailers in several lines of trade are beginning to feel the effects of the tariff agitation.

The prospect of the early passage of the Dingley bill is already having its effect on trade. While this effect redounds to the benefit of the manufacturer and importer it is already causing trouble and expense to small dealers and consumers.

Manufacturers of certain lines of goods have gone so far as to raise their prices in anticipation of the inauguration of the high tariff policy.

Within a few days a number of jobbers and retailers of hardware and kitchen sundries have received notice from importers mostly in the East saying that present prices would be guaranteed only until June 1. After that date the manufacturers and importers say there is likely to be an advance in the price of several lines of hardware, especially cutlery and tableware, most of which is made abroad.

Goods ordered for delivery before June 1 will be furnished at the present scale, but after that in event of the passage of the bill prices will shoot skyward.

A prominent hardware dealer said: "If the Dingley bill passes the price of pocket knives, table cutlery and razors are sure to increase almost 100 per cent. A razor that now sells for $3.50 will cost pretty close to $7. We are looking for a tax of from 12 to 15 per cent ad valorem on cutlery. The tax will be large enough to exclude much of the imported product. The scarcity of the product coupled with the import duty will run prices away up, at least until American manufacturers are able to supply the demand."

Investigation shows that manufacturers and importers of other lines of goods handled by local dealers are also preparing for the passage of the tariff bill.

Jobbers of woolen goods and certain lines of silk dress goods have been given to understand that present prices will not prevail after the bill is passed.

An advance in table chinaware is also threatened and dealers are making a rush to buy before the Dingley bill becomes a law.

PAYING HIS BET.

R. P. Woodward Riding a Mule From New York to San Francisco.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 3.—The Hon. William J. Bryan stopped in Chicago, on his way to Washington, where he is to assist in arguing the Nassau maximum rate case before the Supreme Court. He saw a few local politicians and also R. Pritchard Woodward of New York, who is riding a mule to San Francisco, to pay a Jost election bet. Woodward, who is journeying under the allas of "Pythagorus Pod," bet $5,000 that Bryan would be elected, and the McKinley man offered to let him off if he would ride a selected mule to the Pacific coast. He had a tough time so far, having been waylaid by tramps once and robbed. He accepted an invitation to call on Mr. Bryan at Lincoln, May 1. Mr. Bryan called on Conkey & Co. to arrange for an installment of the royalty on "The First Battle."

JOHANNES BRAHMS DEAD.

The Musical Composer Expires After a Long Sickness.

VIENNA, April 3.—Johannes Brahms, the well-known musical composer, is dead. He had been ill for a long time. He suffered from jaundice last autumn and went to Carlsbad, but the disease developed into cancer of the liver. Brahms was able to read almost to the last, and was kept in ignorance of his serious condition. He was 67 years old.

PARALYTIC STROKE.

Roswell G. Rolston, the New York Financier, Stricken.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Roswell G. Rolston, President of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., and one of the best known New York financiers, was stricken with paralysis while returning to his home in Babylon, L. I. Little hope of his recovery is entertained.

FIRE TRAGEDY AT CHATTANOOGA.

TWO PROMINENT CITIZENS WERE BURNED TO DEATH.

OFFICE BUILDING IN ASHES.

Loss Placed at $400,000 and Many Valuable Legal Documents Were Destroyed.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 3.—The Richardson Building, the largest in Chattanooga, and one of the largest in the South, was totally destroyed by fire between 3:30 and 6 o'clock this morning. Fire caught from the furnace in the basement and ran up the elevator shaft.

The watchman was slow in turning in an alarm and when the fire companies arrived the building was a mass of flames.

The watchman warned a number of gentlemen sleeping on the sixth floor and all succeeded in getting out except two. These were Boyd Ewing, one of the wealthiest men in this section, and S. M. Patton, one of the most prominent architects in the South. Mr. Ewing attempted to climb down the fire escape, but fell from the top. His body was badly mutilated. Patton was cut off from escape on the stairs and his body was buried in the ruins.

About 100 offices and four stores were in the building. The total loss amounts to about $400,000 with insurance of about $200,000.

A large force is now at work searching for Patton's remains, but it may be several days before they are found.

Nothing was saved from the building, as the fire burned with startling rapidity. The loss on contents is distributed among about 100 people.

A two-story building adjoining was also totally destroyed. The Third National Bank, across the street, was badly damaged.

Among the heaviest losers are the American Investment Co., owners of the building and a large part of the contents; R. C. Kingsley & Co., merchants, and the Chattanooga National Building and Loan Association. Nearly all the lawyers in the city had offices in the building and many valuable papers which cannot be replaced were burned.

Frank Carlock, a young lawyer who attempted to save some papers from his office in the Third National Bank Building, fell from a ladder and was badly injured.

RETURNED HIS FEE.

Carlisle Doing So Well With Morgan That He Turns Up His Nose at Chicago.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—John G. Carlisle has returned the retainer fee in the Chicago scrip case and now announces that he will not have anything to do with it. The fee returned was a $10,000 one, but since his retirement from the Treasury Mr. Carlisle has been so busy looking after the Southern interests of J. Pierpont Morgan that fees of that size do not count so much as formerly. The scrip case was the one over which Commissioner Lamoreaux and Secretary Francis locked horns and evolved a scandal which resulted in President McKinley ordering through Secretary Bliss a new hearing.

COFFEE RATES CUT.

The Arbuckles and the Sugar Trust Knifing Each Other.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Arbuckle Bros. have met a cut of ½ cent a pound made on Thursday by the Woolson Spice Co. of Toledo, which the American Sugar Refining Co. controls, in the price of their brand of roasted coffee. The cuts reduce the price of each to 11c a pound net. There has been a total decline of 5c in the price of these coffees.

TARIFF HANDWRITING ON THE WALL.

COL. VASSOS LOSES PATIENCE.

WILL SEND NO MORE PROTESTS TO THE ADMIRALS.

BLOCKADE OF GREECE.

It Is Said the Powers Will Proceed to Close Her Ports Within a Few Days.

LONDON, April 3.—The Daily Telegraph has an interview with Col. Vassos. The Greek commander declared that the protest recently sent by him to the foreign admirals would be the last document of the sort that would be sent.

Vassos said that he does not regard the admirals as the true representatives of Europe's attitude. He maintained that he had quieted the entire Christian population and repressed every form of crime, rendering life and property as secure as in England and France. He had established hospitals and prisons, built bridges and appointed judges and sanitary officers. All the reforms had been effected in seven weeks.

"If," said Vassos, "the European forces had done in the towns what I have done in the country, perfect peace might reign till Greece completed the negotiations with Europe for a recognition of her claims to Crete and not a drop of blood need have been shed."

Vassos told of the way the ships fired on the Christians to protect the Bashi Bazouks. The Christians retreated and the Turks entered the village and set fire to the houses, a church and a monastery.

"This," Vassos exclaimed, "is the work of Christian Europe. The condition of affairs is now infinitely worse than ever before. The Admirals have made it so. I say deliberately and reluctantly that unless the European people listen to the voice of humanity before it is too late, this unhappy island will be deluged throughout with torrents of blood."

In conclusion, Col. Vassos emphatically repudiated the statement made in the British House of Commons that he made war on the powers.

LONDON, April 3.—Mr. Gladstone has written to Phillip J. Stanhope, M. P., for Burnley, that he hopes Parliament will resist firmly the assumption by the Powers of the right to choose a ruler for the Cretans. The Powers, Mr. Gladstone adds, are en-

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

BURIAL PERMITS.

The following deaths have been reported in the city during the twenty-four hours ending at noon:

BASIE BIRD, 7d, 800 Market; apoplexy.

ANNIE O'HARA, 7d, 3515 Chestnut; old age.

CONTINUED ON PAGE SEVEN.

DROPPED THEIR BOOTY.

Surprised Cigar Thieves Exchange Shots With a Policeman.

Policeman Reedy of the Fourth District had a running fight with a trio of burglars at 2 o'clock Saturday morning on Twenty-third and Biddle streets, in which a half dozen shots were exchanged.

The policeman was standing on Twenty-second and Carr streets when he saw three men carrying boxes of cigars sneaking into the alley. He gave chase. The men ran through the alley and dropped their plunder, consisting of twenty-eight boxes of cigars. At the mouth of the alley one of the fugitives fired three shots at the policeman. He returned the fire. The fugitives made their escape.

Policeman Tierney was standing on Twenty-second and Washington avenue. When he heard the firing he ran in the direction of the shots. At Franklin avenue and Twenty-third street he discovered a man creeping south close to the building line in the shadows. He placed him under arrest. The fellow was Willie O'Keefe, an ex-convict and well-known thief. O'Keefe denied knowing anything about the shooting.

Later Policeman Tierney discovered that the liquor store of Widmer & Kloker, 2209 Franklin avenue, had been entered and $75 worth of cigars stolen. The cigars dropped by the three men in the alley were identified by Mr. Widmer as his property.

JAPAN'S HOLIDAY.

Ceremonies in Honor of the Founding of the Empire.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The great national holiday of Japan is inaugurated to-day, this date commemorating the accession of Jimmu, the first Emperor, who laid the foundation of the Jananese empire, 2,500 years before Christ. Out of compliment to the gentler sex, the celebration this year has been designated as "The Feast of Women," and the ceremonies will have special reference to the encouragement given by the Emperor to all movements for the advancement of the sex.

WILL WINE ROOMS BE SUPPRESSED?

POLICE BOARD'S INSTRUCTIONS ARE QUITE CLEAR.

NO EXCEPTIONS TO BE MADE.

The Board's Orders Refer to the Character of Frequenters, Not to the Style of the Dive.

Police Commissioner Bannerman's protest against the raiding of John Davis' wine-room will not stop the police crusade against the dives.

Mr. Bannerman's protest was based on the claim that Davis had no private booths in his place, but served all his customers in one big public drinking-room.

Acting Chief Kiely was nonplussed for a while, but when he asked the Board for further instructions he was told that the manner of the room made no difference. His instructions were to raid all public drinking places frequented by immoral women and their consorts.

That the duty of Acting Chief Kiely and his captains is plain is evidenced by the board's order in the premises. The letter of instruction reads as follows:

ST. LOUIS, March 26, 1897.

To All Captains:

Gentlemen—I desire to call your attention to an existing evil that must be suppressed. I refer to the habit of prostitutes roaming the streets and inducing

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

WARNINGS OF A FLOOD ISSUED.

RIVER WILL GO ABOVE THE DANGER LINE.

BUSY SCENES ON THE LEVEE.

Rain in the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys Makes a 33-Foot Stage Possible.

SPECIAL FLOOD WARNING.

The river at St. Louis will continue to rise. More rain is indicated in the Mississippi and Missouri watersheds Saturday afternoon and night, and it now looks as if the danger line of 30 feet will be reached at St. Louis within two days.

Persons having property interests which can be affected by a stage of 31 or 32 feet, or less, within three days, are advised to take steps to protect them. While this stage may not be reached within that time, it is fairly probable that it will.

The Missouri and Upper Mississippi will continue to rise, and the danger lines will be reached at all points not hitherto reached on the latter river from Keokuk south within two days.

Warnings have also been sent to all points on the Mississippi from Keokuk to St. Louis to prepare for a further rise of about two feet.

It is impossible Saturday to closely estimate the amount of the rise on account of rain which will fall Saturday and possibly Sunday.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

At 11 o'clock Saturday morning Observer Gratoit at Chicago issued the following bulletin:

"Conditions threatening for severe local storms in West Missouri and East Kansas. Little or no danger for Eastern Missouri."

The above flood warning was issued by the St. Louis Weather Bureau Saturday morning.

What was feared has come to pass. There will be more rain, and from all indications plenty of it. The low barometer, central over Texas, Friday, has moved over Kansas and is slowly pushing eastward. Before it are cloud banks laden with moisture and skirting its edges is some wind. It will rain in St. Louis Saturday afternoon and night, so the weather officials say, and the indications are the down-pour will be heavy. Thunder storms are also predicted. Sunday will be clear and cooler if the low barometer moves eastward as rapidly as expected; if not there will be continued rain.

The vanguard of the storm reached Springfield, Mo., at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, and at that hour a heavy rain began to fall.

When H. C. Frankenfield, the observer for this district opened the many telegrams from his lieutenants at stations between Keokuk, Ia., and Alton, Ill., Saturday morning he saw at once that the situation was ominous. These messages told that rivers were still rising throughout the entire territory. Next came the news from the Southwest telling the advent of the storm.

Mr. Frankenfield at once sent out the above general warning and then his clerks began issuing special warnings to a number of persons in this city and East St. Louis whose interests are in danger if the water goes above a 29-foot stage. There are several hundred of these, mostly in North St.

THE WEATHER FORECAST.

SHOWERS.

St. Louis and vicinity—Showers and probable thunderstorms Saturday afternoon and night. Generally fair and cooler Sunday.

Missouri—Local showers, with conditions favorable for severe local storms Saturday afternoon and night; cooler in west portion Saturday night. Sunday probably fair and cooler, except probable showers in extreme east portion.

Illinois—Local rains Saturday and Sunday, with thunderstorms in southern and central portions. Cooler by Sunday afternoon or night.

POST-DISPATCH THERMOMETER.

7 a. m.	52	12 m.	64
8 a. m.	53	1 p. m.	65
9 a. m.	53	2 p. m.	66
10 a. m.	54	3 p. m.	66
11 a. m.	60		

EAST OF STATE STREET, ST. PAUL.

From the St. Paul Globe.

DEPARTURE OF GREEK RESERVES FROM CORFU.

Louis and on the East Side. At the same time Mr. Frankenfeld sent the following warnings:

Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C.—Coming rain will no doubt intensify rise in Mississippi and Missouri Rivers by Sunday night, and it now looks as if danger line will about be reached at St. Louis in two days. General warnings given to that effect and additional warning given upper river interests. Fall Creek levee, south of Quincy, broken yesterday and number of farms inundated. Indications that water will reach tops of levees at Alexandria and possibly Warsaw in two or three days.

Merchants at Hannibal, Mo.:
Continued rise. Amount uncertain, depending on rainfall coming. Looks like at least one foot more by Monday.

Quincy Water Works, Quincy, Ill.:
More rain coming and continued rise indicated. Amount uncertain, depending upon rainfall. Rise of at least one foot by Monday.

Observer, Keokuk, Ia.:
Continued slow rise at Keokuk. Well to advise all interested to be on guard against further rise of a foot or two next week.

Cox, Warsaw, Ill.:
More rain and further rise in river. Impossible to say how much at present. Be on guard against rise of couple of feet by Monday. Telegraph me at once how near water is to top of levee.

Mayors of Canton, La Grange, Louisiana, Clarksville, Mo., Alton, Goodrich and Crafton, Ill.:
More rain coming and river will continue to rise. At present impossible to say how much. Advise all having interests to be on guard against further rise of couple of feet by Monday morning.

At noon Saturday the gauge at St. Louis showed a stage of 28.3 feet. This was a rise of .3 since 6 o'clock in the morning and an advance of .8 since 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. Along the Mississippi to the north of here the following rises have occurred since Friday: St. Paul, .7; Davenport, .2; Keokuk, .4; Des Moines, .3; Hannibal, .7; Grafton, 1.4.

River men fear the Missouri more than they do the Mississippi. Friday morning the former river was rising slowly, with indications that it would come to a stand before night. But Saturday's bulletins showed more water had fallen in that territory than the Weather Bureau had estimated. At Omaha there has been a rise of .3 of a foot; at Kansas City, .1; and at Boonville, 4 Herman, also on the Missouri, reports a stage of 12 feet, a fall of 1.5, but the river is again rising there.

The worst of the storm that has been in Texas was raging in the Missouri Valley Saturday afternoon and this river will add greatly to the Mississippi flood within forty-eight hours.

The Osage has fallen 2.1 feet, but is expected to rise again by Sunday. The Gasconade is stationary, but will also rise.

Thus all the elements north of St. Louis are expected to combine to increase the stage of water. The high water that has been flooding St. Paul—where the river Saturday morning was at a 17.1 foot stage, 3.1 above the danger line—will reach that point where the Missouri and the Mississippi join about the time the expected rise occurs in the former. What the result will be depends upon the rainfall on Saturday in the regions above named.

Dr. Frankenfeld will receive bulletins all Saturday afternoon and late Saturday night and readers of the Sunday Post-Dispatch will be informed of the result of the storm and what it means as regards a flood for this vicinity.

South of St. Louis the situation is growing worse. Helena now has a stage of 51.5 feet, a rise of .3, the river being 14.5 feet above danger line. At New Orleans the river is steadily rising and is now 1.6 feet above the danger line.

River men who are familiar with the conditions south say they do not see how the Crescent City can escape, and believe it will be swept away. St. Louisans who have property interests there have sent numerous telegrams of inquiry. The replies are far from encouraging. They say the worst is to be feared, but that the alarming news is being suppressed as much as possible in order that a panic may be averted and there may be no lack of men to work on the levees. One St. Louis firm received a telegram Saturday morning which a Post-Dispatch reporter was allowed to inspect, but the request was made that names be withheld. The message read:

"Situation threatening. Levees weak at many points. Arrangements have been made to ring the fire bells and blow all whistles in case of a break, so the water may be fought back."

The Ohio is the only bright spot on the map so far as the outlook for the Southern flood goes. This river is falling slowly. The storm which is sweeping Westward is due in the Ohio Valley Sunday or Monday, however, and then will follow another rise of that stream.

There is great activity along the river front and hundreds of men have been employed to move goods out of cellars, while others are busy carting lumber, barrels, hides and other goods from places where they were left by steamers to safer locations.

The highest point of the bank is between Locust and Walnut streets. Merchants in this vicinity did not believe their basements would be inundated, but Friday night the water began to sepe in and then there was a rush to remove goods. In many establishments men worked all night and by Saturday morning most of the property that would be damaged by anything under a thirty-foot stage was safe.

South of Locust street there is quite a dip of the land and for several blocks the water is from three to four feet deep in the cellars. Another two feet and it will be over the ground floors. These places have been flooded since Thursday and all goods have been removed.

Because of the wide publicity given the warnings but little damage has been done so far. Three hundred barrels of oil belonging to the Eagle Boat Store Co. are under water at 517 Levee Front. Some hides belonging to Knight & Klipstein at 518 have been damaged by dampness. At 515 many tubs of lard belonging to the Union Abattoir Meat Co. are under water. The Dunlevy Sheet Iron Works, 515, and the Illinois Glass Co., 507-9, have also suffered slight damage.

There is now little doubt that the water will be over the levee top by Monday. It is also probable that the high water mark of 1844 will be passed. The stage Saturday was higher than at any time since the memorable May 3 of that year.

As soon as merchants along the front read the flood warning issued Saturday morning, they commenced to engage extra hands, and Saturday afternoon and evening will see busy times in that vicinity.

There were many anxious persons watching the river Saturday and a crowd was collected all day around the gauge at the foot of Chestnut street.

The small tugs have all been tied up, for the mass of driftwood makes navigation extremely dangerous for these craft. Huge trees can be seen twisting and tearing down the river, the branches being thrown about as they are caught by the swift current eddies. The strong wind from the East Saturday morning caused the Mississippi to be covered with little white caps and in midstream the waves were quite high. These were crosscut by the swift current and making a choppy sea gave a dancing effect to all craft that ventured out.

North St. Louis will be the first affected by extreme high water. At flood stage the river at the foot of Salisbury street is from 2 to 3 feet higher than at the foot of Chestnut street. The firms in this vicinity that will be first injured by a flood, such as seems probable, are the Reardon Glue Works, the Union Stock Yards and the Knapp, Stout Lumber Company. At all these places energetic measures are being taken to fight back the water.

Yard Foreman Baker of the Knapp, Stout Company had a number of teams and men at work Saturday morning.

This was before the rain had set in, and he was much encouraged by the prognostications that had appeared in the morning newspapers to the effect that the weather would be fair. When told that rains would fall to the north and that flood warnings had been issued for this vicinity he redoubled his efforts and by afternoon had all the men in the yard at work strengthening the levee.

"If the levee holds above us no great damage will be done under a 35-foot stage," said Mr. Baker. "But the moment the river reaches 31 feet we will have to work hard. At that stage we shall close all the subways. I have tons of clay at hand, and any amount of timber with which to choke the passages. If the river reaches 33 feet below that will mean 36 feet here. Then the Merchants' tracks will be covered and our entire yard will be inundated."

The Reardon Glue Works will suffer even before the lumber yard, as a foot less of water will flood them. The Union Stock Yards are on a trifle higher level. The same activity that was manifested in the lumber yards was seen all along the front in North St. Louis.

The gauge at the Marketl House in East St. Louis at noon Saturday indicated a rise of 12 inches in Cahokia Creek since 5 p. m. Friday. The water in the sloughs is not much higher than Friday.

Superintendent Horner of the Waterworks denies that the water in the various sloughs is "seep-water" from the Mississippi River. He says that it is merely the accumulation from the recent rains, and insists that the heavy embankments, 700 or 800 feet wide between the sloughs and the river, will absorb all the seep.

Cahokia Creek has reached the point where the water is running north, caused by the back-water from the river. The creek has its source in Madison County east of Edwardsville and empties into the Mississippi north of the Pittsburg dike. It is in nowise a "slough," as has been claimed, but is a stream ten feet in depth at the lowest stage of the river. The creek will stand a seven-foot rise yet. Until it is bank full East St. Louisans feel safe.

Mayor Bader is taking every precaution to meet a flood. Mr. Bader said Saturday morning:

"I see no occasion for immediate alarm, but think our people should take steps to prepare for a flood. I have taken no official action towards warning the public, because I felt that it would be an injury to the city to advertise a flood in the event that we escape its terrors. However, I have communicated with various railway officials and asked their co-operation in fighting the high water when it reaches the danger line."

Following are some of the responses received from the agents of the railroads:

Mr. Hamilton, Agent C., B. & Q.: We are observing the situation closely, and will do all in our power to keep the water off of our property and the property of others. We are centrally located, and we will be in no real danger until the water overflows the railroad banks and levees of other railroad companies. I assure you that when the critical point comes you will not find the C., B. & Q. taking a back seat.

Agent J. A. Lindsay of the L. & N.: I have referred your letter to our Superintendent, Mr. McChesney, who, I am satisfied, will appreciate same and arrange for the necessary protection on our property. For your immediate information, however, I would state our management has already put men at work to raise our tracks above the water mark of the flood of '93.

Agent J. G. Creveling of the Vandalia—I can say that every precaution will be taken to protect our tracks from high water, and we shall be glad to cooperate with you to accomplish this end.

Agent L. P. Lockwood of the Big Four: I have forwarded your letter to Mr. W. G. Bayley, our Superintendent at Mattoon, who will undoubtedly take every known precaution. We cannot, of course, raise the tracks along Cahokia Creek—that is undoubtedly the place to which you refer. To raise these tracks would prevent us getting under the Broadway Viaduct, and to build a dike on top of the tracks would shut us out of our yard. The only way that I can see that we can be prepared for high water would be to have sand already loaded in cars, so it could be brought in here in a few hours' notice. This I have suggested to Supt. Bayley and I think he will do it.

Julius S. Walsh, President Terminal Association—Your favor regarding measures to be taken for security against high water has been received and I have referred same to our general manager, Mr. E. P. Bryan, with request to have done all that we can do in that direction. We will certainly, as heretofore, move heartily in whatever is for the general interest.

Agent Crouch of the Air Line—We are preparing for the worst, and will render all the asistance we can.

The Mississippi at this point is still on the rise, and the gauge stands a little over 23 feet above low water mark, and within a few feet of the danger line. The Bluff line freight office and the Clarksville packet office on the levee are surrounded by water, and occupants have had to leave.

At the Water-works, Sparks, Stanard's mill and the Glass-works' the seep water has begun to come in and pumping was begun Saturday morning. All the manufacturers along the river are preparing for the expected flood and have pumps in readiness to keep the water out.

The lowlands below the Illinois Glass-works are flooded and the residents have all moved to higher ground.

The levees on Missouri Point above the Burlington embankment are still three or four feet above the water, but the residents are becoming frightened and are beginning to move.

The steamer Altonian rescued a lot of stock yesterday for James Pourie at Silver Island, and Capt. H. E. Starr states that he is ready at any moment to do all he can to aid the flood sufferers.

SKIFFS POPULAR IN GREENVILLE.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

levee near the Union plantation, above the city, and was promptly stopped. This is the only accident so far between New Orleans and Baton Rouge. On the opposite side of the river the banks are being held with equal success, proving the wisdom of the system of district levee boards, co-operating with State and Government officials. The engineers still consider the Tensas and Fifth Districts levees in need of most care and this very fact is working good, for great quantities of material and armies of men are being used there, so that they will be better prepared to meet the greater strain which is bound to come with a rising river above. With the St. Francis and other rivers soon to pour volumes into the Mississippi, and with the crevasses exhausting their relief effect, besides returning most of the water to the attacking stream, it can be seen at a glance what a week is before the levee system.

The break at Le Blanc, on Bayou La Fourche, was a surprise. The levees on neither side of the stream are especially strong, but the side on which the crevasse occurred was believed to be much the stronger. The banks on the Atchafalaya side are a foot and more below those on the other side and breaks there were considered a certainty. It was the unexpected that happened, but if the crevasse had been designed, it could not have selected a much better location, for while it will seriously damage several plantations, it has an area of marsh and lakes below and will do much less hurt than if it happened above.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DEXTER, Mo., April 3.—A telephone message just received from Poplin, fourteen miles west, appeals to the generosity of Dexter for shelter for her people. The whole town is inundated by the heavy rise in the St. Francis and the river is coming up at the rate of an inch an hour.

The heavy rainfall now in progress and for the past few hours is causing the people to abandon their homes and flee from the water. Poplin is a manufacturing town of 400 inhabitants and contains some of the largest mills in this section.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DEXTER, Mo., April 3.—High water and a washout on the Iron Mountain road between this point and Poplar Bluff have tied up all trains. There has been no mail from St. Louis in three days.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

HELENA, Ark., April 3.—The situation here grows no better. The river rose three-tenths last night, mapping out more work for the people, who, however, are but getting under way. Sharp wind prevailed all of last night, which made it very embarrassing for workers on the levees. A break occurred at the Robards place, a mile below the Hubbard place, and nine miles below the city, but it was repaired after a wonderful fight.

It is now an open secret that the whole of the Cotton Belt Levee District's line, 300 miles, is in a very precarious condition, and breaks may occur at any place and at any time. Plenty of willing workers are on hand, but it is impossible to do much, as no earth is at hand.

Rice, in charge of the Fitzhugh levees, says they will hold in spite of high water, but he will have difficulty in keeping his promise. His levee is invested by a flood of water from in front and behind. He is taking earth from the banquette just behind the levee, which greatly weakens it. The levee is growing very soft and slippery. If the river continues to rise, however, it is bound to run squarely over the top, as it takes considerable to secure earth. The effect of further breaks is not feared, as the country is rapidly filling from the lower breaks. Westover crevasse was 300 feet wide last night.

Rumors of breaks at Crews and Flower Lake, Mississippi, are untrue. Norfleet of Memphis, owner of Flower Lake plantation, brought 112 men from Memphis yesterday, which is more than he can use to advantage, owing to lack of materials.

Nash's Landing, half-way between Crews and Harbert's, is said to be bothered considerably by crawfish holes causing leaks, which break out from time to time, but have so far been controlled. Helena front is intact, kept so by wonderful energy and the expenditure of large sums of money.

The Kate Adams, up at noon from points below, had 125 cabin passengers and 150 deckers, mostly from Rosedale, Miss. Passengers said the water was running in the streets of Rosedale 6 to 7 feet deep. The Adams also had a big lot of mules, horses and cattle, picked up at Laconia and Rosedale.

The situation at Laconia is perilous, as the water is encroaching on tents of refugees pitched on top of the levee. There are not enough barges to accommodate all of them. It has been raining here in torrents for three solid hours, making the situation ugly. Two bad places on Front street have been stopped and others are being worked on. People are badly frightened, miserable weather adding to the general gloom.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DE SOTO, Mo., April 3.—The break in the Iron Mountain Railway, caused by the bridge washing away near Victoria Wednesday night, will be so trains can get over this afternoon. Traffic has been suspended since Wednesday night, and as it has been raining all morning more trouble is anticipated. The American tourist special from Chicago on the return trip from Mexico is tied up in this city.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ARKANSAS CITY, Ark., April 3.—The flood is slowly receding, both inside and outside the levee here. The gauge registers 50.3, a fall of three-tenths feet. While the back water keeps about equal pace on the incline, it is fully believed now that no further damage will be experienced in this section, but danger will not be passed until the gauge registers some tenths lower and then a diligent watch will be continued.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., April 3.—An ice jam containing 5,000,000 feet of logs came down the Chippewa River, causing the flooding of the lower part of the town. A portion of River street was flooded, and merchants in that street were compelled to make a hasty departure. The river rose six feet in half an hour, but two hours later the water receded rapidly, leaving the flooded streets in a demoralized condition. The entire mass of logs and ice is now lodged against the Wisconsin railroad bridge and that structure will surely go out when the jam moves. There are several other jams just above the city, and if they break loose the entire river below the dam will be filled. In this event a heavy loss cannot be avoided.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 3.—The river is falling, having gone down 4 inches since midnight. It is entirely clear of ice and logs. The lumbermen estimate that 5,000,000 feet of logs in all have gone over the falls.

FLOOD SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Merchants' Exchange Has Raised $10,000 for Southern Sufferers.

Secretary George Morgan of the Merchants' Exchange, on Friday, received the following additional subscriptions for the relief of the Southern flood sufferers:

T. Wright & Co	$ 25 00
Friedman Columbia Dome Cigar Co	10 00
Jefferson Bank	50 00
George S. Drake	75 00
J. G. Haas Soap Co	50 00
George S. Mepham & Klein	25 00
Meriod & Packard Jewelry Co	20 00
E. Jaccard Jewelry Co	20 00
Merrick, Walsh & Phelps	20 00
A. Kurtzeborn & Sons	10 00
Hess & Culbertson	5 00
J. Bolland Jewelry Co	10 00
S. A. Rider Jewelry Co	10 00
F. R. Hettel Jewelry Co	2 00
L. Bauman Jewelry Co	15 00
J. W. Cary & Co	5 00
M. Eisenstadt Jewelry Co	20 00
Wild Bros. Jewelry Co	2 00
W. A. Gill	5 00
Fred W. Drosten	10 00
J. J. Meyer & Co	5 00
Charter Oak Stove and Range Co	50 00
Ringen Stove Co. and Quick Meal Stove Co	50 00
Schaefer Bros. & Powell Mfg. Co	25 00
Sympathizer	1 00

The total amount raised by the Exchange Relief Committee now amounts to $10,062 in cash, and in addition to this the committee has forwarded to Memphis several car loads of groceries, provisions and clothing which had been donated.

The Lumbermen's Exchange has also started a subscription, and Friday afternoon forwarded to the Relief Committee at Memphis a check for $445, which had been subscribed as follows:

L. A. Holmes Lumber Co	$25 00
Waldstein Lumber Co	20 00
Johanning & Lang Hardwood Lumber Co	10 00
Schnelle & Querl Lumber Co	10 00
Druhe Hardwood Lumber Co	10 00
L. Methudy	10 00
McLeod Lumber Co	10 00
Charles Gaertner	10 00
Abeles & Tausig	10 00
Sawyer & Austin Lumber Co	10 00
Russell-Massengale Commission Co	10 00
American Hardwood Lumber Co	10 00
Doerfeler Lumber Co	10 00
D. O. Striffler	10 00
Striffler & Wehinger	10 00
F. H. Smith & Co	10 00
John N. Nordlin	10 00
G. H. Marting & Sons	10 00
Steele & Hibbard	10 00
C. F. Liebke Hardwood Mill & Lumber Co	10 00
Philip Gruner & Bros. Lumber Co	10 00
C. F. Luehrmann Hardwood Lumber Co	10 00
Eau Claire-St. Louis Lumber Co	10 00
M. J. Heller Lumber Co	10 00
Berthold & Jennings	10 00
A. J. Neimeyer Lumber Co	10 00
Charles Naber's Sons	5 00
Chas. W. Gelse	5 00
Thomas & Proetz Commission Co	5 00
E. C. Robinson	5 00
R. B. Hatch	5 00
Little & Borneman Lumber Co	5 00
E. R. Darlington & Co	5 00
R. M. Fry Lumber Co	5 00
Otto Meyer	5 00
Alcee, Stewart & Co	5 00
The St. Louis Refrigerator and Wooden Gutter Co	5 00
Rhoss Lumber Co	5 00
Robert Hunicke	5 00
Malvern Lumber Co	5 00
Harnett Lumber Co	5 00
O'Neil Lumber Co	5 00
Bohn Lumber Co	5 00
Knapp, Stout & Co	5 00
A. J. Gerns	5 00
W. H. Richardson	5 00
Bonsack Lumber Co	5 00
Fidel Ganahl	5 00
John J. Ganahl Lumber Co	5 00
McMillion Lumber Co	5 00
Leonard Ansley	5 00
Fred Heim & Co	5 00
McCreery Bros	5 00
Lloyd G. Harris Manufacturing Co	3 00
William Buchanan	2 50
A. Braun	2 50
J. F. Crawford Lumber Co	2 50
Martin Lumber Co	2 00
John F. Scobee	2 00
Howard Watson Lumber Co	2 00
Grant Bailey	2 00
Werner Lumber Co	2 00
Long Bell Lumber Co	2 00
William Barnes	1 00
Samuel Sample	2 50
Kelly R. Chandler	2 50

KENTUCKY SENATORSHIP.

Only One Ballot Taken and There Was No Election.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 3.—Many members were away to-day and per agreement of members only one vote was cast for each candidate in the daily ballot for Senator. There was no election. Hon. Sam M. Taylor of Ohio has returned home. The report comes pretty straight that Hunter will be voted for till next Wednesday, when Judge Holt will be entered and is almost certain to be elected if an election has not resulted before that time.

THE HOUSE.

Held a Brief Session and Adjourned Until Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—After listening to a long personal explanation from Mr. Terry (Dem.) of Arkansas, who felt aggrieved at statements that he was jealous and sore because the Democrats had selected Mr. Bailey instead of Mr. McMillin as their leader the House by unanimous consent passed the Senate joint resolution to charter a vessel to carry food to India's famine sufferers and then adjourned until Wednesday.

WILL WINE ROOMS BE SUPPRESSED?

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

and decoying men into wine rooms attached to certain saloons for the purpose of robbery. You will, therefore, direct your Sergeants to instruct their men that all known prostitutes found frequenting wine rooms and saloons must be arrested and prosecuted in the police courts, and also all street walkers found plying their vocation.

Sergeants of precincts in which these wine rooms and saloons exist, will be held strictly accountable for the rigid performance of their duty, and should any complaints of robbery or other similar infraction of the law be reported from said places, it will be considered good cause to prefer charges against said Sergeant.

Patrolmen found lounging around such designated places on their beats, and not exerting themselves to suppress these evils, must be promptly reported by the Sergeant.

You will personally read this order at roll-call to your men, and hold them strictly accountable for the enforcement of same. Yours respectfully,

MATHEW KIELY,
Acting Chief of Police.

There can be no difference of opinion in interpreting this order. The matter was not even discussed at Friday's Police Board meeting. The Commissioners took it for granted that the Chief of Police needed no urging to obey his orders and do his duty.

"The order," said Chief Kiely, "embodies everything that I can say on the matter. That is an order from my superior officers, for the strict observance of which I am held accountable. The order has not been revoked, revised nor amended in any way. I have furnished every captain with a copy of that order and it is fair to presume that they understand its provisions as thoroughly as I do."

"Then there has been no cessation of the raiding of the wine rooms and saloons referred to in this order?"

"I have no knowledge that any member of the department has been derelict in his duty."

"The raids, then, will continue to be prosecuted with vigor?"

"I have no doubt that every member of the department will faithfully carry out the orders of the board as transmitted to them from this office," was the diplomatic answer.

Police Captain O'Malley, upon whom the bulk of the work devolves, said there had been no let-up in the work of arresting frequenters of saloon wine-rooms, and that his men had standing orders to visit all such resorts nightly. One reason why no arrests had been made for several nights past was that the women who usually visited these places had become alarmed at the frequency of the raids and had temporarily given the places a wide berth.

"The moment they show their faces in these places," said the Captain, "they will be brought in. That course will be continued until the order is rescinded, if it ever should be."

John Davis' saloon and wine room, for the raid on which Commissioner Bannerman rebuked Chief Kelly, is situated on the northeast corner of Sixth and Elm streets, in the heart of "Tamale Town," one of the most disreputable districts in the city. Davis has grown rich on the proceeds of his disreputable resort. The revenue of the saloon, which is conducted as a blind in the front of the ramshackle structure, is small compared to the income he derives from the depraved creatures who convert the wine room in the rear into a public assignation house.

Davis claims that his wine room should not be subjected to police interference because there are no "stalls" or dividing partitions in it to shield the actions of the inmates from the view of all who choose to enter. He wishes the public to infer that by reason of this arrangement of the room nobody can be robbed or drugged in the place, or have their morals corrupted. Mr. Davis knows better, as does many a "sucker" whose money has helped to swell the revenue of the wine room and indirectly contributed to the erection of the handsome residence occupied by Mr. Davis in the West End, where many of his aristocratic neighbors are in ignorance of the source of his income.

Davis' resort is only one of many in the same neighborhood which are conducted on the "wide-open" plan, and from which the reports of bold robberies by immoral women have become so numerous that the Police Board was compelled to take vigorous steps to wipe them out. To that end a special fund was set aside, and the police were instructed to keep a vigilant eye upon these places and arrest every known woman of immoral reputation found therein.

BRUTALITY ALLEGED.

Colored Woman Makes Charges Against Two Policemen.

James Hancock and Andrew McGuire, two Sixth District policemen, are charged with assault and battery in a warrant issued against them Saturday. The complaining witness is Mrs. Susie Morton, colored, of 4625 Cottage avenue.

Mrs. Morton has a 14-year-old daughter, Maggie, who attends the L'Ouverture School, of which R. H. Cole is principal. Maggie violated the discipline of the school last week and was chastised by the principal. She complained to her mother and Mrs. Morton went down to the school and "jumped Mr. Cole's freight" in most approved style. Then she went away, and Mr. Cole complained in turn to Policemen Hancock and McGuire. The policemen went to Mrs. Morton's house and arrested her on a charge of disturbing the peace. Mrs. Morton was fined $10 by Judge Stevenson last Saturday.

Mrs. Morton alleges that when the officers entered her house they abused and beat her brutally, without provocation, because she refused to go down to the school and apologize to Mr. Cole. Saturday she called at the warrant office and told her story to Mr. Johnson. Her story was corroborated by witnesses, and, as the policemen had made the arrest without a warrant, Mr. Johnson issued a warrant against them.

ROBBED NEAR HOME.

Philip Goldstein's Encounter With Footpads on Hickory Street.

Philip Goldstein of 719 Hickory street had an encounter with four footpads at 8 o'clock Friday night almost in front of his own door.

Just before reaching his house he was obliged to cross the mouth of a dark alley. As he approached he noticed two men lounging against the telegraph pole. When he reached the alley he saw two others standing in the shadow of the house. He thought they were drunk. At the middle of the alley he was suddenly seized by the arm and neck. The same instant the men jumped from the shadow, and, seizing him, hustled him from the sidewalk.

A revolver was pushed against his face and he was told an outcry meant death. Goldstein kept silent while the highwaymen took his new spring overcoat, gold watch and chain, $2.50 in silver and a wallet containing $6.50. When satisfied they had not overlooked anything of value the footpads released him with the admonition to keep quiet.

The robbers escaped up the alley.

THE BICYCLE RACE.

Schoch Ahead, but Not Maintaining His Great Lead.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The 10 o'clock score in the six days' bicycle race was as follows: Schoch, 1,560; Albert, 1,516; Golden, 1,483; Lawson, 1,465; Cassidy, 1,441; Rivierre, 1,036; Ford, 580; Muller, 130.

At noon the score stood: Schoch, 1,591; Albert, 1,536; Golden, 1,510; Lawson, 1,492; Cassidy 1,467; Rivierre, 1,061; Ford, 581; Muller, 130.

STEAMER R. T. COLE LOST.

Sank in the Cumberland and Three Negroes Were Drowned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 3.—The steamer R. T. Cole sank in the Cumberland river this morning at Hunter's Point. She had a full cargo. Three negro roustabouts were drowned.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Numerous Decisions Rendered and Motions Disposed Of.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 3.—The Supreme Court met to-day en banc and the following opinions were handed down:

BY JUDGE BARCLAY.

Glover, respondent, vs. St. Louis Mutual Bond Investment Company, appellant. This is an action to vacate the receiver, which was refused in the lower court. The lower court is affirmed.

BY JUDGE [illegible]PACE.

Northwestern Masonic Aid Association vs. Waddill; affirmed.

Motions disposed of:

State ex rel Mulholland vs. Smith; alternate mandamus granted returnable April 13, 1897.

Springfield vs. Weaver; costs of printing of brief $73.50 ordered taxed as costs.

Ordered that in all cases in which opinions have been rendered within ten days of the close of the term, all parties interested may have ten days from said decisions to file motions for rehearing.

Ordered that next call of docket of court en banc be set to begin May 4, next.

Ordered that court adjourn to Court in course.

In Division 1 the following proceedings were had.

Per Curiam—The following cases are transferred to court en banc: Van Cleve vs. Burpley; Hudson Bros. Commission Co. vs. Glencoe Sand and Gravel Co.; Shemplin vs. McCracken.

BY JUDGE MACFARLANE.

Glencoe Sand and Gravel Co., vs. Hudson Bros.' Commission Co.; affirmed.

Henning vs. Staid; affirmed.

May vs. Jarvis-Conklin Trust and Endowment Co.; transferred to Kansas City Court of Appeals.

BY JUDGE BRACE.

Bogart vs. Bogart; affirmed.

Ordered that court adjourn to court in course.

The following opinions were delivered in Division 2.

Kansas City vs. Zahner; transferred to Kansas City Court of Appeals.

Alexander vs. Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railway Co.; reversed.

Hall vs. Gallenmore; affirmed.

St. Louis vs. Russell; affirmed.

Book vs. Beasley; affirmed.

Saxton National Bank, respondent, vs. Bennett, appellant; affirmed.

BY JUDGE BURGESS.

Joplin vs. Walton; affirmed.

Hall vs. City of St. Louis; on rehearing; opinion modified and judgment affirmed.

Hackett vs. Watts; affirmed.

BY JUDGE SHERWOOD.

State vs. Marks; reversed, Judge Gantt dissenting.

Per curiam—State ex rel. Murray vs. Brown; transferred to court en banc.

Motions disposed of:

Porter vs. Merrill; rehearing denied.

Porter vs. Wood; rehearing denied.

Brown vs. Massie; rehearing denied.

Price vs. Hallett; rehearing denied.

Murray-Judge Architectural Iron Co. vs. St. Louis; motion to transfer to court en banc overruled and motion for rehearing overruled.

Kansas & San Francisco Railway Co. vs. Howell & Lewder; motion to transfer to court en banc denied.

Ordered that court adjourn to court in course—that is, to April 13, 1897.

Insurance Company Wins.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 3.—The Missouri Supreme Court en banc to-day in an opinion by Judge Brace held that mutual assessment insurance companies doing business in this State are not subject to a 2 per cent tax on premiums. The case was that of the Northwestern Aid Association of Illinois vs. Waddill, Superintendent of Insurance. The assessment company obtained an injunction in the St. Louis Circuit Court against the defendant to prevent the collection of the tax, which judgment is affirmed.

BLUFF LINE SOLD.

Bought in by Creditors and Will Be Reorganized.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 3.—The St. Louis, Chicago & St. Paul Railroad, known as the Bluff Line, was sold under decree of foreclosure of the Circuit Court at noon today. The property was bid in by Thomas Carmichael of London, who represented the London security holders of the road, and the price paid was $630,000, the amount of the indebtedness of the road to the London syndicate. This represents about seven-eighths of the entire indebtedness of the road. There were here Col. Wm. H. Male of New York, representing the Reorganization Committee, Edward F. Robert, New York, trustee for the bondholder, which is the Atlantic Trust Co. of New York; Charles E. Kimball and Joseph Dickson, receivers of the Bluff Line. The plan is to form a new company, when the purchaser will convey the title of the property to it. It will eventually be consolidated with the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis.

THEY SAW A GHOST.

It Caused a Panic Among Negroes in a Hospital.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 3.—Twenty negro patients at the City Hospital were terror-stricken last night, and one was so frightened that he climbed down a fire escape from the third story, escaped and has not since been seen. The appearance of the supposed ghost of a negro they had treated badly while alive, and who had threatened to haunt them, caused the commotion.

ALBERT FINK DEAD.

Former Commissioner of the Trunk Line Association.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Albert Fink, former commissioner of the Trunk Line Association, died to-day at a private sanitarium near this city. His death was due to complications arising from diabetes.

You cannot deny facts, and it is a fact that Salvation Oil is the greatest pain-cure. 25c.

To-Night's Democratic Meetings.

The following Democratic meetings will be held to-night in the interest of the regular Harrison ticket:

First and Second Wards at Masonic Temple, in conjunction with the good citizens' meeting.

Fourth Ward—Open meeting at Sixth and Cass avenue. Speakers: Thomas H. Mulvihill, John I. Martin, Charles Fox, John B. Dempsey, Dr. E. F. Brady, Wm. H. McClain, Sam T. Rathell.

Eighth Ward—At the School Hall, Newstead and San Francisco avenues. Speakers, Edwin Harrison, Nicholas M. Bell, Judge Thomas Morris, Charles F. Ziebold, W. D. Isenberg.

Eleventh Ward—At Young's Hall, Gravois road, at Eichelberger avenue. Speakers: Frank A. J. Hiller, C. E. Gibson, C. P. Connolly, W. H. Hughes and others.

Eleventh Ward—At Koebbe Hall, 2227 Meramec street. Speakers: Walter McEntire, Frank P. Tore, S. S. Bass, Henry V. Lucas, Wm. H. Hughes.

Thirteenth Ward—At Lohrum's Hall, 4601 South Broadway. Speakers: John H. Overall, W. K. Harvey, W. P. Laren, John M. Dickson, George H. Wadlow, R. B. Brewer.

Sixteenth Ward—At Teutonia Hall, Twenty-second and Montgomery streets. Speakers: Edwin Harrison, John A. Lee, W. H. McClain, John P. Hinckley, John J. O'Neill, M. J. Cullinane.

Twentieth Ward—Jefferson Club Hall, 2022 Olive street. Speakers: Edwin Harrison, Wm. H. McClain, B. Hawes, Joseph Brown, J. F. Hinckley, Dr. A. V. L. Brokaw, Robert Kern, John J. O'Neill.

Twenty-seventh Ward, at Turner Hall, Boyle and Chouteau avenues. Speakers—Frank M. Estes, John M. Glover, Charles T. Noland, Frank P. Yore, O'Neil Ryan, John Phelan, Wm. H. McClain.

Citizens' meeting in the interest of the Harrison ticket will be held at Uhrig's Cave Hall and Masonic Temple Hall, to-night. Dr. Boyd, Dr. John Snyder, Rev. Dr. Sale, A. L. Berry and other Civic Federation speakers will be present. R. Graham Frost will preside at Uhrig's Cave and Henry Kortjohn at the Masonic Hall meeting.

$5.00 to Memphis and return on Saturday, April 3, via Illinois Central Railroad.

Sharp as a Snake's Tooth.

Is the biting air of early spring. It pierces the warmest clothing, producing the chills and shivers of the dreaded Grip. The tried and true defender of feeble bodies is

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey,

which quickens the circulation and generally braces the system, so that the bleak wind of March and April is harmless as a June zephyr. Take this pure medicinal whisky at the first symptom of Grip, and all the other symptoms will pass you by.

Druggists and grocers keep it. Insist on having the genuine.

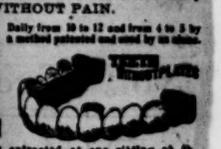
Last Week of Free Work!

Until April 4 We Will Extract

TEETH FREE,

WITHOUT PAIN.

Daily from 10 to 12 and from 4 to 5 by a method patented and used by us alone.



I had 20 teeth extracted at one sitting at the National Dental Parlors, 720 Olive st., without the least pain. S. D. GODBY, 4257 Vista av.

Don't fail to leave your order for a Set of teeth before the time expires.

Until April 4 we will make a Full Set of Teeth for..... $3.00

Gold Crowns, 22k..... $4.00
Bridgework, per tooth..... $4.00
Silver Fillings..... 25c up
Gold Fillings..... 75c up
Cleaning Teeth..... 50c

A guarantee given with all work for ten years.

National Dental Parlors, 720 OLIVE STREET

Largest office in the city; 1,500 square feet of office room.

Dr. Tarr and his skilled staff of operators are constantly in attendance.

Lady attendants. OPEN DAILY TILL 9 P. M. SUNDAYS, 9 to 4. Take elevator.

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Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments, Party and Ball Costumes, Silk, Velvet, Plush, Lace Curtains and Draperies a Specialty.

CARPETS RENOVATED, CLEANED AND LAID.

I CURE

Cancers, Tumors, Sores, Warts, Blood Poisons, Piles, Ulcers, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele. $25 A Book Free on Chronic, Special, Blood, Skin and Nervous Diseases.

I ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEE to cure every Cancer in its first or second stage. guarantee a permanent cure in case of every external Fibroma or Fatty Tumor or

INDORSED ALL THE DEMOCRATS

CIVIC FEDERATION RESPECTS FEW REPUBLICANS.

TROUBLE BREEDERS EJECTED.

Dr. Boyd Was Re-Elected President and the Federation Showed No Sign of Disruption.

Edwin Harrison and the full Democratic ticket has received the indorsement of the Central Council of the Civic Federation.

The Republican ticket was not so fortunate as only Isaac M. Mason, Isaac H. Stu[illegible]on, Charles Scudder, A. H. Frederick, E. McMath, E. F. W. Meier, Henry Gau[illegible] Jr., Charles H. Thuner and Charles Wig[illegible]s were indorsed.

In answer to a call issued by Dr. W. W. Boyd, President of the Civic Federation, the Central Council of that body met in its headquarters in the Union Trust Building Friday night to decide upon indorsements of candidates for city offices other than Mayor.

A secret committee of five, appointed by Dr. Boyd, had already indorsed Edwin Harrison for Mayor before the primaries of either party were held. Henry Ziegenhein was not only not indorsed, but the Central Council, led by Dr. Boyd, strongly opposed his candidacy.

Forty-five members representing twenty-three wards, were present at the Council meeting Friday night. Dr. Boyd presided and A. R. Verdier was Secretary.

After a motion had carried to go into executive session, J. T. Wilson, President, and F. D. Mundinger, member of the Nineteenth Ward Civic Club, and George Campbell, Secretary of the Sixteenth Ward Civic Club, were requested to withdraw from the meeting.

Wilson, Campbell and Mundinger did not stand upon the order of going, but went at once.

Mundinger was not a member of the Central Council and had no more right to a seat in its meeting than any other henchman of Boss Butler.

John T. Wilson was "fired" because, as President of the Nineteenth Ward Club, he had connived with two or three other members to disrupt the Civic Federation by sending out circulars, signed by himself, calling a wreckers' convention in the Odd Fellows' building for Friday night. He was placed in the light of a tool to carry out the destructive designs of Walter Vrooman, Dr. Thorpe & Co., who wanted Meriwether indorsed for Mayor.

The wreckers' convention was a fizzle. That was a foregone conclusion several days ago. Not a single Ward Civic Club answered the call to elect five delegates to that convention. Therefore no convention could be held. The destructionists let themselves down easy by sending out the word that the convention was postponed indefinitely.

Failing to originate a rebellion, Mr. Wilson crept into the Central Council meeting, only to be unceremoniously ejected.

George Campbell was turned out because he had not only aided the wreckers, but was suspected of being a spy for Ziegenhein. He is a city employe. He got into the Civic Federation some time ago and became secretary of the Sixteenth Ward Civic Club, and at the proper time packed a meeting of that club and secured an indorsement for Ziegenhein. At the same time the club roundly denounced Dr. Boyd and condemned the Central Council.

In accordance with the constitution the Central Council, after going into executive session, elected a new board of directors, composed of five officers and six other members. The new board elected is composed of: Dr. Boyd, president; Albert Arnstein and R. Graham Frost, vice presidents; A. L. Berry, treasurer; A. R. Verdier, secretary; Prof. C. M. Woodward, J. C. Cabanne, Conde Pallen and E. W. Pattison, F. N. Judson and C. H. Spooner.

This Board of Directors is also the Executive Committee of the Central Council. By authority of a standing resolution adopted some time ago the Executive Committee has the power to recommend indorsements of all candidates for public office who are to be voted for at large by the people.

The new Board of Directors, otherwise the Executive Committee, retired to make its report on candidates of both political parties. After a short consultation the committee returned with the following report, which was taken up seriatim and adopted by vote of the Central Council:

DEMOCRATS INDORSED.

(Mayor—Edwin Harrison, previously indorsed.)

Comptroller—Capt. Joseph Brown.

For Treasurer for the City of St. Louis—Chauncy F. Shultz.

For Register for the City of St. Louis—Louis Huber.

For Collector for the City of St. Louis—William H. McLain.

For Inspector of Weights and Measures for the City of St. Louis—Theodore J. Klinge.

For Marshal for the City of St. Louis—Michael J. Cullinane.

For President of the Board of Assessors for the City of St. Louis—John J. O'Brien.

For President of Board of Public Improvements for the City of St. Louis—John F. Hinckley.

For President of the Council—John A. Lee.

For the Council—Daniel O'Connell Tracy, Samuel Rathell, Manley G. Richmond, Henry Reinstedler, Henry V. Lucas, Marshall D. Lyle.

For the increased tax for the erection of a free Public Library building, YES.

REPUBLICANS INDORSED.

Comptroller—Isaac H. Sturgeon.
Auditor—Isaac M. Mason.
Treasurer—Charles Scudder.
President of the Board of Assessors—A. H. Frederick.
President of the Board of Public Improvements—Robert E. McMath.
President of the City Council—E. F. W. Meier.
Members of the City Council—Henry Gaus, Jr.; Charles H. Thuner and Charles Wiggins.

A friend of Henry Besch, Republican candidate for Register, moved to have his name inserted in the list of those indorsed, but the motion was lost.

On the Republican ticket the Civic Federation's Central Council failed to indorse Besch for Register; Wenneker for Collector; Lyons for Inspector of Weights and Measures; Reinstadtler for Marshal, and Carroll, Gast and Kratz for the Council.

It is significant that of the forty-five members of the Central Council present about thirty are Republicans.

The Central Council indorsed the following candidates for House of Delegates:

Wards.	Wards.
1.	1. Schuler.
2.	2. Judy.
3. Denny.	3. Wander.
4. Sweeney.	4. .....
5. Steiss.	5. Madera.
6. Schnitzins.	6. .....
7. Schnettler.	7. Hirth.
8. Hilke.	8. .....
9. Lifka.	9. Hartman.
10.	10. Hoffman.
11. Grammann.	11. Gutke.
12. Bueltman.	12. Helms.
13.	13. Decker.
14.	14. .....
15.	15. .....
16. Versen.	16. Wecke.
17.	17. .....
18. Fahle.	18. .....
19.	19. Willmore.
20.	20. Ritter.
21. Schmidt.	21. Murrell.
22.	22. Pauley.
23. Wolf.	23. .....
24. Corcoran.	24. .....
25. Mitchell.	25. .....
26. Robertson.	26. .....
27. Casey.	27. .....
28. Hardcastle.	28. Coudrey.

Eighteen Democrats and sixteen Republicans were indorsed for the House of Delegates. Ern, the Independent candidate for the House in the Fourth Ward, was also indorsed.

A Cook Book Free.

"Table and Kitchen" is the title of a new cook book published by the Price Baking Powder Company, Chicago. Just at this time it will be sent free if you write a postal mentioning the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. This book has been tried by ourselves and is one of the very best of its kind. Besides containing over 400 receipts of all kinds for pastry and home cookery, there are many hints for the table and kitchen, showing how to set a table, how to enter the dining-room, etc.; a hundred and one hints in every branch of the culinary art. Cookery of the very finest and richest as well as of the most economical and home like, is provided for. Remember "Table and Kitchen" will be sent, postage prepaid, to any lady sending her address (name, town and State) plainly given. A copy in German or Scandinavian will be sent if desired. Postal card is as good as letter. Address Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ill.

FIGHTING BARBERS.

John and Clarence Ritchie Give Battle to Three Detectives.

Detectives O'Connell, Ziegler and Brady had an exciting battle Saturday morning with Clarence Ritchie and his brother John, in which the officers only succeeded in escaping serious injury by superior strength. They used rare judgment in refraining from inflicting serious injury on their assailants.

Clarence Ritchie is the local lightweight pugilist who fought with McFarland at Uhrig's Cave last Sunday. He was wanted for this offense. The detectives were sent out to locate and bring him in.

He is a barber and was found in his shop on Jefferson avenue, near O'Fallon street. He went with the officers quietly enough, but asked them to go with him to his brother John, who keeps a shop on Twenty-third and O'Fallon streets. When they entered the shop O'Connell was holding Ritchie and the other two were in the rear. Ritchie suddenly broke away from O'Connell, and, grabbing a razor and shaving mug, defied him to arrest him. O'Connell sprang for his prisoner and fighting shy of the wicked razor attempted to knock the weapon from his grasp with his gun.

John Ritchie came to his brother's assistance with a revolver. He leveled the weapon at O'Connell and threatened to shoot him if he did not get out. O'Connell turned his attention to the man with the gun, and Ziegler and Brady coming in, covered the other man with their revolvers. O'Connell disarmed John Ritchie after a short struggle, in which the barber tried his utmost to shoot him. The two were finally landed in the holdover.

As a dressing and color restorer nothing is so satisfactory as Parker's Hair Balsam. Parker's Ginger Tonic strengthens the lungs.

HOME BREWERY ROBBER.

Joseph Stanley Pleaded Guilty and Got Five Years.

Joseph Stanley, one of the two Home Brewery robbers, whose trial occupied several days last week, and resulted in a mistrial, entered a plea of guilty Saturday at noon and took a five years' penitentiary sentence.

Stanley's attorneys, Bass & Martin, had conferred with Circuit Attorney Eggers, and it was partially agreed that the Circuit Attorney would agree to a short term. Mr. Eggers changed his mind, however, and declined to recommend clemency.

Judge Zachritz said that the case had been tried once, and owing to bad management a clear case was not made out, and he did not think it could be. The Judge said he felt inclined to accept the plea, and if the Circuit Attorney had any opposition or recommendations he would be pleased to hear from him. Mr. Eggers declined to either oppose or recommend. He thought he could make out a case, and was willing to go to trial again.

Stanley, with Joseph True, alias McLaughlin, and William Wolf, entered the Home Brewery office and, binding Cashier Hofferkamp and Bookkeeper Kredell, went through the cash drawer and took $1,800. They were arrested and confessed to the police. The court ruled the confessions out, holding that they were gained by the police holding out inducements.

It is now thought that Wolf and True will enter pleas of guilty.

Cheap excursion to Memphis via Illinois Central Railroad Saturday, April 3; $5.00 for the round trip.

ZIEGENHEIN REBUKED.

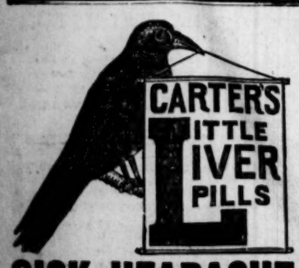
He Has Been Talking Too Much About Home Industries.

Information has come to the Democratic City Central Committee from a reliable source that Herr Julius Wurzberger and Robert McMath, candidate for re-election on the Filley ticket for President of the Board of Public Improvements, visited Uncle Henry Ziegenhein Friday and "called him down" because he said he favored the use of home material in public construction.

It is well-known that the Niedringhaus brick factory at Carbondale, Ill., has been having a monopoly of the city business and that other outside of the State concerns have been furnishing the material for public construction.

Ziegenhein has stated several times that he favored the use of home material, cut he will do so no more. His attention was called to the fact that there was no such a plank in the Republican platform and that those who were supplying much of the campaign funds objected to any such promises.

Burlington Route to Montana.

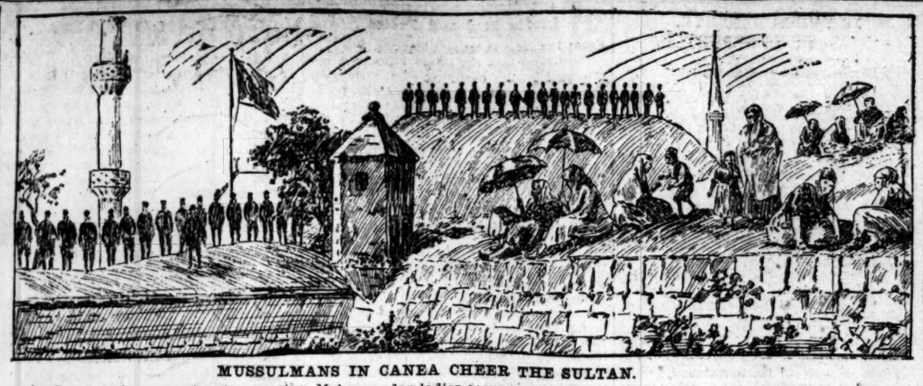


SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



MUSSULMANS IN CANEA CHEER THE SULTAN.

At Canea before sunset every evening, Mohammedan ladies occupy a separate bastion, while the garrison, as well as some twelve hundred troops from the camp inside the town, fall in, and after a number of bugle calls give three cheers for the Sultain and return to their quarters. The picture is taken from the Illustrated London News and is made from a sketch by a naval officer of one of the ships off Canea.

EPONINE IS A CIGARETTE FIEND.

DEPRIVED OF THEM, SHE TRIES TO END HER LIFE.

SECOND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

Hysterical for Want of a Smoke, She Tried to Throw Herself From a Third-Story Window.

She is 15 years old, a cigarette fiend, and has twice attempted suicide.

Eponine is a cigarette fiend. Deprived of cigarettes she becomes insane. The partial deprivation caused her to try to leap from a third-story window of the Bethesda Home in a second attempt to kill herself.

Eponine is 15-year-old Zelda Tourville, whose mother is a morphine fiend and her 13-year-old sister a drunkard. Her first attempt upon her life was less than three weeks ago in the basement at Thirteenth and Carr streets. She took morphine on account of a quarrel with her lover.

ZELDA TOURVILLE.

The Post-Dispatch told last Tuesday of the drunken plight in which Zelda's sister Annie was found in the gutter the night before, Tuesday morning Zelda went to look for her. While she was away her baby sister with golden hair and Seraph's face, played with the stump of a cigarette which Zelda had left on a chair.

"Yes, it's a cigarette. Zelda uses them all the time," was the mother's comment upon the baby's toy.

The depravity revealed by Zelda's desperation and Annie's adventure, as described in the Post-Dispatch, and the surroundings enveloping the baby, as yet too young to be tainted, caused the manager of the Bethesda Home to try to save the children.

Mrs. Dr. William A. McCandless, at the head of the institution, 1210 Grattan street, and the matron of the home, visited the family Thursday morning at 1314 Pine street, where they had moved from the basement room on North Thirteenth street.

The beauty of the baby, with her aureole of golden hair, surprised them. The contrast presented by Zelda and Annie shocked them. With some persuasion they induced Mrs. Allie Smith, the mother, to part with the children.

She had expressed her intention of sending Zelda and Annie to the House of Refuge, and willingly consented to their being placed where they would be raised from the mire. Zelda consented. Annie refused. She preferred to remain with her mother, within reach of the liquor she craved.

Mrs. Smith resisted long before she consented to give up the babe. At last she yielded, and 2-years-old Zenobia was taken to the Bethesda Foundlings' Home, 3533 Laclede avenue.

Zelda went to the home on Grattan street only on the promise that she would be given cigarettes. The matron kept her promise. But she limited Zelda's supply.

Instead of two and three boxes a day, she was given one cigarette at a time, and the number limited, in the effort to cure her of the habit. She stood it for a while, but as the craving grew and mastered her, she became violent. Her senses deserted her and Friday morning, having demanded that she be given a boxful to smoke, one after the other, she determined to die. She approached an open window, on the third floor, and was climbing across the sill, when one of the attendants entered the room. The attendant reached her barely in time to frustrate her attempt.

The girl struggled violently, and did not cease until other inmates of the home overpowered her. She was kept a prisoner until examined by a physician, who stated that she was on the verge of insanity from the use of cigarettes. He advised her removal to the City Hospital.

The girl was hysterical when she reached that institution. Supt. Sutter's treatment quieted her, however, and she was quite calm Saturday morning, although pleading for a cigarette.

An effort will be made to return her to the home after her discharge from the hospital. She rejects the opportunity for reformation, though, declaring that she will not stay where she cannot have all the cigarettes she wants.

"They gave me cigarettes at the home," said Zelda, Saturday. "But they didn't give me all I wanted. They won't give me any here. I don't like it here, but I won't go back to the home.

"How many do I smoke a day? All I can get. When I'm out I buy 'em or get people to give 'em to me. I can get three or four boxes a day usually."

"Where do you get the money?"

"From my aunt. Her name is Mrs. Kissner. She lives down here on Chestnut street.

"I've been smoking 'em about six months. I learned from a woman I used to stay with. She kept a restaurant down on O'Fallon street. I worked for her. She smoked 'em all the time. She used to tell me to take a puff and that's the way I got to liking 'em.

"No, I don't drink. Annie does. She drinks every time she gets a chance. I don't like it. I like cigarettes."

Cheap Excursion to Memphis.

$5.00 for the round trip via the Illinois Central Railroad Saturday, April 3.

CHEATED THE GALLOWS.

Murderer Joe Albright Dies in the City Jail.

Joe Albright, the Mississippi County murderer lodged for safe-keeping in the St. Louis Jail, died in his cell Saturday morning.

Albright and his brother Jim were brought here last January by Sheriff Ashby to prevent a lynching. They murdered Ike Large of Charleston and killed Prosecuting Attorney George Elliot of Mississippi County for attempting to arrest them. Both were big husky country lads when incarcerated, but the confinement and the foul atmosphere of the jail sapped their strength. Both quickly contracted malaria. Four days ago Joe caught a severe cold that rapidly developed into pneumonia. When Dr. Jordan visited him Friday he found him unconscious on the floor of his cell.

Jailer Wagner telegraphed Sheriff Ashby for permission to remove him to the City Hospital, but word came back to use his own discretion. Wagner could not afford to send a deputy to watch him and left him stay in jail. Albright died without recovering consciousness.

Best Line to Florida.

Through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car, St. Louis to Jacksonville, Fla., via the Illinois Central & Southern Railway—the famous "Holly Springs Route." Also convenient and comfortable service to Asheville, N. C., Hot Springs, N. C.; Aiken, S. C.; Brunswick, Ga. (Jekyl Island), and other Southern resorts. Address J. C. Beam, Jr., 111 Adams street, Chicago; W. H. Taylor, A. G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Fire Department Color Line.

Several months ago Mr. Ferris introduced a resolution in the Council, calling upon the Fire Department to wipe out the color line and give the black brother an equal chance. It was referred to the Fire Committee, and stuck there.

Mr. Ferris called for it Friday evening, and on his motion the committee was instructed to report it at Monday afternoon's meeting.

Mr. Heckel called up his resolution, also introduced several months ago, forbidding the use on city contracts of stone quarried or dressed by convict labor. It was made the special order for Monday.

ONE IN EVERY FOUR.

One Person in Every Four Suffers From Piles.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for a short time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium, or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium, or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever. Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package.

NAUGHTY GIRLS HAVE COME HOME.

ESCAPADE OF IDA MAY HICKS AND MABEL O'BRIEN.

RAN OFF WITH THE HUNT BOYS.

Mabel Confesses Her Downfall and Has Been Driven From Home by Her Aunt.

Ida May Hicks, who disappeared from 1215 Mississippi avenue, Wednesday night, with Mabel O'Brien, her cousin, accompanied her mother to the warrant office Saturday morning after a warrant for Charles and James Hunt, their next door neighbors.

The girls returned home Friday afternoon. They said they had been visiting a friend. Mrs. Hicks sent her son to the Soulard Street Police Station to request the arrest of the Hunt boys, and they were taken to the station. They stated that they met the girls on Park avenue Wednesday. The girls told them they were running away. They took them to a room on Washington avenue, between Twelfth and Fifteenth street and left them there. When young Hicks returned home with this story, Mabel was turned out of her aunt's house. She is an orphan, her mother having been killed in the tornado.

Saturday morning Mrs. Hicks took her daughter first to the Soulard Street Station. The girl stated to Capt. Young that the Hunts remained with her cousin and herself until 12 o'clock Wednesday night. Thursday night the four slept in the same room. Ida insisted that she had escaped unharmed, but Mrs. Hicks told Capt. Young that Mabel had confessed she was not so fortunate. Mrs. Hicks said Mabel was at the home of another aunt.

Special Officer Conway accompanied Mrs. Hicks to the Warrant Office.

She was told by Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson that as her daughter had escaped uninjured and the boys had not enticed her from home, nothing could be done with them on her account. It would be necessary for her niece to come to the Warrant Office if it was desired to prosecute them.

Officer Conway stated that according to Ida's story the boys first secured a room on the north side of Washington avenue, remaining until midnight. The next day they got a room across the street and remained all of Thursday night. The boys paid for the room. Conway stated that Ida gave the boys a turquoise ring, gold eye-glasses and her kid gloves Wednesday night for safe keeping. When the girls said they were going home Friday the boys refused to return the property. Conway got it from them Friday night. According to Conway, Mrs. Hicks told him she sent Mabel to the Salvation Army barracks.

An hour after Mrs. Hicks left the warrant office she was met by a Post-Dispatch reporter in front of the Four Courts. She was talking with an elderly gentleman. She refused to state where Mabel was or whether she knew her whereabouts. She refused to say why she sent Mabel away from her home.

SHE BECAME A RAVING MANIAC.

MRS. CROMWELL LEFT THE INSANE ASYLUM TOO SOON.

TRIED TO JUMP FROM A TRAIN.

She Had So Far Recovered That Her Husband Was Bringing Her Home Cured.

T. V. Cromwell went to Fulton, Mo., Friday to take his wife from the State Insane Asylum No. 3, where she had been confined for more than two years. The physicians said she was about cured and advised Cromwell to take her back to St. Louis and go to housekeeping. They thought the change would benefit her.

Cromwell was delighted and thankfully he started to obey their instructions. No sooner had the train started when Mrs. Cromwell's mental malady returned with renewed violence. She fought and struggled all the way and when they arrived in St. Louis on the Missouri Pacific train Saturday morning Mrs. Cromwell was a raving maniac and her husband was almost distracted with grief at her condition, and the strain under which he had labored in keeping her from throwing herself from the train.

A telegram had been sent to the Police Department and Policeman Dixon met the train and took charge of the crazed woman. She was removed at once to the City Hospital, where she was placed in an observation cell.

Cromwell has always made his home in St. Louis. Nine years ago he married Bertha Heimhorst, a daughter of Henry Heimhorst, an engineer on the Iron Mountain Railroad. Two children were born to them, and for a number of years they lived happily. Three years ago Mrs. Cromwell's mind began to fail. She was treated by local physicians. They said she was suffering from a mild form of dementia, and thought she would recover were she placed in an asylum for the insane.

Mr. Cromwell placed her in Asylum No. 3 at Fulton. She was not considered a violent patient, and derived great pleasure from her husband's frequent visits. She realized her condition and would talk freely about when she would return to her home. She continued to grow better and recently the physicians thought she could go home with safety.

Mrs. Cromwell did not want to accompany her husband home Friday. She said she was getting so much better that she was afraid to risk leaving the institution. She dreaded the return of the disease. She spoke rationally, however, and her husband and the physicians thought she was merely nervous and lacked confidence.

The journey home had no more than begun than Mrs. Cromwell began to talk irrationally. She upbraided her husband for taking her against her will from so pleasant a place. She had no desire to come back to St. Louis and said if he insisted she would kill herself and him too. He tried to calm her without avail.

Suddenly she broke from him and dashed toward the rear platform, intending to throw herself from the car. Her husband caught her at the door and with the aid of the trainmen put her back in the seat.

All night Cromwell sat beside her holding her and trying to assure her that he was only acting for her good. She struggled all night and Cromwell was not given one moment's respite. The trainmen and passengers volunteered to aid him, but he thought he could quiet his wife if any one could, and he refused to leave her side.

When the train drew into Union Station Cromwell gave his wife over to Patrolman Dixon. An ambulance was in waiting and she was driven direct to the City Hospital. She declared she was not sick and that her husband was just trying to make her trouble. After being locked up she quieted down a little, but continued to berate her husband.

Mrs. Cromwell is 33 years old, rather pretty, and was dressed neatly. At times she would appear perfectly rational, but in a moment would begin raving.

Cromwell followed his wife to the hospital, where he consulted with Dr. Sutter. Mr. Cromwell was so grieved over his wife's condition, and so worn out from the strain he had undergone that he could not control his feelings. He wept like a child.

He said he had telegraphed his father-in-law, who would arrive Saturday afternoon. They would confer and decide what was the best to do under the circumstances. Mr. Cromwell thought it best to send his wife to the City Insane Asylum, but he would take no permanent action until he consulted her father.

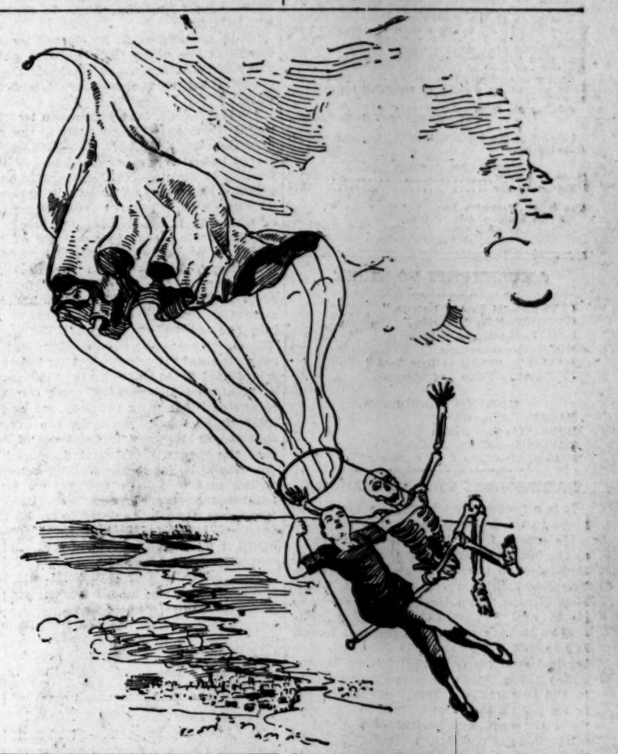
PARACHUTE LEAPERS

RECKLESS MEN AND WOMEN WHO FOOLISHLY RISK THEIR LIVES.

THE FIRST SUCCESSFUL LEAP.

Out in Illinois, there's a city called Peoria, that is mother to the first man who ever safely dropped from above the clouds by the aid of a parachute.

The man's name is Tom Baldwin, and he still lives in the city of Quincy in his native State. When Baldwin was a boy in Peoria he used to read about ballooning and the stories of the men who had invented parachutes that were failures and had lost their lives by jumping from



high buildings and balloons, believing that their parachutes would lower them gently and safely to mother earth.

Young Tom noticed that all these parachutes were made like umbrellas with stiff ribs and a stiff, straight handle. He also read that while these crude parachutes for a short distance performed their purpose and lowered their human freight, gently toward the earth, they tipped over before reaching it and dashed the unfortunate inventor to the ground.

Young Baldwin figured and figured, and finally made up his mind that the reason these crude parachutes tipped over was not because the air failed to support them, but because too solid a column of air was formed beneath them, causing them to come to a stand-still and dodge sidewise in the effort to obey the law of gravitation. With this theory in mind, young Baldwin invented a parachute made of canvas, like an ordinary sail, but umbrella-shaped, and with a hole at the apex, permitting the column of air to escape and the parachute to descend gently but steadily. With this new-fangled parachute Baldwin went to San Francisco, made an ascent in a balloon at Golden Gate and dropped from this parachute and landed safely in the Bay.

Since that day parachute leaping has become a recognized vocation. There is hardly a country fair at which there isn't a balloon ascension and a parachute leaper. A pupil of Baldwin's, named Forsman, has this to say about the dangers of parachuting:

"Rightly conducted and with proper precautions, there is much less risk in a parachute leap than the observer would suppose. The accidents that occur are almost without exception due to carelessness or absolute recklessness on the part of the aeronaut and his assistants. For instance, through utter neglect the parachute is permitted to get into an unsafe condition. Again, the jumper is sent up in close proximity to a large body of water, without wearing a life-preserver. The consequence is that a cross current of wind in the upper atmosphere carries him out over the water and when he drops he is drowned before assistance can reach him. The greatest danger, however, that confronts the parachute leaper, he daily meets in order to save a little trouble. It is this way: an inflated balloon of normal construction will, after the aeronaut has cut his parachute loose, travel miles out into the country before it finally turns over and falls to the ground. This would necessitate a long trip in a wagon out into the country to find the balloon and haul it back. That means time, trouble and money. To avoid this, the top of the balloon is weighted so that a moment or two after the parachute is cut loose and drops, the balloon turns over and comes falling down after it. A balloon weighs a good many pounds. If it misses the parachute, all right; if it hits the parachute, that's the end of the parachute leaper. This is the greatest danger in parachute leaping, and it is one that parachute leapers daily court with an icy nerve that is astounding."

It isn't alone in parachute leaping that men, in order to save a little time, money and trouble deliberately set traps for their own lives. A man doesn't have to embark in the foolhardy enterprise of dropping from above the clouds in order to hazard his life. Thousands and tens of thousands of men daily court death with all the nonchalance of the parachute leaper. They neglect the little ills of life until they grow into big, death-dealing diseases. When they recognize that a dangerous disease confronts them they do not protect themselves with a life-preserver in the shape of a safe and sure remedy. The parachute leaper overweights the balloon and it crushes him, due to lack of proper nutrition. Thousands have testified to its marvelous merits. It is for sale by all good dealers, and there is nothing else "just as good" and an honest dealer won't say there is.

"It is now eight years ago since I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Clara A. McIntyre, of Ashland, Middlesex County, Mass. "I took a very bad cough, also night sweats, and was almost in my grave, as we thought, with consumption, when a friend of mine who had died with consumption came to me in a dream and told me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and, thank the Lord, I did so. By the time I had taken half of the first bottle I felt much better. I kept on till I had taken two or three bottles, that was all I needed. I got well and strong again."

"About two years ago I was taken with eczema in its worse form," writes Austin Ramsey, Esq., of Saltillo, Huntingdon County, Pa. "I commenced doctoring for it as soon as I found out what it was. Tried three doctors but got no relief. I thought it would set me wild; it itched and burned so badly, I thought I could not live. The neighbors thought I would never be cured. I wrote to you and you advised me to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I commenced to take the 'Discovery' as you said. I took four bottles before I saw any change—then I began to get better. I have taken sixteen bottles in all. Took your 'Pellets' with the 'Discovery.' I am now about well. I had kidney trouble for four or five years and your 'Golden Medical Discovery' also cured that sound and well. I cannot say enough in praise of your 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

"I took a severe cold with sore throat," writes Mrs. S. A. Everhart, of Oard Spring, Scott County, Ind. "Soon I began to cough; my right side was so sore that when I coughed it seemed as though my side would burst. I summoned the physician and he said that I had pleurisy. I took his medicne for some time and got some better, but it seemed I could get so far and no farther. All the spring and summer I used mustard plasters and fly blisters on my side and lungs. Finally my right shoulder and between my shoulders began to ache so badly that I could hardly endure it and at times I would feel almost smothered. My breath would be so short that I could scarcely talk. It was a miserable feeling indeed. I read of ——'s Sarsaparilla being such a great medicine, so I concluded to try it. I got two bottles of it and when I had taken the medicine I was no better. I was becoming discouraged; several of my near relatives had died with consumption and I thought I was about to go the same way. I thought I would try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took two bottles of the 'Discovery' and two bottles of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' By the time I had taken half a bottle I began to improve, and when I had finished the two bottles of the 'Discovery' and two of the 'Pellets' I felt like a new person. That weak smothered feeling was all gone. I thought I ought to take more of the medicine but I felt so well I did not take any more. I would not take fifty dollars for the benefit I received from taking your medicine. I tried to get other invalids in this neighborhood to take your medicine. Some said they had no faith in it, but since they have seen what it has done for me they have taken it with good results."

You can secure Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser free by sending stamps to cover mailing. Paper-covered, 21 one-cent stamps; cloth-covered, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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HAVLIN'S—"Waifs of New York."
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HAGAN—Continuous.
HOPKINS'—Continuous.
HAVLIN'S—"A Baggage Check."
STANDARD—"20th Century Sports."

BARTHOLDT, THE MESSENGER.

It is a funny role which Herr Bartholdt plays in the Filley-Ziegenhein campaign.

He comes from Washington, he says, as the bearer of a message from President McKinley to the St. Louis Republicans. The President's advice to the St. Louis Republicans, says Herr Bartholdt, is to go in and win. But Herr Bartholdt speaks in very vague and general terms. If he could tell us that President McKinley had sent his personal regards to Mr. Filley there would be something specific in the declaration. But Herr Bartholdt is too politic to make such a declaration from the stump. He prefers to talk in glittering generalities, wherein he is entirely safe and President McKinley is given no opportunity to file a bill of exceptions.

But Herr Bartholdt ventures perilously near the danger line when he says that President McKinley is holding up Missouri appointments until after this election in order that Mr. Filley, who is just now very busy, may have more time to make out a slate. Herr Bartholdt is sly, devilish sly, but we very much fear he is growing overbold.

President McKinley's answer to Herr Bartholdt is the appointment of Kerens' candidate for Governor of Oklahoma, and his pressing upon Major Bittinger, who plays holy water to Filley's Satan, the office of Postmaster at St. Joseph.

Herr Bartholdt as a messenger is earnest and willing. His legs are good and his wind better. But he cannot outrun the telegraph.

TRUSTS WANT PATERNALISM.

In lamenting the probable effect of the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Trans-Missouri Freight Association case, the New York Financier says: "We can only hope that the Inter-State Commerce Commission will be empowered, at least, to extend its efforts to keeping railroads out of bankruptcy."

Why should the Government maintain an expensive commission to keep railroads out of bankruptcy, unless all other industries are accorded equal privileges? Why not create a commission to keep newspapers out of bankruptcy? Why not bolster up the retail grocers or shoe dealers with a Government commission? And what have the farmers done that they should be neglected in this matter?

Will the Financier say that the railroads, with their enormous over-capitalization and heavy freight and passenger charges, are more entitled to protection against bankruptcy than other industries? And will it deny that the menace of bankruptcy and the frequent wrecking of railroads is caused by conscienceless stock jobbers and "Napoleons of finance," who are ruining the railroad interests of the United States while they pocket millions to which they are not entitled by the rules of honest business?

If the Federal Government should protect anyone from bankruptcy, it is the innocent holders of railroad stock, thousands of whom are defrauded of their property every time a railroad is engineered into a receiver's hands for the benefit of a few bondholders who are "on the inside."

IT IS TIME TO ACT.

The bill in the Senate for the recognition of Cuban belligerency is made proper and timely now by the action of the Federal Courts.

Within the past six weeks three Americans have been convicted as filibusters, and sentenced to terms of imprisonment because of aid rendered the insurgent Cubans. This action has been taken in spite of the fact that the United States have never recognized the belligerency of the Cubans, and have never, at any time, taken official notice of the fact that there is a state of warfare on the island.

In other words, we have been doing and failing to do the things which would contribute most to aid and advance Spanish interests as against those of the struggling patriots. We failed more than a year ago to recognize Cuban belligerency in the face of a threat from Spain that she would consider such recognition a cause of war. Ever since then, at the demand of the Spaniards, we have had our ships doing patrol duty along our Southern coasts for the detection of alleged American filibusters violating neutrality laws. The utter inconsistency of our position has been as palpable as have been its cowardice and want of humanity.

One of the Federal Judges passing sentence upon a "filibuster" declared that, without such measures of repression, Spain, at the close of the war, will have as valid claims against us as we had against England in the Alabama case. The falsehood and absurdity of such a statement is manifest. Anyone who has ever read the proceedings of the Geneva arbitration knows that, but for her recognition of the belligerency of the Southern Confederacy, England would never have been called upon to pay us one cent of damages.

WHAT DOES HE MEAN?

Unless Mr. Edwin Harrison had acknowledged it to a Post-Dispatch reporter, it would be difficult for the Post-Dispatch to believe that he wrote the letter which appeared over his signature in one of the local newspapers Friday. The letter was written to explain why Mr. Harrison expects to be elected Mayor of St. Louis next Tuesday. It contains the following:

"I do not expect to be elected by any combinations other than natural accessions of Republican and National Democratic votes to the regular Democratic vote."

What does Mr. Harrison mean by "National Democratic" accessions to the regular Democratic vote? He has been declared to be the regular candidate of that portion of the national Democratic party which is located in St. Louis. Why should he expect "accessions" from the party of which he is the regular nominee?

Is it possible that in speaking of National Democratic votes Mr. Harrison is referring to the poor little pewee party which ran a Hanna side-show in Missouri in the Presidential campaign and mustered scarcely enough votes to get into the scattering column?

If so, why does he not mention it by its proper name? It tried to get its ticket on the official State ballot under the caption of "National Democratic," and the Secretary of State very properly refused to allow it such a caption, on the ground that it was designed to deceive and confuse the voters. Its ticket appeared on the official ballot as the Palmer-Buckner ticket, and if a little squad such as it mustered at the election is entitled to any name, that is the name to which it is entitled. Why should Mr. Harrison equip it with the livery which it unsuccessfully tried to steal?

That party mustered in St. Louis last November a total of 473 votes. Surely Mr. Harrison is not expecting to be elected Mayor by "accessions" from a party that is hardly numerous enough to furnish the chorus in an opera bouffe performance. And yet if he did not mean them, whom did he mean?

A DIVORCE SCANDAL.

The State Senate of North Dakota has defeated the bill, which had passed the House by an overwhelming majority, lengthening the term of legal residence in the State preliminary to an action for divorce.

Under the present divorce law of that State, which the Senate refused to amend, any person who has lived in the State ninety days may begin an action for divorce. And the Dakota courts have apparently become parties to a scheme to make divorce cheap and easy. These cases are railroaded through, nearly always by default, as collusion could be clearly proved in nearly all of them if any judge should care to institute and prosecute an inquiry.

The laws governing publication proceedings appear, also, to have been drawn with a view to facilitate the work, and altogether existing conditions justify the charge made by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the State that they "make North Dakota a dumping ground for the scum of humanity."

A remarkable utterance, growing out of the State Senate's refusal to act, is Bishop Shanley's open letter, in which he practically charges that Senators were bribed with funds raised by divorce lawyers.

Such a charge from such a source cannot be lightly regarded. The moral sentiment of the State is aroused, and cheap and easy divorce will not much longer be tolerated.

Failure by the people of St. Louis to vote for a new Public Library building on April 6 will put the enterprise back two years. In two years the present quarters, already too small, will be crowded to the point of congestion. Confusion of arrangement will follow, and, in fact, cannot be avoided. This means tardier service and daily annoyance to the public. The public is entitled to the quickest and best service, but the public must provide the means. A new library building is a necessity. Vote "Yes" on April 6.

Col. Bell said at Uhrig's Cave: "I assert from this platform, and in doing so I am good for any judgment for defamation of character Mr. Ziegenhein may secure against me, that he has defrauded the tax-payers of this city of from one and a half to two million of dollars. If he had honestly collected the money due the city the 20,000 men now in enforced idleness might have been given employment." If any voter doubts the truth of Col. Bell's assertion, an investigation of the facts will remove the doubt.

There is to be active free silver work in Illinois, where precinct circulating libraries for the financial education of the people are to be established. There should be a similar system in every State. If Mr. McKinley shall fail to accomplish international bimetallism—and it is not believed that he can do it or wishes that he could—the silver vote in 1900 will be overwhelming.

"Every country will pass through the successive stages in industrial development in which a high tariff should gradually shade off into free trade," says the local monopoly organ. It seems that the high tariff robbery is necessary to develop the United States to the level of a civilized, commercial people. We must make Chinese progress, as it were.

No other St. Louis newspaper enjoys the great circulation which has been fairly earned and kept by the Sunday Post-Dispatch. It leads all other Sunday publications because it is up-to-date and always fresh and bright.

Judge Holman says that ex-Senator Sawyer of Wisconsin, who invented the river and harbor bill, has cost the Government more money than any other living man. Individual bills were prepared before Sawyer's time, and were easily defeated. Most Republican statesmen are costly, but Sawyer appears to have been a leader of the squanderers.

Mayor Swift says that leading Chicago citizens—the representative citizens—would give more money to elect an assessor than they would contribute for the election of a President of the United States. There is no doubt about the business acumen of wealthy Chicagoese whenever it is a question of tax-dodging.

Boss Filley in his decadence has been able to do what he was never able to do in his prime, namely, reduce the Globe-Democrat to a servile organ, ready to defend and apologize for any candidate he and his hoodlums may choose to force upon the Republican ticket.

President McKinley has appointed Gen. Sheridan's 17-year old son, "Little Phil," to a West Point cadetship. It behooves the President to make himself as popular as possible before the high tariff hurricane begins to blow.

The Washington Post talks of "these tiresome outcries against 'trusts,' against the 'robber barons,' against 'corporations,' 'monopolies,' and 'aggregated capital.'" Is the Post also "agin" the Supreme Court?

It seems now to be very clear that the School Board bill ought to have been passed as it came from the Civic Federation. School bills should never be framed for the benefit of jail birds.

Mr. Ziegenhein says when a man of business comes to him the two can understand each other. In Mr. Ziegenhein's case they have understood each other at the expense of honest tax-payers.

In Mr. Ziegenhein's "careful, business-like conduct of his office," how happened it that the books that were expected to throw light on the $4,102 mystery were missing when they were wanted?

There were eight legal executions and one lynching in the United States yesterday. This is a considerable preponderance in favor of the law, but it does not hold good every day.

If the Cubans can be kept in arms and ammunition they are certain to win their independence. Their success depends on their supplies. The filibuster is the great figure in this fight.

Stories of torture by the Spaniards are coming from the Philippines. It may be that any modification of Spanish methods in Cuba is more than made up in the other colony.

German officers have been mobilizing the Turkish forces. It is to be hoped that no German officers will take part in the renewal of the Armenian massacres.

If the Niedringhaus brick on Sarah street is already wearing away, it must have been inferior. The right kind of vitrified brick makes a good street.

The citizen who sells his vote for a dog license or a buggy license is scarcely up to the Washingtonian and Jeffersonian idea of what a citizen should be.

Under the theory of Ziegenhein delinquent tax lists could not be published, because the dealings of a collector with a tax-payer are confidential.

Mr. Bland will not worry if he should be left off the Coinage, Weights and Measures Committee. He can do good work for a good cause anywhere.

The most effective work on the levees, it is said, is being done by convicts. The convict problem is, for the time being, solved.

If Mr. McKinley sent greetings to Uncle Filley through Dr. Bartholdt, the Cowgill Post-office appointment ought not to count.

With April snow blocking Western railroads, the spring has taken on something of the backwardness of the prosperity wave.

While the President of Mexico is congratulating that country on its prosperity, our own country waits for the wave.

The decrease of 11 per cent in the number of business failures is cheering. We are needing more of this sort of news.

If Great Britain has leased Delagoa Bay, as reported, Uncle Krueger has not been as wide awake as usual.

A 200 per cent tariff will leave to the United States a very small per cent of the world's commerce.

Ziegenhein's election would be a good thing for Ziegenhein's favorites and bad for everybody else.

President McKinley will also use a Government boat for recreation.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

From the New York Press.

The more a man sees of women the more he likes little girls.

Most women would have all their teeth pulled out if it were only the fashion.

The most successful ministers are those who always notice when a woman isn't at church.

No man ever thinks he is really unhappy until he is in love, and no man ever is really happy until he isn't.

A widow is the only one who appreciates that what a man eats is just as important to him as what a woman wears is to her.

A Lesson in Royal Etiquette.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

Teacher: Yes, when the Prince of Wales, who is the heir to the throne, enters the room, everybody rises except the Queen. Now, can any little girl tell me why it is that the Queen doesn't rise?

Mary Ann: Please, ma'am, it's 'cause he'd snatch her chair if she did!

A Scream Coming.

From the Washington Post.

There will be an awful scream about the stability of the currency when Mr. McKinley dumps John P. Irish out of his Federal job.

It Sounds Better.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

I'm glad to know the old complaints
Are giving us the slip,
For now spring fever, bless the saints,
Is catalogued as grip.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

MAJ.-GEN. WESLEY MERRITT.

The commander of the Department of the Missouri is now to be transferred to the Department of the East, with headquarters on Governor's Island, succeeding Gen. Ruger, retired on Friday.

MEN OF MARK.

The Emperor Francis Joseph has made the novelist, Maurus Jokai, a life member of the Hungarian House of Magnates.

In the Russian village of Vjalova there is a peasant named Satov, who claims to be 133 years old, and that his father lived 150 years.

Gov. Pingree of Michigan will soon visit Maine, and several towns will attempt to secure from him a talk on "Politics, Patriotism and Potatoes."

As a contribution to the revived controversy over the authorship of the song, "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," a correspondent of the Boston Transcript claims the honor for Mr. Kittredge, who is now living in Reeds Ferry, N. H.

Maj. George H. White, United States Army, who died the other day in St. Paul, had been for twelve years recorder of the Minnesota Commandery of the Loyal Legion. He originated and carried through the idea of having Lincoln's birthday made a legal holiday, Minnesota being the first State to enact such a law.

Dr. Grenier, the Mussulman Deputy for Pontarlier in the French Parliament, still keeps himself in the public eye. He recently married the young woman who tried so hard, in conjunction with his mother, to make him remain a Christian, and to induce him to give up falling on his knees and kissing the ground, with his face turned toward Mecca.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

The Princess of Wales prefers the tricycle to the bicycle, and fashionable women throughout England are following suit.

Mrs. Esther Hermann has given $10,000 to be invested for maintaining educational classes for young men under the auspices of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of New York City.

Someone asked a member of the President's household if Mrs. Nancy Allison McKinley, the President's mother, objected to being called "Mother McKinley." "No, she don't," was the reply. "That is just what she does like to be called. She is proud of the title."

Mrs. Isabella H. P. Bliss, who died the other day at Amherst, Mass., was the widow of the Rev. Dr. E. E. Bliss, and with him had served many years as a missionary in Turkey. The Rev. W. D. P. Bliss, the Episcopal clergyman of Boston who has become prominent as an exponent of Christian socialism, is her son.

The anthem for Queen Victoria, "Domine, salvam fac reginam nostram," has been sung daily by the nuns of the Benedictine Abbey of Princethorpe, England, throughout the whole of her reign. This has been done in gratitude for the cordial welcome and hospitality extended to the Benedictine community by the English Government when they fled to England from Montargis, during the French revolution.

CURRENT FUN.

Teacher: What animal attaches himself to man the most? Tommy Thickhead: The—er—er—bulldog, ma'am.—Puck.

She: Our minister does not jump at conclusions. He: I should say not. I never knew him to reach a conclusion in less than an hour.—Brooklyn Life.

"He must not see too much of me," mused the wise virgin. Accordingly she was very careful to have the stripe of her gowns run up and down, for besides wisdom she had embonpoint.—Detroit Journal.

Crane: Simpers seems all broken up. I wonder what's the trouble? Polk: His wife has engaged in double dealing. Crane: Double dealing? Polk: Yes; she presented him with twins this morning.—Philadelphia North American.

"Palmer!" "Yes, your Majesty." "Does the President show any signs of becoming our great and good friend? What did he say when you called on him?" "He didn't say much of anything; just nodded and murmured 'Hawaii!'"—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Mrs. Korrect: You said you were going to a club smoker last night? Mr. Korrect: Yes, my dear. Mrs. Korrect: Didn't you make a mistake? You had every appearance of having attended a drinker when you reached home this morning.—Philadelphia North American.

SATISFACTORILY EXPLAINED.

Languid Luke: Look ahere, Weary, I saw yer fishin' yesterday. It strikes me dat's a good deal like work.

Weary Willie: Not on yer life. I was catchin' catfish, and dey ain't no trouble at all. Dey allus hooks demselves.

Floods Past and Present.

From the New Orleans Picayune.

The notion that the floods have been aggravated by the confining of the river by the levees, and the theory that the floods are increased in severity by the cutting down of forests, are not supported by the facts of history.

Long before there were any considerable sections of leveed lands in the Mississippi Valley, and when there had been but little clearing off of the vast forests that once covered Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, West Pennsylvania and West Virginia, the region which is chiefly responsible for the great floods in the Mississippi River, there were seasons when the mighty waters covered the greater part of the Mississippi Valley.

Records of these floods are to be found in the important report on the Mississippi River, by Gens. Humphreys and Abbot of the United States engineers. The facts were collected from every attainable source, and present surprising information to those who suppose that there were no extraordinary overflows from the river in the period before levees and extensive wood cutting were known.

It is somewhat astonishing to read that in 1735, 162 years ago, the river rose fifteen feet above low water at New Orleans and inundated the city. The official reports show that in Louisiana, as late as 1753, the levees extended only twenty miles below and thirty miles above New Orleans, and there was not a levee in Arkansas and Mississippi. The settling process in the country along the river was gradual, except on the bluffs. As late as 1805, after Louisiana had come into the possession of the United States, the official reports show that there were no settlements on the lowlands of the territory of Louisiana above Pointe Coupee, except a small place called Concordia, opposite Natchez. There was no other until New Madrid was reached. That place is now in Missouri.

There were great floods in the years 1770, 1782, 1785, 1791, 1796, 1799, 1809, 1811, 1813, and many others of later date. Even when there were so few levees, and almost the entire country was open, so that the floods could flow over it without obstruction, the fact remains that the levees of that early period were periodically swept away, and the plantations were devastated. The fact remains also that from the earliest times, at irregular intervals, the Mississippi Valley has been subject to excessive visitations of water, and the same sort of thing goes on, and will go on, forever.

Graduated Transfer Taxes.

From the New York Journal.

The favorable report from committee of the Dudley bill at Albany is a matter of recurrent interest. This measure, embodying State Comptroller Robert's just and logical tax theorem, has already been made the object of comment by the Journal.

Briefly to recount the provisions of this law, it adds an accumulating rate of 1 per cent for each additional $250,000 or major fraction thereof on all personal estate exceeding $500,000 now subject to the 5 per cent rate. Where the estate exceeds $3,000,000 the taxation limit shall be 15 per cent. In cases where the present law lays a tax of 1 per cent, an accumulating rate of one-half of 1 per cent shall be assessed on each additional $250,000 or major fraction thereof above $2,500,000; except that in the case of an estate of $4,000,000 the aggregate rate shall be only 10 per cent.

This equity of making rich estates bear an accumulating tax of this nature is based on the soundest justice and philosophy. The same principle underlies the English law of personal taxation, though different in detail and more extended in application. It has worked admirably, and no jurist or thinker abroad questions either its legality or effectiveness of result. No saner legislation has been offered at Albany for many a long year. As a means of adding to the public income by taxing inheritances it has been estimated that its increment to the State would be very considerable and possibly lighten other taxes more difficult for the body of the community to bear. It is certainly a long step in a desirable direction, and recommends itself to that keen sense of justice which remembers that wealth can far better afford to part with what the State charges it withal than can the poor or moderately circumstanced. As an inheritance charge, too, such an increased rate should fall lightly on devisees who have not earned the wealth which is taxed. Right-thinking men will pray that the bill will become a law.

Expensive Ornaments.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The practice of sending permanent diplomatic agents to reside at foreign courts began somewhat curiously. Turning to almost any work on international law one reads that Louis XI. of France began it, his purpose being to have a sort of spy at the court of his powerful neighbors to report court gossip and to warn him of impending dangers. The character of such an agent's work in those days may be inferred from Louis XI.'s instructions: "If they lie to you, lie still more to them." The lying part has gone on steadily ever since in European countries, but we have never had much use for it. With us foreign missions have come to be largely a private snap for the benefit of influential party men and President-makers. They are very useful in "rounding out careers" and afford a great opportunity for "handsome entertaining" by men with plethoric purses. Our ministers and ambassadors do not lie even, so useless, speaking comparatively, have they become.

Election Uncertainties.

From the Owensboro (Ky.) Messenger.

The Louisville Chair Co., which recently failed in Louisville, told its employes the evening before the election that if Bryan was elected not to return to work. McKinley was elected, but the employes of the Louisville Chair Co. are out of a job anyhow.

BECAUSE THE MEN PROPOSE.

From Truth.

In days of old, when men were shy,
The prigs and powdered beaux
Their passion stifled with a sigh,
Too timid to propose.
But times have changed and knights galore
So bold have grown, 'tis clear
That any maid may have a score
Of suitors in a year.

Pray, what is one to do when men
Persist in being kind?
If Dorothy leaves Jack for Ben
Has she a fickle mind?
Not if the choice her heart approves,
And to herself she's true;
Old loves are much like worn-out gloves,
We girls prefer the new.

If God made me a winsome maid
It is no fault of mine;
The men propose, they're not afraid,
And why should I decline?
It is such fun to be engaged,
And capture all the beaux!
My rivals only are enraged
Because the men propose.

GLOVER JOINS THE FRAY.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I have joined the Merryhellers! It is not that I have anything in particular against the jolly Dutch "Czar," who so kindly gives away the people's taxes to cultivate pleasant personal relations with his friends and slips a check for forty-one hundred and two down his boot leg at each convenient opportunity; it is not that I love Edwin Harrison less, nor Col. Merryhell more, but simply because I want to succeed. The Colonel is supported by all the rascals and all the honest men. Hitherto the difficulty has been to get 'em together. "United we stand, divided we fall." Together we are invincible, and will sweep the town. I know a thing or two in politics, and when I saw this great combination I put on my asbestos night shirt, filled my pockets with dynamite bombs and skyrockets and went down and joined the Merryhellers.

When I got there a pale young man in a high collar, and the dyspepsia, and not much else, was mounted on a table apparently trying to wipe up the earth with eleven policemen, while all the Merryhellers were trying to see if they could not push him through the abdomen of a big, fat "copper."

"Great Scott! What is that?" said I. "That," said a man next to me, "is Col. Arnold Winkelreid Bond in his great act of being elected chairman of the convention." "How many votes did he get?" said I. "We don't know," says the man. "There wasn't any roll call and there wasn't any roll made up to call it from." "Did the mob in the aisles vote, too?" says I. "It did," says he. "Then how did he know he was elected?" says I. "Heavens!" says the man, "are you a tool of the money power?" "No, sir," says I, "the tax-dodging, franchise grabbing—" "Pass on, friend," says he.

Just then another pale young man, in a shirt collar of high degree, and an air of extreme self-possession ran up a miniature fire escape and began to harangue the crowd. The effect was electric. The women screamed, the dogs barked. "It is Col. Merryheller himself," they roared. A fury of hysterics seized the crowd, and my asbestos night shirt began to burn. Says he, "The desperate minions of the law (yells) controlled by the money power (more yells), have seized the constitutional Chairman of the convention." (Horrible uproar—men frothing at the mouth—women fainting in the arms of the best looking men all over the hall—smoke coming up my back from my asbestos night shirt diverts my notice.) When I got it out, I says, "What was that?" "That," says the crowd, "was Col. Merryhell in his great act of persuading the people not to rend the 8,000 policemen." "And did they rend?" says I. "Nope," says they. "Col. Merryhell wouldn't let them." Says I, "Where is Col. Marco Bozarris Vrooman?" "It is not his act," said the crowd. Just then Col. Vrooman leaped on the table. "We want $1,000 and we want it quick," says he. A man started forward, like mad, flung Col. Vrooman a $1 bill. "The wages of honest toil," says he, "given to down the dodge grabbing and tax franching," shouted the man. Then he ran back of Col. Merryhell's chair. Col. Vrooman passed the dollar to Col. Merryhell. Col. Merryhell passed it to the man. He rushed forward again. "One dollar," he says, "from a bedridden seamstress, who can't come, to help the cause of the people," he said. Ten times that dollar passed around, like Col. Davy Crockett's coon skins, and then Col. Vrooman jumped up and says he, "Six hundred dollars for the cause of the people." "What is that?" says I. "That," says the crowd, "is Col. Marco Bozarris Vrooman in his great spontaneous combustion act." "Well, says I, "if I can only see Col. Edward Butler in his Great Reform act, I will be ready to say, "Nunc dimittis! Lord, now let thy servant depart in peace."

Just then the cry of "Butler and Reform" shook the building. The band began to play "Hail to the Chief." The skyrockets began to go off, a chorus of beautiful maidens sang a song, punctuated with the noise of exploding bombs and blasts of music from the band, while the man whom Col. Merryhell calls "The Raggedest Democrat of Them All" (the Colonel's Democracy is rather ragged) came down an aisle created by the interlacing fire of the skyrockets, as the maidens sang:

"See the conquering hero comes!
Sound the trumpets! beat the drums!
Flushed with a purple grace,
He shows his honest face,
Now give the hautboys breath! he comes!
he comes!"

While we all bowed down to the ground and the Colonel took his stand upon the platform with a smile that was childlike and bland, he waved his hand and says he: "This boodling must stop!" (Cheers.) Says the Colonel: "This thing of giving away franchises to John Scullin," says he, "is awful." (Furious applause from the members of the Civic Federation.) Says he: "The tax-dodging, franchise-grabbing corporations have met their Waterloo," he says, "in the persons of me and Col. Merryhell. Proceed," he said, "Saviors of the People, to redeem the city from boodling," says he. "The Butlers are with you!" The hall went into a tumult of ecstatic happiness. But then an awful thing happened. I don't like to say it, and maybe nobody but I saw it, it seemed to me—horrible thought!—it seemed to me that the Colonel winked the other eye.

A man came up to me and he says, "I understand you are a tool of the money power." "I ain't," says I. "Prove it," says he warmly. "Well," says I, "a man assailed Col. Merryhell this morning and said he was a 'Catiline,' and I defended him," said I. "You did," says he, squeezing my hand. "Tell me about it." "Why," says I, "you know that ain't true," says I to this man. "Why, Catiline had brains," says I. "That convinced him," says I, "that he had aspersed Col. Merryhell wrongfully." My friend was entirely satisfied, and so I escaped a second time.

But just then another awful thing happened. I had thought of throwing one of my bombs at Col. Butler, but it's well I saved it, as you will see. A man who was hired by the tax-grabbing, franchise-dodging corporations, and who was likewise a tool of the money power and likewise a paid emissary of the outrageous police, got up just when Col. Merryhell was saying that he would be elected by fourteen million majority, and says, "Do you know Eggers?" My God! I don't know why it was we didn't kill him on the spot, but, for a minute, we all seemed paralyzed and before any of us could collect our thoughts or our weapons, this incredible villain had got out his incendiary speech. Says he, "Eggers was a little Four Courts lawyer that had no friends, no prestige, no anything; even Col. Peabody ruled him out of the Police Court; and you was put on the Democratic ticket for Prosecuting Attorney to catch the labor vote, and Eggers wiped up the floor with you, didn't Eggers wipe up the floor with you, didn't he, and you never got a grease spot of you. Where was your labor vote then?" says he.

I was lighting the fuse of one of my bombs that I hadn't got quite ready. A poor little maiden lady that wore spectacles and looked as though she had given up the idea of happy matrimony years ago piped up in a shrill voice, she, "So was William J. Bryan will you believe it, this desperate came back at her, and says he the thunders of heaven sleeping got your nerve with you to com Merryhell to William J. Bryan J. Bryan increased the Democrat half a million over flood tide in '92. And he says, "When you fellow dastardly lyin' canard which yo against Edwin Harrison desecr picture of William J. Bryan by pu Chinese pigtails in his arms, I says, "that you ain't ashame the name of William J.

The fuse of my bomb w would have launched it then! Col. staggered to his feet and pulle together and says he, "I went general wreck"—"You didn't," man" (Oh, why do I live to repea things?); "that was a discriminatin Henry L. Edmunds was run ahead ticket until he cut down the eight thousand votes between the tickets or seven hundred. "Now," says he, to know how you can have the impu (Honest to God! that's what he said! er your experience with Eggers," s "to come around raisin' this disturb the Democratic party? Julius Caes says, "drunk with victory," he says a timid and blushing maid," he say side you, and yet," he says, "Eggers up the floor with you!"

I couldn't stand it any longer. I launched that bomb, and I missed him, but fortunately I hit Col. Merryhell on the cheek, and so no harm was done. I fired again, and this time I took the audacious miscreant square. And I wiped up the floor with him as bad as Col. Eggers did with Col. Merryhell. And that broke up the meeting. But I am still for Col. Merryhell.

JOHN M. GLOVER.

St. Louis, Mo., April 2.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(The Post-Dispatch does not hold itself responsible for any opinions or statements of facts in these letters. It is a free parliament.)

Vote for a Clean Man.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Passing along the street a few days since I met a leading Republican who is a noble and honorable gentleman. I knew him to be a man of intelligence and a man of spirit and prominence, and hence I was anxious to know his views in reference to the Mayoralty question, which is now to be decided by us in a few days. In answer to my question as to what he would do, he said he hardly knew, "but I suppose I will have to hold my nose and vote for Ziegenhein."

He spoke of Mr. Harrison as a clean and an honorable man, but at this time it had not been decided who the regular Democratic nominee would be. Now I am rejoiced that all such noble men, as the one to whom I have referred, will have the opportunity to cast a ballot for an upright cultured gentleman, who will be an honor to our city and our State if he is our next Mayor. Will they do it? I sincerely and earnestly hope they will, and in begging them to choose this course, I only ask them to do as I will myself at any time when our conditions are reversed.

"76.

A Man to Elect.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The name of Judge Chauncey F. Shultz on the Harrison ticket, published in your paper last evening, made me believe somewhat in all this talk of civic reform. If a man of his experience is willing to accept such a position it seems to me the city of St. Louis should see that he is successful without regard to party. The other men on the same ticket may have filled as high positions as creditably, and lived as honorable private lives, but I only know what he has been, through an unbroken intimate acquaintance of thirty years. If St. Louis can get such men as I know him to be into her city politics we may indeed hope for better things.

Mexico, Mo., March 31. ONLOOKER.

A Precinct Judge's View.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I read so much about precinct committeemen in your issue of to-night under the heading, "Will Fight for Control," that I feel inclined to state my views in regard to same.

I am a lifelong Democrat, and reside in Precinct 2 of the Sixteenth Ward. As precinct judge of election I naturally take some interest in what is going on in politics. When the so-called precinct mass meetings were called our precinct meeting was advertised to take place at 1508 North Market street. At this meeting Mr. Robert E. Fechter was the unanimous choice for precinct committeeman. I gave my signature, and thought Mr. Fechter elected. To my astonishment, I heard later that another meeting had been held the same evening on Monroe street, called and managed by a certain ward-heeler from a different precinct. Mr. Gieseke was nominated at this mass meeting. I don't know exactly how many, if any, took part in this meeting, but, if it was more than three, I will eat my hat. Mr. Gieseke, and not Mr. Fechter, was recognized by the Democratic City Committee, in spite of the facts.

Now the Meriwether delegates objected to this same bossism at Masonic Hall and didn't look upon Mr. Lutz as their qualified chairman, and rightly so. The sooner we do away with dictators, the better it is for the party.

I admire the actions of Mr. Meriwether, and as between the three, I am every time for Lee Meriwether. Fraternally yours,

FRANK C. LANGE.

1830 North Eighteenth street.
Subscriber to Post-Dispatch.

The Republic Broke Faith.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

On February 23, 1897, the correspondent of the Republic published copy of a bill introduced in the House at the Thirty-ninth General Assembly by myself, House bill 686, and the Republic made some sarcastic comments upon the measure, which were untrue in its statement of the cost of passing bills in the Thirty-ninth General Assembly. The bill I refer to was for pay of a claim of $15 and was a meritorious measure, and many claims of similar amounts have been introduced in former Legislatures as well as the Thirty-ninth General Assembly and been paid and no personal comments made.

I mentioned the publication of the same to the correspondent of the Republic while at Jefferson City. He said to me he would make any fair and reasonable statement in my behalf by way of explanation on the subject for my benefit which I demanded, but he failed to do so under promise.

The Republic did me an injustice in its personal remarks in the sarcastic manner, and its comments were not true in any way outside of the copy of the bill.

I would have replied sooner, but the Republic correspondent promised to explain time and again and failed to do so, hence I reply and denounce the publication referred to as personal and damaging. Very respectfully,

A. J. M'COLLUM.

Doniphan, Mo., April 1.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A READER.—The name is pronounced Paddyroosky.

F. J. ROBINSON.—Chief Harrigan or Chief Desmond can give you the information you want.

C. G.—"Henry" is the proper form.

HEM WING.—All appointments are made after the civil service examination is passed.

J. J. VOELKNICK.—Christine Nilson sang here in "Les Huguenots" with Capoul, not with Campanini.

B. A. S.—Dr. Otto Sutter, Superintendent of the City Hospital, will give you the desired information.

CONSTANT READER.—Members of the School Board get no salary and, presumably, receive no compensation.

OUIDA.—If you should burn $10 of your own money you could not be punished by law. The fool-killer is your only menace.

COLUMBIAN.—Strictly speaking, A could not build again, though it is allowed in some games. The question is optional with the players.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—If you will come to the Post-Dispatch office and make your request in the business office you will be allowed to look at the files for January, 1897.

Best Spring Remedy.

Paine's Celery Compound.

There is one true specific for diseases arising from impure blood and a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth College, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

HOUSE AND HOME.

A Notable Exposition to Be Inaugurated at New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Under the auspices of some forty clergymen of all denominations, and with interesting ceremonies, the Greater New York Exposition of the House and Home will be opened in the Grand-Central Palace this evening. Invitations to be present had been extended to President McKinley and Vice-President Hobart by a committee of divines, but press of public business compelled both to send regrets.

The purpose of the exposition is to demonstrate the progress and improvements made in the construction and interior decorations of the house and home of recent years. There are three classes, one ranging from architects' plans to drawing materials, a second comprising all kinds of builders' materials, and a third interior decorations and furnishings, including carpets, rugs, furniture, paintings, statues and household supplies. In addition there is a complete working electrical kitchen, with meals prepared by electricity and public demonstrations and lessons in electric cooking.

Among the cities represented in the exposition are Chicago, Columbus, O.; Buffalo, Detroit, Wheeling, W. Va.; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Indianapolis. The interest of the clergy in the exposition is largely due to the fact that the proceeds are to go towards the founding of an unsectarian home for unfortunate women.

HEAVY DAMAGES ASKED.

Suit for $2,200,000 Against the Boston and Montana Company.

HELENA, Mont., April 3.—The decision of Judge Knowles in the United States Court at Helena in the injunction suits of the Boston and Montana Co. against E. Rollins Morse, Chairman of the Reorganization Committee of the Butte & Boston Co., against the Montana Ore Purchasing Co., in which it was sought to stop the latter from working the Michael Devitt and Pennsylvania lodes, will be followed by the heaviest damage suit that has ever been tried in the country. Manager McGinnis of the Montana Ore Purchasing Co. stated last evening that as soon as the necessary papers could be prepared suit would be instituted against the Boston and Montana Co. for $2,000,000, which it is claimed is the net value of the ore extracted by the latter company through the Mountain View shaft from the west 300 feet of the Rarus lead. This is said to have been the principal ore supply of the Mountain View and it is said that nearly all of the ore has been taken out. The Montana Ore Purchasing Co. claims that the value of the ore thus unlawfully extracted was a little more than $3,000,000 and that the net value was $2,200,000.

Gov. Atkinson's Son Elopes.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 3.—J. P. Atkinson and Miss Ada Boyd, the former 17 years old, the latter 12, ran away yesterday and were married. The young man in the case is the son of Gov. Atkinson. The eloping couple were arrested by the Governor's order, and an attempt will be made to have the marriage annulled.

Rhodes Starts for Africa.

LONDON, April 3.—Mr. Cecil Rhodes has started on his return to South Africa.

Sore Throat
Lameness
Sore Eyes
Soreness
Catarrh
Bruises
Burns
Cuts
Piles
Female
Complaints
Rheumatism

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Inflammation

Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

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It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

DARK BLUE WINS THE RACE AGAIN.

OXFORD CREW DEFEATS CAMBRIDGE BY TWO LENGTHS.

DONE IN LESS THAN 20 MINUTES

An American Rowed Bow for the Victors and the Vanquished Had a Yankee, Too.

PUTNEY, England, April 3.—Oxford has just won the annual boat race from Cambridge by two lengths. The time over the four and one-quarter mile course on the Thames was 19m. 12s.

It was the fifty-fourth contest between crews representing Oxford and Cambridge universities, and more than usual interest was taken in it, not only in sporting circles and in the American colony in England, but by Americans on the Continent and in the United States, for the reason that for the first time since the race became an annual event in 1829 an American has rowed in each boat. J. J. De Knopp of New College, Oxford, is from Albany, N. Y., and B. H. Howell of Trinity College, Cambridge, is from New York City. De Knopp rowed bow for his university and Howell pulled No. 4 for his crew.

The make-up of each crew was as follows:

OXFORD.

J. J. De Knopp, bow	159 pounds
C. O. Edwards, No. 3	170 pounds
C. K. Phillips, No. 3	168 pounds
C. D. Burnell, No. 4	193 pounds
F. F. Balfour, No. 5	188 pounds
R. Carr, No. 6	179 pounds
W. Crum, No. 7	170½ pounds
R. Gold, stroke	165½ pounds
H. R. Pechell, coxswain	133½ pounds

CAMBRIDGE.

D. F. Campbell-Muir, bow	169½ pounds
A. S. Bell, No. 2	171 pounds
F. J. D. Taylor, No. 3	182 pounds
B. H. Howell, No. 4	179 pounds
W. A. Bieber, No. 5	183 pounds
D. Pennington, No. 6	177½ pounds
W. Dudley Ward, No. 7	176 pounds
W. J. Ferne, stroke	167 pounds
F. C. Hawkins, coxswain	144½ pounds

The Cambridge men were the first to embark, having won the toss, and chose the Middlesex side of the river. The start was made at 2:22 o'clock, and at once the head Cambridge lead slightly. At the Cravensteps, five furlongs from the start, Oxford led by half a length. At the Crabtree, one mile one furlong and one hundred yards from the start, Oxford was leading by three-quarters of a length.

The wind freshened and was piercing cold. It was at the back of the crews, the whole day making the race very fast and giving promise that record time would be beaten.

At the soap works, one mile, three furlongs and twenty yards from the start, Oxford had a lead of half a length. At the mile mills, one mile, six furlongs and fifty yards, Oxford had slightly increased the lead, and at the Doves, 1 mile, 7 furlongs and sixty yards, the boats were in the same position. Oxford was rowing a stroke of thirty-three to the minute and Cambridge was pulling thirty-two.

At the Devonshire Meadow, Oxford was leading by a length. When Barnes bridge was reached Oxford was only a length ahead. Both crews then bent for the spurt over the remaining one-half mile of the race. Both crews had a stroke here of about thirty-five and the dark blue of Oxford was seen to increase its lead. The Oxford stroke then went up to forty and they crossed at the Ship Inn at Mortlake well in advance of the light blue of Cambridge.

Thirty thousand people saw the race, in spite of the weather. The usual banquet will follow this evening, the vanquished crew being the guests of the victors.

Oxford has now won thirty-one of the fifty-four races rowed and has been the winner for eight years in succession.

DIELS AND CYCLERS TO MEET.

Top-Notchers in an Exhibition Game at the Pastime Grounds.

The champion Cycling Clubs and their strong rivals, the Diels, who finished a close second in the League race, will meet in an exhibition game at the Pastime grounds, De Hodiamont, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Manager Wilson has secured Baggot and Mayberry, the stars of the Jokerst-College team, and young Sam McLaughlin, who is considered by many a second "Big Robbie," as coaKeeper.

Billy Kane will make his first appearance with the Maltese Cross eleven. Capt. Paul McSweeney says his men are in good condition, and will give the cyclists a hard game. Mr. Charles Murphy will act as referee. The elevens will line up as follows:

Diels.	Positions.	Cycling Club.
McSweeney	Right Wing	Jarrett
Erman	Cen	Govier
Comfort	ter	Orrack
Baggot	Left Wing	Reed
Hogan		Kane
Seener	Right half	Milne
Mayberry	Center half back	Myddelton
Nolan	Left half back	Daly
Quinn	Right full back	McDonough
Shaughnessy	Left full back	Patrick
McLaughlin	Goal	McCormack

Referee—Durphy.
Linesmen—Wilson and Tivy.

WELL, THIS SETTLES IT, THEN.

John J. Ingalls, Ex-Senator, and Now Sporting Authority, Nails a Lie.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATCHISON, Kan., April 3.—"All this talk of Mrs. Fitzsimmons' boisterous and Amazonian actions at the ringside is false," said John J. Ingalls yesterday. "Just before the fight Martin Julian placed Mrs. Fitzsimmons in the box directly in front of mine, and laughingly put her in my care. She is a very handsome, fine looking woman, and not the least bit loud or sporty in appearance. Her conduct during the fight was as quiet and dignified as could be expected from a woman whose husband was engaged in a struggle for the possession of a quarter of a million dollars. Of course, she was interested, and excited, too, and once during the progress of the fight she arose to her feet, leaning toward the ring.

"I then said to her: 'Mrs. Fitzsimmons, it will be better for us behind you if you remain seated.'

"At this she apologized, and sat down. She spoke but once, and that was to advise a second to put some liniment on her husband's face during an intermission."

THREE STRAIGHT FOR WELLS.

Beats Foster Easily in the Match Race at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—Three straight victories for Charles S. Wells was the result of the match race with Walter Foster at the in-door bicycle tournament. The race was for a purse of $400 and the distances were one, two and five miles. All three races were won by less than three feet in 2m. 10 2-5s; 4m. 45 4-5s, and 11m. 16s, for the five miles. All the races were paced.

Floyd A. McFarland won the mile open for professionals easily. McFarland, Eaton, Allen and Jones qualified for the final. Allen tried to make a runaway win of it, but was nipped on the last turn and finished fourth after one of the gamest rides seen during the meet. McFarland outclassed his opponents and ran away from them in the short home stretch. Jones finished second and Eaton third. Time, 2m. 18s.

OUT TO BREAK A RECORD.

Gentlemen Riders Leave New York for Philadelphia on Horse.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Harrison K. Caner and Tristam Colket, two Philadelphia club men, who will attempt to break the horseback riding record between New York and Philadelphia left the Hotel Waldorf promptly at 7:30 o'clock this morning upon their effort.

Leaving the hotel the horsemen cantered through Thirty-third street to Eighth avenue, thence to Twenty-third street and westward on that thoroughfare to the ferry, where they took a boat for the Jersey shore. The horseback record between New York and Philadelphia is 12 hours and 17 minutes. Mr. Caner and his companion expect to lower this record one or two hours.

BROWNS VS. THE BREWERS.

Exhibition Game To-Day, Provided the Weather Doesn't Interfere.

If the weather permits the Browns and the Milwaukees of the Western League will play this afternoon at Sportsman's Park. Dowd will try Evans, his latest minor league acquisition during the first part of the game and then substitute Esper, the former Baltimorean. Hill, the comical twirling wonder, found somewhere by Muckenfuss, will also be given a chance to show what he can do in swift company.

Game will be called at 3 o'clock. The make-up of the opposing nines will be as follows:

St. Louis.	Position.	Milwaukee.
McFarland	Catcher	Speer
Esper, Evans, Hill	Pitcher	Rettger and Taylor
Connor	First base	Mack
Dowd	Second base	Barnes
Hartman	Shortstop	Lewee
Cross	Third base	Hughes
Douglas	Left field	Waldron
Hill	Center field	Nichol
Turner	Right field	Lippert

Connie Mack, the ex-pirate who is piloting the Brewers this year, says he will make it interesting for Dowd's team. Myers and Arthur Clarkson, former members of Von der Ahe's nine, are with the Milwaukees and will be seen in the game to-morrow and Monday. If the weather necessitates a postponement of to-day's game, the teams will be made up for to-morrow's game the same.

Secretary Muckenfuss said to-day that he placed no importance in the story that White, the pitcher, had mysteriously disappeared. White failed to show up for practice both Thursday and Friday, and Manager Dowd cannot get a line on him anywhere. At the ball player's boarding-house it was said he had left with his trunk Wednesday night. Manager Dowd thinks White may have gone to Hot Springs to do a little training on his own hook.

Roger Connor, who arrived last evening, seems to be in excellent trim, and he threatens to soak the ball this season as he never soaked it before. There is much to remind one of the venerable Anson in Roger Connor, and it may be that the big first baseman will play his greatest game this season.

DIDN'T AGREE ON TERMS.

Cyclists and St. Teresas Must Meet Again for Arrangements.

The Cyclers and St. Teresas have struck a snag in their arrangements for championship football games. A meeting was held last night at the Cycling Club's headquarters and the proposition of the Saints' was considered. After much discussion the cyclists decided they could not accept the terms of $100 as a side bet and an equal division of the gate money. Capt. Jarrett says his men are anxious to meet the Sodality eleven, but he thinks the winner should take a greater percentage of the receipts.

It was decided to agree to meet the St. Teresas in a series of three games, the winners to take 75 per cent of the entire receipts, and the losers 25. This seems but just and fair, and the Saints will probably accept it. Representatives of the two teams will meet at the Cycling Club to-night and all arrangements for the playing of the match will probably be made.

County Tour Goes Over.

The St. Louis County tour of the L. A. W., which was to have taken place to-morrow, has been postponed until the following Sunday, owing to the wretched condition of the roads. Mr. E. N. Sanders and Secretary-Treasurer Nisbett of the Missouri Division, L. A. W., rode to Clayton over all spaces of roads yesterday and they found that it would be next to impossible to have the tour come off on schedule. All arrangements will stand for next Sunday.

Sporting Notes.

The Charter Oak Trotting track at Hartford is soon to be reopened.

Erne and Flaherty have been matched to fight twenty rounds in New York.

The Wisconsin anti-pool selling bill has been passed by the Legislature of that State.

Puget, Bunn and J. Healey, the jockeys recently suspended at New Orleans, have been reinstated.

Niagara County, N. Y., has adopted a bicycle tax. Wheels are assessed fifty cents a year, and the machines of delinquents are liable to seizure.

John Weisman writes to the Post-Dispatch that he has opened a gymnasium and handball court at 3025 North Eleventh street, where all athletes of the North Side may feel at home.

What's the matter with "Gray Tom" Gallagher? The Chicago billiardist seems to be losing his grip. Matthews beat him yesterday right on top of his defeat at the hands of Billy Catton.

Nutwood Park, the famous old driveway at Dubuque, Ia., is to be reopened. Prominent horsemen have taken hold of the matter, and it is probable spring and fall races will be arranged.

Lone Wolf, of the Carlisle Indian School football team, is on his way West to rejoin his tribe, where he will devote his time to missionary work and organizing of an all-Indian football team.

The news comes from Boston that a syndicate of wealthy patrons of sport has subscribed a purse of $15,000 for a twenty-round contest between Corbett and Fitzsimmons to take place in New York. The plan, it is arranged, is to place the entire purse in the hands of a Boston newspaper man, with full power to act, and if the syndicate fails to pull off the contest at the time and place selected the whole amount is to be forfeited.

CIRCUS MAN KILLED.

Joe McMahon Had a Controversy With a Deputy Marshal.

WICHITA, Kan., April 3.—Joe McMahon, proprietor of McMahon's circus, formerly known as Bond Bros.' circus, died this morning from the effect of a revolver in the hands of Deputy Marshal Cunningham of Abilene, Tex., who quarreled with McMahon about a prisoner held here awaiting requisition papers. The prisoner claimed to be a member of McMahon's Circus Co.

Cunningham is in jail awaiting preliminary trial. Both men had guns and stories are so conflicting that it is impossible to determine whether it was a case of murder or of self-defense. Public sentiment is decidedly mixed, but there will be no violence.

Tornado in Cleveland County, Ark.

WARREN, Ark., April 3.—A tornado passed over the southern portion of Cleveland County Thursday, destroying twelve or fifteen country homes and wounding ten or fifteen persons. Will Shirley was killed and others are dangerously injured.

Now is when you need Scott's Emulsion, especially if you had the Grippe, and the system is depleted and you are virtually exhausted. A tonic won't do. You need the combined food and tonic properties of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites and Glycerine. It will give you flesh and strength, and tone up your nervous system in a manner that will almost surprise you. Ask your doctor about it, if you will. His word will strengthen ours.

HASTINGS HAD BEEN WARNED.

CHIEF OF POLICE TOLD HIM TO GO ARMED.

THE INQUEST BEING HELD.

Testimony Against Draper Taken Behind Closed Doors, Press and Public Being Excluded.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., April 3.—To-day being Saturday, the streets of Jacksonville are filled with a crowd of farmers, and their entire conversation is devoted to the terrible murder of Charles L. Hastings, which so shocked this community last Thursday morning. All sorts of rumors are afloat as to the motives which may have prompted the crime, but the consensus of opinion fastens it upon Draper, who is still locked up in jail. Draper is a man of remarkable nerve. He chats with his friends and the members of his family in a pleasant vein and stoutly maintains his innocence. He even avows that he will be out of jail within a few days. He expects to be held by the coroner's jury and then to sue out a writ of habeas corpus and secure bond before a court. In addition to Col. D. P. Dyer, Draper has retained Judge O. P. Thompson of Jacksonville to defend him.

Col. Dyer left yesterday for St. Louis, leaving Draper's interests in Judge Thompson's hands. It is rumored that ex-Gov. Charles P. Johnson of St. Louis will be called into the case, but this cannot be substantiated from this end, and in the absence of Col. Dyer, Col. Dyer is a cousin of Draper's wife and an old family friend of the Drapers. The latter family originally came from Louisiana, Mo., and in the days when Col. Dyer was living in Pike County he was associated in business with the elder Draper. The family is wealthy and is said to have been one of the most prominent in Pike County. If Draper is the man who committed the murder Hastings is largely responsible for his own death by reason of the fact that he visited his office on the fatal night unprepared to meet an enemy. He had been warned to be ready for a fight to the death, but he neglected it, and paid for this neglect with his life.

As told in yesterday's Post-Dispatch, Draper was suspected of being the man who was surreptitiously visiting Judge Kirby's vault and mutilating the books. He was known to be the only man not connected with the office force who was in possession of the vault combination. This combination was changed for the reason that Judge Kirby wanted to catch the thief. For twenty-one nights ex-Chief of Police Lige Goodrich slept in the office, with a bulls-eye lantern and a revolver, but no one ever came. Goodrich was convinced that the nocturnal intruder was aware that the place was being watched and was lying low. He expressed this belief in the presence of Judge Kirby and Hastings.

"He won't come while I'm there," said Goodrich, referring to Draper. "You'd better discharge me for a while, or else get somebody else."

This was agreed to, and after Saturday night Goodrich remained away.

During this same conversation Hastings remarked that he was down-town every night, and that he would drop in and see if he couldn't catch the fellow.

"You'd better go armed," advised Goodrich. "That man is dangerous and you know he hates you."

This idea struck Hastings as being ridiculous. He was an old soldier and naturally a courageous man. He pooh-poohed the danger, and so it was settled that he would keep his eye on the office. Wednesday night, the night of the murder, was an ideal one for a prowler about unseen. Something was wrong at the water works, and the electric light plant could not run. The town was dark as pitch. It was raining hard and a perfect gale was sweeping from the prairies and across the city. Few people ventured onto the streets, and those who did were at the Democratic primaries, which were being held in a hall some distance from Judge Kirby's office. On the latter point that Draper was the murderer, it is argued that he realized all this. He knew that Goodrich was no longer on guard and he grasped the opportunity to continue his work of theft.

There are a few persons here who profess to believe that a woman killed Hastings. He was a bachelor and a good deal of a sport. He is alleged to have been seen talking to a greatly excited woman at 9:15 on the night of the murder, but there is little else to hang the theory on.

Draper has a good many friends in this county. He is a strong Mason and it is said the order will try and protect him. The old saying that no Mason was ever hanged is often used on the streets. The opinion is generally expressed that he will never hang. It is expected that when the defense outlines its case the deed will be admitted and a plea of insanity set up.

Coroner Spencer took up the adjourned inquest Saturday afternoon behind closed doors. The public and press were alike excluded.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

The Yaqui war has been closed by a treaty.

A. Fear, clothier, Assumption, Ill., has assigned.

Coal miners of Vandalia, Mo., have gone on strike.

A rich bed of pure asphaltum was found near Miami, I. T.

Five of the seven prisoners in the Marshall, Ill., jail escaped.

The three Philadelphia sugar refineries will start up at once.

Rear Admiral Ramsay of the Navigation Bureau has been retired.

Alex Terrill, colored rapist, was hanged at Houston, Tex., last night.

The forestry order of Cleveland is to be modified in its effect by McKinley.

J. P. Woolsey, agent for the Ponca and Pawnee Indians, has been dismissed.

A wildcat clawed the child of Dan Holeman to death near Sorghum Flats, I. T.

W. H. Yost is in jail at West Plains, Mo., the second time for the murder of the Sawyers.

President McKinley dined the members of the Ways and Means Committee Friday night.

The Kansas anti-trust law went into effect yesterday and prices on groceries have tumbled.

The steamer Griggs sunk in the Chattahoochee River and five persons were drowned.

The W. W. O'Neal and a large tow of coal were wrecked ten miles south of Greenville, Miss.

W. I. Bloom confesses at Cleveland, O., to having started thirty-two fires that destroyed $1,000,000.

Frank Butler, the Australian murderer, tried to commit suicide by cutting an artery with a finger nail.

J. D. Mershon was elected President of the Arkansas Division of the Travelers' Protective Association.

The sentence for life of Rev. W. E. Hinshaw for wife murder, was affirmed at Indianapolis by the Supreme Court.

John Allison was sentenced at Fort Smith to seven years and nine months in the penitentiary for killing his father.

Mayor Charles Dick of Akron, O., succeeds Gen. William Osborne as Secretary of the Republican National Committee.

ILLINOIS MINERS.

Resolution Adopted Opposing the Dingley Tariff on Coal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 3.—The convention of organized and unorganized miners of Illinois held here and passed resolutions opposing the increase in the tariff on coal from 40 to 75 cents per ton, proposed by the Dingley bill. The resolutions state that the exportation of coal exceeded the imports by 2,500,000 tons, and the increase in the tariff was likely to inspire a retaliatory tariff, which would prove a detriment to American miners, the cost of the American product being less than in Europe. A committee was appointed to confer with the Indiana miners' committee, forming a joint executive committee, who shall meet before May 10, and fix rates of mining.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

The Evangelical Alliance Will Have Special Prayer for It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—For nineteen years the first full week of April has been set apart by the Evangelical Alliance in Europe and the United States for special prayer for the better observance of the Sabbath, and to-morrow ministers throughout this country in affiliation with the Alliance will make this subject a topic of special sermons. The Ontario Lord's Day Alliance has also, for the first time, decided to observe the week, and it has issued an appeal to all lovers of the Lord's day to devote the next seven days to secret and public prayer that the day for rest and worship may be better loved and honored, and that it may be preserved to all classes of the community. A call has also been issued for a general provincial conference on Sabbath observance to be held in Toronto on the third Friday of this month.

A TAX THAT WILL CAUSE TROUBLE.

FIVE PER CENT OF BEQUESTS EXCEPT TO NATURAL HEIRS.

THE ASSESSOR IS PUZZLED.

Administrators of Large Estates Will Resist a Law to Endow a State University.

Executors and trustees appointed to administer estates of deceased persons are having a hard time with Assessor Frederick, who is as greatly perplexed as they are.

The difficulty arises over the "succession" tax, as it is called, which was devised by the Legislature to provide an endowment fund for the State University. The tax went into operation this year and is being levied upon the assessments made last June and recently revised by the Board of Equalization.

A number of administrators of estates have been greatly surprised to receive notice to call at the tax office and make a second return after they had made their regular returns under the State law with which they are all more or less familiar and to which they have become reconciled.

Under that law they pay a tax of $2.40 per $100, and consider that somewhat steep. Right on top of this is slapped a tax of $5 per $100 on all property bequeathed to others than the direct heirs of the body of the testator.

Any fund left to old friends or persons not blood relatives must stand the $5 tax.

Assessor Frederick was asked about it and candidly said: "I have been worried considerably by this new law and hardly know what to make of it."

He then produced a printed slip which gave the main feature of the law in the following words:

Section 1. All property conveyed by will, or by the death of an intestate, or by deed, grant, bargain, sale or gift, made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or bargainer, or any person or persons, either directly or in trust, or otherwise, whereby a beneficial interest shall be created in possession or expectancy to any property or the income thereof, to any person other than the father, mother, husband, wife or direct lineal descendant of the testator, intestate, grantor or bargainer, except property conveyed for some educational, charitable or religious purpose, exclusively, shall be subject to the payment of a collateral succession tax of five dollars for each and every one hundred dollars of the clear market value of such property, where the money or property affected shall be ten thousand dollars or less in value, and where the money or property affected exceeds ten thousand dollars in value, the same shall be subject to a tax of five dollars for each and every one hundred dollars of the clear market value thereof, up to and including ten thousand dollars in value, and a tax of seven and one-half dollars, in addition, for every such one hundred dollars in value in excess of ten thousand dollars; and for the enforcement and collection of such tax, there is hereby created, against the property affected thereby, a first lien in favor of the State of Missouri, upon which a civil action may be prosecuted in any court having competent jurisdiction; and when collected, such tax shall be paid into the county treasury of the county where the testator, intestate, grantor or bargainer resided; or in the case where there is no such residence in the state, then such tax shall be paid into the county treasury of the county where such property exists or is situate. All taxes provided by this section, which shall not be paid within one year after the death of the person rendering such property subject to taxation, shall bear interest at the same rate, from the date of the death of such person, as is now provided by law for delinquent taxes, and suits therefor may be prosecuted by the same person provided by law for the purpose of instituting suits for delinquent taxes, unless the county court shall make an order requiring the prosecuting attorney to institute suits for the recovery of such collateral succession taxes.

"I am going ahead, with the assistance of the Probate Court," said Mr. Fredericks, "and am putting on the tax right along, but understand that the matter will be taken into the courts and tested thoroughly.

"Some of the big trust companies, which are administering large estates, say they are not disposed to submit to the tax, and refuse to pay it. We will have to make a test case and see what the law is good for."

One instance was cited, where a woman had left $300, to be invested as a fund to keep her grave in order. This fund would, under the new law, be subject to a tax of $2.05 per $100, or $6.15 on the State law, and $15 additional under the succession law. This the administrator considers a very steep charge and he declines to pay it.

There are a number of other instances which are going to cause trouble.

The St. Louis & Kirkwood Railroad

Cars are now running through on regular time.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Pure 18k wedding rings. Our prices the lowest. E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., Olive and Sixth streets.

William D. Bray	3719 N. Broadway
Celia Schiffele	3620 N. Ninth
Chas. F. Atwood	1131 Washington
Minnie Cranmer	Cuba, Mo
Martin Bolle	512 St. Joseph
Augusta Sveding	1213 Webster
August Johnson	1426 N. Eighth
Alice Wilson	1426 N. Eighth

Food Ill Digested

Imperfectly nourishes the system, since it is only partially assimilated by the blood. Pale, haggard mortals, with dyspeptic stomachs, impoverished circulation and weak nerves, experience a marked and rapid improvement in their physical condition by availing themselves of that sure resource of the sick and debilitated, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This genial tonic and alterative leads an impetus to the processes of digestion which insures an adequate development of the materials of blood, fiber and muscular tissue. Moreover, it soothes and strengthens overwrought or weak nerves, counteracts a tendency to hypochondria or despondency, to which dyspeptic and bilious persons are peculiarly liable, and is an agreeable and wholesome appetizer and promoter of repose. The infirmities of age, and of delicate female constitutions, are greatly relieved by it; and it is a reliable preventive of and remedy for malarial fevers.

FIRST In Ability. In Knowledge. In Experience. In Reputation. In Equipment. In Success.

YOUNG MEN, MIDDLE-AGED MEN, OLD MEN

If you are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretions—if your health is giving away—if you are beginning to feel broken down and unfit for business, you should lose no time in securing proper treatment. Begin at once while a perfect cure is possible. Do not allow your disease to grow from day to day until it becomes incurable. Come to us and receive a candid opinion of your condition. If you have waited too long and a complete cure is no longer possible, we will frankly tell you so. If your case is curable, we are prepared to treat you successfully and our charges will be reasonable. We make no charge for consultation and advice. If you are suffering from any Chronic, Nervous or Special Disease, come to us at once and receive assurances of a speedy and permanent cure. We successfully treat the following diseases:

Epilepsy,	Catarrh, Piles,	Rheumatism,	Gonorrhœa and Gleet,
Stricture,	Eczema, Rupture,	Skin Diseases,	Blood Poisons and Pimples,
Hydrocele,	Female Troubles,	Brain Diseases,	Liver and Kidney Complaints,
Varicocele,	Weakness of Men,	Nervous Debility,	Weak Back and Bladder Troubles

CURE GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

If you are suffering from any disease that you do not understand, consult us and learn the nature and extent of your trouble.

Piles, Stricture, Varicocele and Hydrocele cured by our new method. No cutting or other painful operation. No detention from business.

The most completely equipped medical office, experience the most extensive and charges very reasonable for the treatment administered.

If you are unable to call, write for particulars of home treatment.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 11 a. m.

Turner Building, Opposite Post-office, Rooms A and B.

DR. RHUYLE & CO., 304 N. Eighth Street St. Louis, Mo.

HE WILL NOT BE SHOT.

Gen. Rivera Is to Be Taken to Havana for Trial.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A dispatch to the Journal from Havana says: Acting Captain General Ahumada has received orders from Minister of War Ascarraga at Madrid not to try Gen. Ruis Rivera immediately by court martial. The Minister thinks that a summary court martial, followed by the shooting of Rivera and Bacalhao, would have a bad effect in Europe.

The Spanish general, Velasco, has been instructed to offer Rivera a pardon on condition that he use his influence to induce Brigadiers Ducaisse, Vidal and Delgado and other insurgent leaders in Pinar del Rio to surrender under the amnesty decree. Delgado said that he would lay down his arms to save Rivera's life on condition that he himself and his immediate followers be paroled.

It has just transpired that Rivera was captured in a hospital and not in battle, as the official reports alleged. Rivera had been wounded in a skirmish two days previous to his capture, and when seized was receiving treatment in a Cuban hospital. He had with him his staff and 100 men. The attack on the hospital was made Monday, and it was surrounded by 4,000 Spanish troops under Hernandes Velasco. Rivera, though wounded, endeavored to cut his way out, but fell, pierced by two more bullets.

Rivera's men attempted to carry him away, but were cut down by the Spaniards. Rivera is in prison and is not allowed to see anyone. He is improving.

MADRID, April 3.—Gen. Ruis Rivera and Col. Boccallao, his chief of staff, will be taken to Havana for trial before an ordinary court-martial. The Government so decrees. It is not at all likely that the death penalty will be imposed upon either.

Sherman Protested.

CHICAGO, April 3.—The Times-Herald's Washington special says: President McKinley and Secretary Sherman discussed the Rivera case, and Mr. Sherman, at the President's suggestion, communicated with Senor De Lome, the Spanish Minister. Secretary Sherman did not make a formal protest, but wanted the Spanish Minister and his Government to understand that the execution of Rivera would not tend to promote good feeling for Spain in this country. It is not doubted that Senor De Lome communicated the substance of this informal protest to his Government.

WILL BE INVESTIGATED.

Charge That the Spaniards Knew the State Department Cipher.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The allegation that the Spanish authorities in Cuba possess copies of the State Department cipher and code book and thereby obtain full information concerning the confidential communications passing between Secretary Sherman and Consul-General Lee will be investigated.

Just prior to the unpleasantness which arose between Olney and Lee a bitter complaint was forwarded to the department by Lee that the Spanish officials must be in possession of the cipher used, as they were enabled to anticipate every move made by him. He attributed the uncivil treatment received at the Palace to the fact that the purport of all his errands was known before his arrival.

Since the new administration came in Lee has renewed his complaints. An inquiry will be made to ascertain the location of all the code books given out by the department.

JESUIT EXCLUSION LAW.

The Reichstag Adopts a Motion Abrogating It.

BERLIN, April 3.—After an animated debate the Reichstag adopted a motion to reintroduce in the courts the administering of the oath, according to the different religious denominations. The Conservatives, Imperialists, Reform party and Centrists supported the motion.

A Centrist motion in favor of the complete abrogation of the Jesuit exclusion law was hotly debated and finally adopted, the Poles, Freisinnige, Social Democrats and some Conservatives supporting it.

LEASED TO GREAT BRITAIN.

Report That England Has Acquired the Use of Delagoa Bay.

LONDON, April 3.—The Daily Mail prints a dispatch from Cape Town saying it is reported there that Delagoa Bay has been leased to Great Britain for thirty years at an annual rental of 500,000 pounds, and that the Transvaal Government was not aware of the arrangement until completed.

Labouchere Taken to Task.

LONDON, April 3.—The South African parliamentary commission, now investigating the Jameson raid, held a private session after the public session to consider whether an article recently published in Truth, commenting on the proceedings of the committee, should be brought before the House of Commons as a breach of privilege. Mr. Labouchere retorted with a menacing counter-motion to the effect that Mr. Chamberlain's cross-examination of Mr. W. P. Schreiner, ex-Attorney General of Cape Colony, who has been before the committee as a witness, was calculated to bring about a conflict between the Dutch and English races at the Cape. The matter was finally settled on Mr. Labouchere's promise not to make further comments on the subject in Truth.

Japan's Crown Prince Not Dead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The Japanese Legation received a dispatch from the Consul General at San Francisco saying that the recent reports of the death of the Crown Prince of Japan and the succession of Prince Arisgowa as heir apparent, were entirely unfounded. It is believed that the dispatch is the result of an official inquiry by the Consul General.

Sensation at Pretoria.

PRETORIA, April 3.—A great sensation has been caused here by the report of impending naval demonstrations by the Cape and Western African squadrons in Delagoa Bay.

Jealous Husband Shot.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 3.—Fred J. Jackson was shot and killed by Dr. Jefferson D. Goddard at the Woodland Hotel last night. The cause was Jackson's jealousy of his wife, for whom Dr. Goddard managed a drug store.

RIVER GIVES UP ITS DEAD.

Body of P. F. Arney, Who Was Murdered, Washed Ashore.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DEXTER, Mo., April 3.—The heavy rise of the last three days in the St. Francis river in Dunklin County has washed ashore the remains of P. F. Arney, who disappeared without leaving any clue about six weeks ago. The skull had been crushed by a heavy instrument and the dead body was filled with buckshot. The crime is supposed to have been committed by fishermen who left that region very suddenly about the time of Arney's disappearance. Arney came to this section from near Vincennes, Ind.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
WM. H. CRANE in His Great Success,
A FOOL OF FORTUNE,
By Martha Morton.
Monday, April 5th,
THOMAS Q. SEABROOKE in THE SPECULATOR.
Prices will be 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
SEATS ON SALE NOW.
Thursday afternoon, April 8—
Benefit Actors' Fund.
Sunday, April 11—Col. Ingersoll.

CENTURY THEATER.
De Koven and Smith's Latest Opera,
The Mandarin
Next Sunday—Stuart Robson in the Jucklins.

THE HAGAN, HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE. MATINEES DAILY.
10 DEETS AND DON.
20 HARRIS AND WALTERS.
BROTHERS WEBB.
30 THE KIDDLANS.
THE BAGGESONS.
AND TWELVE OTHER GREAT ACTS.
Parquet Reserved, Night Only, 50c.

HOPKINS GRAND OPERA HOUSE
All Laughter This Week.
Stock Co. in the Screaming Comedy, THE THREE HATS. Vaudeville—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew, Phyllis Rankin, Dumont's Minstrel Quartette and 12 others, with THE BIOGRAPH.
10c-20c-30c.

STANDARD | MATINEE AT 2. TO-NIGHT AT 8.
FLYNN AND SHERIDAN'S
....BIG SENSATION BURLESQUE....
Next Week—Twentieth Century Sports.

HAVLIN'S 25c and 35c. GOOD SEATS.
THIS WEEK,
KATIE EMMETT, 25c BARGAIN MATINEE TO-DAY.
"Waifs of New York."
Next Sunday Mat.—"A Baggage Check."

39th EX

Best Spring Remedy.

Paine's Celery Compound.

There is one true specific for diseases arising from impure blood and a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth College, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

HOUSE AND HOME.

A Notable Exposition to Be Inaugurated at New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Under the auspices of some forty clergymen of all denominations, and with interesting ceremonies, the Greater New York Exposition of the House and Home will be opened in the Grand-Central Palace this evening. Invitations to be present had been extended to President McKinley and Vice-President Hobart by a committee of divines, but press of public business compelled both to send regrets.

The purpose of the exposition is to demonstrate the progress and improvements made in the construction and interior decorations of the house and home of recent years. There are three classes, one ranging from architects' plans to drawing materials, a second comprising all kinds of builders' materials, and a third interior decorations and furnishings, including carpets, rugs, furniture, paintings, statues and household supplies. In addition there is a complete working electrical kitchen, with meals prepared by electricity and public demonstrations and lessons in electric cooking.

Among the cities represented in the exposition are Chicago, Columbus, O.; Buffalo, Detroit, Wheeling, W. Va.; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Indianapolis. The interest of the clergy in the exposition is largely due to the fact that the proceeds are to go towards the founding of an unsectarian home for unfortunate women.

HEAVY DAMAGES ASKED.

Suit for $2,200,000 Against the Boston and Montana Company.

HELENA, Mont., April 3.—The decision of Judge Knowles in the United States Court at Helena in the injunction suits of the Boston and Montana Co. against E. Rollins Morse, Chairman of the Reorganization Committee of the Butte & Boston Co., against the Montana Ore Purchasing Co., in which it was sought to stop the latter from working the Michael Devitt and Pennsylvania lodes, will be followed by the heaviest damage suit that has ever been tried in the country. Manager McGinnis of the Montana Ore Purchasing Co. stated last evening that as soon as the necessary papers could be prepared suit would be instituted against the Boston and Montana Co. for $2,000,000, which it is claimed is the net value of the ore extracted by the latter company through the Mountain View shaft from the west 300 feet of the Rarus lead. This is said to have been the principal ore supply of the Mountain View and it is said that nearly all of the ore has been taken out. The Montana Ore Purchasing Co. claims that the value of the ore thus unlawfully extracted was a little more than $3,000,000 and that the net value was $2,200,000.

Gov. Atkinson's Son Elopes.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 3.—J. P. Atkinson and Miss Ada Boyd, the former 17 years old, the latter 12, ran away yesterday and were married. The young man in the case is the son of Gov. Atkinson. The eloping couple were arrested by the Governor's order, and an attempt will be made to have the marriage annulled.

Rhodes Starts for Africa.

LONDON, April 3.—Mr. Cecil Rhodes has started on his return to South Africa.

Sore Throat
Lameness
Sore Eyes
Soreness
Catarrh
Bruises
Burns
Cuts
Piles
Female
Complaints
Rheumatism

USE POND'S EXTRACT

AND ALL

Inflammation

Sold only in our own bottles. All druggists.
POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

PILES. POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

DARK BLUE WINS THE RACE AGAIN.

OXFORD CREW DEFEATS CAMBRIDGE BY TWO LENGTHS.

DONE IN LESS THAN 20 MINUTES

An American Rowed Bow for the Victors and the Vanquished Had a Yankee, Too.

PUTNEY, England, April 3.—Oxford has just won the annual boat race from Cambridge by two lengths. The time over the four and one-quarter mile course on the Thames was 19m. 12s.

It was the fifty-fourth contest between crews representing Oxford and Cambridge universities, and more than usual interest was taken in it, not only in sporting circles and in the American colony in England, but by Americans on the Continent and in the United States, for the reason that for the first time since the race became an annual event in 1829 an American has rowed in each boat. J. J. De Knopp of New College, Oxford, is from Albany, N. Y., and B. H. Howell of Trinity College, Cambridge, is from New York City. De Knopp rowed bow for his university and Howell pulled No. 4 for his crew.

The make-up of each crew was as follows:

OXFORD.

J. J. De Knopp, bow	159 pounds
C. O. Edwards, No. 2	170 pounds
C. K. Phillips, No. 3	168 pounds
C. D. Burnell, No. 4	193 pounds
F. F. Balfour, No. 5	188 pounds
R. Carr, No. 6	179 pounds
W. Crum, No. 7	170½ pounds
R. Gold, stroke	165½ pounds
H. R. Pechell, coxswain	133½ pounds

CAMBRIDGE.

D. F. Campbell-Muir, bow	169½ pounds
A. S. Bell, No. 2	171 pounds
F. J. D. Taylor, No. 3	182 pounds
B. H. Howell, No. 4	179 pounds
W. A. Bieber, No. 5	183 pounds
D. Pennington, No. 6	177½ pounds
W. Dudley Ward, No. 7	176 pounds
W. J. Ferne, stroke	167 pounds
F. C. Hawkins, coxswain	144½ pounds

The Cambridge men were the first to embark, having won the toss, and chose the Middlesex side of the river. The start was made at 2:22 o'clock, and at Dukesmead Cambridge lead slightly. At the Craven-steps, five furlongs from the start, Oxford led by half a length. At the Crabtree, one mile one furlong and one hundred yards from the start, Oxford was leading by three-quarters of a length.

The wind freshened and was piercing cold. It was at the back of the crews, the whole day making the race very fast and giving promise that record time would be beaten.

At the soap works, one mile, three furlongs and twenty yards from the start, Oxford had a lead of half a length. At Chiswick mills, one mile, six furlongs and fifty yards, Oxford had slightly increased the lead, and at the Doves, 1 mile, 7 furlongs and sixty yards, the boats were in the same position. Oxford was rowing a stroke of thirty-three to the minute and Cambridge was pulling thirty-two.

At the Devonshire Meadow, Oxford was leading by a length. When Barnes bridge was reached Oxford was nearly a length ahead. Both crews then bent for the spurt over the remaining one-half mile of the race. Both crews had a stroke here of about thirty-five and the dark blue of Oxford was seen to increase its lead. The Oxford stroke then went up to forty and they crossed at the Ship Inn at Mortlake well in advance of the light blue of Cambridge.

Thirty thousand people saw the race, in spite of the weather. The usual banquet will follow this evening, the vanquished crew being the guests of the victors.

Oxford has now won thirty-one of the fifty-four races rowed and has been the winner for eight years in succession.

DIELS AND CYCLERS TO MEET.

Top-Notchers in an Exhibition Game at the Pastime Grounds.

The champion Cycling Clubs and their strong rivals, the Diels, who finished a close second in the League race, will meet in an exhibition game at the Pastime grounds, De Hodiamont, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Manager Wilson has secured Baggot and Mayberry, the stars of the Jokerst-College team, and young Sam McLaughlin, who is considered by many a second "Big Robbie," as goal-keeper.

Billy Kane will make his first appearance with the Maltese Cross eleven. Capt. Paul McSweeney says his men are in good condition, and will give a clean and hard game. Mr. Charles Durphy will act as referee. The elevens will line up as follows:

Diels.	Positions.	Cycling Club.
McSweeney	Right Wing	Jarrett
Erman	Cen	Keyser
Comfort		Orrack
Baggot	Left Wing	Reed
Hogan		Kane
Seener	Right half	Milne
Mayberry	Center half back	Myddelton
Nolan	Left half back	Daly
Quinn	Right full back	McDonough
Shaughnessy	Left full back	Patrick
McLaughlin	Goal	McCormack

Referee—Durphy.
Linesmen—Wilson and Tivy.

WELL, THIS SETTLES IT, THEN.

John J. Ingalls, Ex-Senator, and Now Sporting Authority, Nails a Lie.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATCHISON, Kan., April 3.—"All this talk of Mrs. Fitzsimmons' boisterous and Amazonian actions at the ringside is false," said John J. Ingalls yesterday. "Just before the fight Martin Julian placed Mrs. Fitzsimmons in the box directly in front of mine, and laughingly put her in my care. She is a very handsome, fine looking woman, and not the least bit loud or sporty in appearance. Her conduct during the fight was as quiet and dignified as could be expected from a woman whose husband was engaged in a struggle for the possession of a quarter of a million dollars. Of course, she was interested, and excited, too, and once during the progress of the fight she arose to her feet, leaning toward the ring.

"I then said to her: 'Mrs. Fitzsimmons, it will be better for us behind you if you remain seated.'

"At this she apologized, and sat down. She spoke but once, and that was to advise a second to put some liniment on her husband's face during an intermission."

THREE STRAIGHT FOR WELLS.

Beats Foster Easily in the Match Race at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—Three straight victories for Charles S. Wells was the result of the match race with Walter Foster at the in-door bicycle tournament. The race was for a purse of $400 and the distances were one, two and five miles. All three races were won by less than three feet in 2m. 10 2-5s; 4m. 45 4-5s, and 11m. 16s. for the five miles. All the races were paced.

Floyd A. McFarland won the mile open for professionals easily. McFarland, Eaton, Allen and Jones qualified for the final. Allen tried to make a runaway win of it, but was nipped on the last turn and finished fourth after one of the gamest rides seen during the meet. McFarland outclassed his opponents and ran away from them in the short home stretch. Jones finished second and Eaton third. Time, 2m. 18s.

OUT TO BREAK A RECORD.

Gentlemen Riders Leave New York for Philadelphia on Horse.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Harrison K. Caner and Tristam Colket, two Philadelphia club men, who will attempt to break the horseback riding record between New York and Philadelphia left the Hotel Waldorf promptly at 7:30 o'clock this morning upon their effort.

Leaving the hotel the horseman cantered through Thirty-third street to Eighth avenue, thence to Twenty-third street and westward on that thoroughfare to the ferry, where they took a boat for the Jersey shore.

The horseback record between New York and Philadelphia is 12 hours and 17 minutes. Mr. Caner and his companion expect to lower this record one or two hours.

BROWNS VS. THE BREWERS.

Exhibition Game To-Day, Provided the Weather Doesn't Interfere.

If the weather permits the Browns and the Milwaukees of the Western League will play this afternoon at Sportsman's Park. Dowd will try Evans, his latest minor league acquisition during the first part of the game and then substitute Esper, the former Baltimorean. Hill, the comical twirling wonder, found somewhere by Muckenfuss, will also be given a chance to show what he can do in swift company.

Game will be called at 3 o'clock. The make-up of the opposing nines will be as follows:

St. Louis.	Position.	Milwaukee.
McFarland	Catcher	Speer
Esper, Evans, Hill	Pitcher	Reitger and Taylor
Connor	First base	Mack
Dowd	Second base	Barnes
Hartman	Shortstop	Lewes
Cross	Third base	Hughes
Douglas	Left field	Waldron
Hill	Center field	Nichol
Turner	Right field	Lippert

Connie Mack, the ex-pirate who is piloting the Brewers this year, says he will make it interesting for Dowd's team. Myers and Arthur Clarkson, former members of Von der Ahe's nine, are with the Milwaukees and will be seen in the game to-morrow and Monday. If the weather necessitates a postponement of to-day's game, the teams will be made up for to-morrow's game the same.

Secretary Muckenfuss said to-day that he placed no importance in the story that White, the pitcher, had mysteriously disappeared. White failed to show up for practice both Thursday and Friday, and Manager Dowd cannot get a line on him anywhere. At the ball player's boarding-house it was said he had left with his trunk Wednesday night. Manager Dowd thinks White may have gone to Hot Springs to do a little training on his own hook.

Roger Connor, who arrived last evening, seems to be in excellent trim, and he threatens to soak the ball this season as he never soaked it before. There is much to remind one of the venerable Anson in Roger Connor, and it may be that the big first baseman will play his greatest game this season.

DIDN'T AGREE ON TERMS.

Cyclists and St. Teresas Must Meet Again for Arrangements.

The Cyclers and St. Teresas have struck a snag in their arrangements for championship football games. A meeting was held last night at the Cycling Club's headquarters and the proposition of the Saints' was considered. After much discussion the cyclists decided they could not accept the terms of $100 as side bet and an equal division of the gate money. Capt. Jarrett says his men are anxious to meet the Sodality eleven, but he thinks the winner should take a greater percentage of the receipts.

It was decided to agree to meet the St. Teresas in a series of three games, the winners to take 75 per cent of the entire receipts, and the losers 25. This seems but just and fair, and the Saints will probably accept it. Representatives of the two teams will meet at the Cycling Club to-night and all arrangements for the playing of the match will probably be made.

County Tour Goes Over.

The St. Louis County tour of the L. A. W., which was to have taken place to-morrow, has been postponed until the following Sunday, owing to the wretched condition of the roads. Mr. E. N. Sanders and Secretary-Treasurer Nisbett of the Missouri Division, L. A. W., rode to Clayton over all passable roads yesterday and found that it would be next to impossible to have the tour come off on schedule. All arrangements will stand for next Sunday.

Sporting Notes.

The Charter Oak Trotting track at Hartford is soon to be reopened.

Erne and Flaherty have been matched to fight twenty rounds in New York.

The Wisconsin anti-pool selling bill has been passed by the Legislature of that State.

Puget, Bunn and J. Healey, the jockeys recently suspended at New Orleans, have been reinstated.

Niagara County, N. Y., has adopted a bicycle tax. Wheels are assessed fifty cents a year, and the machines of delinquents are liable to seizure

John Weisman writes to the Post-Dispatch that he has opened a gymnasium and handball court at 3025 North Eleventh street, where all athletes of the North Side may feel at home.

What's the matter with "Gray Tom" Gallagher? The Chicago billiardist seems to be losing his grip. Matthews beat him yesterday right on top of his defeat at the hands of Billy Catton.

Nutwood Park, the famous old driveway at Dunnigan, is to be reopened. Prominent horsemen have taken hold of the matter, and it is probable spring and fall races will be arranged.

Lone Wolf, of the Carlisle Indian School football team, is on his way West to rejoin his tribe, where he will devote his time to missionary work and organizing of an all-Indian football team.

The news comes from Boston that a syndicate of wealthy patrons of sport has subscribed a purse of $15,000 for a twenty-round contest between Corbett and Fitzsimmons to take place in New York. The plan, as arranged, is to place the entire purse in the hands of a Boston newspaper man, with full power to act, and if the syndicate fails to pull off the contest at the time and place selected the whole amount is to be forfeited.

CIRCUS MAN KILLED.

Joe McMahon Had a Controversy With a Deputy Marshal.

WICHITA, Kan., April 3.—Joe McMahon, proprietor of McMahon's circus, formerly known as Bond Bros.' circus, died this morning from the effect of a revolver in the hands of Deputy Marshal Cunningham of Abilene, Tex., who quarreled with McMahon about a prisoner held here awaiting requisition papers. The prisoner claimed to be a member of McMahon's Circus Co.

Cunningham is in jail awaiting preliminary trial. Both men had guns and stories are so conflicting that it is impossible to determine whether it was a case of murder or of self-defense. Public sentiment is decidedly mixed, but there will be no violence.

Tornado in Cleveland County, Ark.

WARREN, Ark., April 3.—A tornado passed over the southern portion of Cleveland County Thursday, destroying twelve or fifteen country homes and wounding ten or fifteen persons. Will Shirley was killed and others are dangerously injured.

Now is when you need Scott's Emulsion, especially if you had the Grippe, and the system is depleted and you are virtually exhausted. A tonic won't do. You need the combined food and tonic properties of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites and Glycerine. It will give you flesh and strength, and tone up your nervous system in a manner that will almost surprise you. Ask your doctor about it, if you will. His word will strengthen ours.

HASTINGS HAD BEEN WARNED.

CHIEF OF POLICE TOLD HIM TO GO ARMED.

THE INQUEST BEING HELD.

Testimony Against Draper Taken Behind Closed Doors, Press and Public Being Excluded.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., April 3.—To-day being Saturday, the streets of Jacksonville are filled with a crowd of farmers, and their entire conversation is devoted to the terrible murder of Charles L. Hastings, which so shocked this community last Thursday morning. All sorts of rumors are afloat as to the motives which may have prompted the crime, but the consensus of opinion fastens it upon Draper, who is still locked up in jail. Draper is a man of remarkable nerve. He chats with his friends and the members of his family in a pleasant vein and stoutly maintains his innocence. He even avows that he will be out of jail within a few days. He expects to be held by the coroner's jury and then to sue out a writ of habeas corpus and secure bond before a court. In addition to Col. D. P. Dyer, Draper has retained Judge O. P. Thompson of Jacksonville to defend him.

Col. Dyer left yesterday for St. Louis, leaving Draper's interests in Judge Thompson's hands. It is rumored that ex-Gov. Charles P. Johnson of St. Louis will be called into the case, but this cannot be substantiated from this end, and in the absence of Col. Dyer. Col. Dyer is a cousin of Draper's wife and an old family friend of the Drapers. The latter family originally came from Louisiana, Mo., and in the days when Col. Dyer was living in Pike County he was associated in business with the elder Draper. The family is wealthy and is said to have been one of the most prominent in Pike County. If Draper is the man who committed the murder Hastings is largely responsible for his own death by reason of the fact that he visited his office on the fatal night unprepared to meet an enemy. He had been warned to be ready for a fight to the death, but he neglected it, and paid for this neglect with his life.

As told in yesterday's Post-Dispatch, Draper was suspected of being the man who was surreptitiously visiting Judge Kirby's vault and mutilating the books. He was known to be the only man not connected with the office force who was in possession of the vault combination. This combination was changed for the reason that Judge Kirby wanted to catch the thief. For twenty-one nights ex-Chief of Police Lige Goodrich kept in the office, with a bulls-eye lantern and a revolver, but no one ever came. Goodrich was convinced that the nocturnal intruder was aware that the place was being watched and was lying low. He expressed this belief in the presence of Judge Kirby and Hastings.

"He won't come while I'm there," said Goodrich, referring to Draper. "You'd better discharge me for a while, or else get somebody else."

This was agreed to, and after Saturday night Goodrich remained away.

During this same conversation Hastings remarked that he was down-town every night, and that he would drop in and see if he couldn't catch the fellow.

"You'd better go armed," advised Goodrich. "That man is dangerous and you know he hates you."

This idea struck Hastings as being ridiculous. He was an old soldier and naturally a courageous man. He pooh-poohed the danger, and so it was settled that he would keep his eye on the office. Wednesday night, the night of the murder, was an ideal one for prowling about unseen. Something was wrong at the water works, and the electric light plant could not run. The town was dark as pitch. It was raining hard and a perfect gale was sweeping from the prairies and across the city. Few people ventured onto the streets, and those who did were at the Democratic primaries, which were being held in a hall some distance from Judge Kirby's office. On the theory that Draper was the murderer, it is argued that he realized all this. He knew that Goodrich was no longer on guard and he grasped the opportunity to continue his work of theft.

There are a few persons here who profess to believe that a woman killed Hastings. He was a bachelor and a good deal of a sport. He is alleged to have been seen talking to a greatly excited woman at 9:15 on the night of the murder, but there is little else to hang the theory on.

Draper has a good many friends in this county. He is a strong Mason and it is said the order will try and protect him. The old saying that no Mason was ever hanged is often used on the streets. The opinion is generally expressed that he will never hang. It is expected that when the defense outlines its case the deed will be admitted and a plea of insanity set up.

Coroner Spencer took up the adjourned inquest Saturday afternoon behind closed doors. The public and press were alike excluded.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

The Yaqui war has been closed by a treaty.

A. Fear, clothier, Assumption, Ill., has assigned.

Coal miners of Vandalia, Mo., have gone on strike.

A rich bed of pure asphaltum was found near Miami, I. T.

Five of the seven prisoners in the Marshall, Ill., jail escaped.

The three Philadelphia sugar refineries will start up at once.

Rear Admiral Ramsay of the Navigation Bureau has been retired.

Alex Terrill, colored rapist, was hanged at Houston, Tex., last night.

The forestry order of Cleveland is to be modified in its effect by McKinley.

J. P. Woolsey, agent for the Ponca and Pawnee Indians, has been dismissed.

A wildcat clawed the child of Dan Holeman to death near Sorghum Flats, I. T.

W. H. Yost is in jail at West Plains, Mo., the second time for the murder of the Sawyers.

President McKinley dined the members of the Ways and Means Committee Friday night.

The Kansas anti-trust law went into effect yesterday and prices on groceries have tumbled.

The steamer Griggs sunk in the Chattahoochee River and five persons were drowned.

The W. W. O'Neal and a large tow of coal were wrecked ten miles south of Greenville, Miss.

W. I. Bloom confesses at Cleveland, O., to having started thirty-two fires that destroyed $1,000,000.

Frank Butler, the Australian murderer, tried to commit suicide by cutting an artery with a finger nail.

J. D. Mershon was elected President of the Arkansas Division of the Travelers' Protective Association.

The sentence for life of Rev. W. E. Hinshaw for wife murder, was affirmed at Indianapolis by the Supreme Court.

John Allison was sentenced at Fort Smith to seven years and nine months in the penitentiary for killing his father.

Mayor Charles Dick of Akron, O., succeeds Gen. William Osborne as Secretary of the Republican National Committee.

ILLINOIS MINERS.

Resolution Adopted Opposing the Dingley Tariff on Coal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 3.—The convention of organized and unorganized miners of Illinois held here and passed resolutions opposing the increase in the tariff on coal from 40 to 75 cents per ton, proposed by the Dingley bill. The resolutions state that the exportation of coal exceeded the imports by 2,500,000 tons, and the increase in the tariff was likely to inspire a retaliatory tariff, which would prove a detriment to American miners, the cost of the American product being less than in Europe. A committee was appointed to confer with the Indiana miners' committee, forming a joint executive committee, who shall meet before May 10, and fix rates of mining.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

The Evangelical Alliance Will Have Special Prayer for It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 3.—For nineteen years the first full week of April has been set apart by the Evangelical Alliance in Europe and the United States for special prayer for the better observance of the Sabbath, and to-morrow ministers throughout this country in affiliation with the Alliance will make this subject a topic of special sermons. The Ontario Lord's Day Alliance has also, for the first time, decided to observe the week, and it has issued an appeal to all lovers of the Lord's day to devote the next seven days to secret and public prayer that the day for rest and worship may be better loved and honored, and that it may be preserved to all classes of the community. A call has also been issued for a general provincial conference on Sabbath observance to be held in Toronto on the third Friday of this month.

A TAX THAT WILL CAUSE TROUBLE.

FIVE PER CENT OF BEQUESTS EXCEPT TO NATURAL HEIRS.

THE ASSESSOR IS PUZZLED.

Administrators of Large Estates Will Resist a Law to Endow a State University.

Executors and trustees appointed to administer estates of deceased persons are having a hard time with Assessor Frederick, who is as greatly perplexed as they are.

The difficulty arises over the "succession" tax, as it is called, which was devised by the Legislature to provide an endowment fund for the State University. The tax went into operation this year and is being levied upon the assessments made last June and recently revised by the Board of Equalization.

A number of administrators of estates have been greatly surprised to receive notice to call at the tax office and make a second return after they had made their regular returns under the State law with which they are less familiar and to which they have become reconciled.

Under that law they pay a tax of $2.05 per $100, and consider that somewhat steep. Right on top of this is slapped a tax of $5 per $100 on all property bequeathed to others than the direct heirs of the body of the testator.

Any fund left to old friends or persons not blood relatives must stand the $5 tax.

Assessor Frederick was asked about it and said: "I give it up. I have been worried considerably by this new law and hardly know what to make of it."

He then produced a printed slip which gave the main feature of the law in the following terms:

Section 1. All property conveyed by will, or by the death of an intestate, or by deed, grant, bargain, sale or gift, made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or bargainer, or any person or persons, either directly or in trust, or otherwise, for the benefit of any interest shall be created in possession or expectancy to any property or the income thereof, to any person other than the father, mother, husband, wife or direct lineal descendant of the testator, intestate, grantor or bargainer, except property conveyed for some educational, charitable or religious purpose, exclusively, shall be subject to the payment of a collateral succession tax of five dollars for each and every one hundred dollars of the clear market value of such property, where the money or property affected shall be ten thousand dollars or less in value, and where the money or property affected exceeds ten thousand dollars in value, the same shall be subject to a tax of five dollars for each and every one hundred dollars of the clear market value thereof, up to and including ten thousand dollars in value, and a tax of seven and one-half dollars, in addition, for every such one hundred dollars in value in excess of ten thousand dollars; and for the enforcement and collection of such tax, there is hereby created, against the property affected thereby, a first lien in favor of the State of Missouri, upon which a civil action may be prosecuted in any court having competent jurisdiction; and when collected, such tax shall be paid into the county treasury of the county where the testator, intestate, grantor or bargainer resided; or in the case where there is no such residence in the State, then such tax shall be paid into the county treasury of the county where such property exists or is situate. All taxes provided by this section, which shall not be paid within one year after the death of the person rendering such property subject to taxation, shall bear interest at the same rate, from the date of the death of such person, as is now provided by law for delinquent taxes, and suits therefor may be prosecuted by the same person provided by law for the purpose of instituting suits for delinquent taxes, unless the county court shall make an order requiring the prosecuting attorney to institute suits for the recovery of such collateral succession taxes.

"I am going ahead, with the assistance of the Probate Court," said Mr. Fredericks, "and am putting on the tax right along, but I understand that the matter will be taken into the courts and tested thoroughly.

"Some of the big trust companies, which are administering large estates, say they are not disposed to submit to the tax, and refuse to pay it. We will have to make a test case and see what the law is good for."

One instance was cited, where a woman had left $300, to be invested as a fund to keep her grave in order. This fund would, under the new law, be subject to a tax of $2.05 per $100, or $6.15 on the State law, and $15 additional under the succession law. This the administrator considers a very steep charge and he declines to pay it.

There are a number of other instances which are going to cause trouble.

The St. Louis & Kirkwood Railroad

Cars are now running through on regular time.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Pure 18k wedding rings. Our prices the lowest. E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., Olive and Sixth streets.

William D. Bray	3719 N. Broadway
Celia Schiffele	3020 N. Ninth
Chas. F. Atwood	1131 Washington
Minnie Cranmer	Cuba, Mo
Martin Bolle	512 St. Joseph
Augusta Sveding	1213 Webster
August Johnson	1426 N. Eighth
Alice Wilson	1426 N. Eighth

Food Ill Digested

Imperfectly nourishes the system, since it is only partially assimilated by the blood. Pale, haggard mortals, with dyspeptic stomachs, impoverished circulation and weak nerves, experience a marked and rapid improvement in their physical condition by availing themselves of that sure resource of the sick and debilitated, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This genial tonic and alterative lends an impetus to the processes of digestion which insures an adequate development of the materials of blood, fiber and muscular tissue. Moreover, it soothes and strengthens overwrought or weak nerves, counteracts a tendency to hypochondria or despondency, to which dyspeptic and bilious persons are peculiarly liable, and is an agreeable and wholesome appetizer and promoter of repose. The infirmities of age, and of delicate female constitutions, are greatly relieved by it; and it is a reliable preventive of and remedy for malarial fevers.

FIRST
In Ability.
In Knowledge.
In Experience.
In Reputation.
In Equipment.
In Success.
YOUNG MEN, MIDDLE-AGED MEN, OLD MEN

If you are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretions—if your health is giving away—if you are beginning to feel broken down and unfit for business, you should lose no time in securing proper treatment. Begin at once while a perfect cure is possible. Do not allow your disease to grow from day to day until it becomes incurable. Come to us and receive a candid opinion of your condition. If you have waited too long and a complete cure is no longer possible, we will frankly tell you so. If your case is curable, we are prepared to treat you successfully and our charges will be reasonable. We make no charge for consultation and advice. If you are suffering from any Chronic, Nervous or Special Disease, come to us at once and receive assurances of a speedy and permanent cure. We successfully treat the following diseases:

Epilepsy,	Catarrh, Piles,	Rheumatism,	Gonorrhœa and Gleet,
Stricture,	Eczema, Rupture,	Skin Diseases,	Blood Poisons and Pimples,
Hydrocele,	Female Troubles,	Brain Diseases,	Liver and Kidney Complaints,
Varicocele,	Weakness of Men,	Nervous Debility,	Weak Back, and Bladder Troubles

CURE GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

If you are suffering from any disease that you do not understand, consult us and learn the nature and extent of your trouble. *Piles, Stricture, Varicocele and Hydrocele cured by our new method. No cutting or other painful operation. No detention from business.*

The most completely equipped medical office, experience the most extensive and charges very reasonable for the treatment administered.

If you are unable to call, write for particulars of home treatment.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 11 a. m.

Turner Building, Opposite Post-office, Rooms A and B. DR. RHUYLE & CO., 304 N. Eighth Street St. Louis, Mo.

HE WILL NOT BE SHOT.

Gen. Rivera Is to Be Taken to Havana for Trial.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A dispatch to the Journal from Havana says: Acting Captain General Ahumada has received orders from Minister of War Azcarraga at Madrid not to try Gen. Ruis Rivera immediately by court martial. The Minister thinks that a summary court martial, followed by the shooting of Rivera and Bacalhao, would have a bad effect in Europe.

The Spanish general, Velasco, has been instructed to offer Rivera a pardon on condition that he use his influence to induce Brigadiers Ducaisse, Vidal and Delgado and other insurgent leaders in Pinar del Rio to surrender under the amnesty decree. Delgado said that he would lay down his arms to save Rivera's life on condition that he himself and his immediate followers be paroled.

It has just transpired that Rivera was captured in a hospital and not in battle, as the official reports alleged. Rivera had been wounded in a skirmish two days previous to his capture, and when seized was receiving treatment in a Cuban hospital. He had with him his staff and 100 men. The attack on the hospital was made Monday, and it was surrounded by 4,000 Spanish troops under Hernandez Velasco. Rivera, though wounded, endeavored to cut his way out, but fell, pierced by two more bullets.

Rivera's men attempted to carry him away, but were cut down by the Spaniards. Rivera is in prison and is not allowed to see anyone. He is improving.

MADRID, April 3.—Gen. Ruis Rivera and Col. Boccalino, his chief of staff, will be taken to Havana for trial before an ordinary court-martial. The Government so directs. It is not at all likely that the death penalty will be imposed upon either.

Sherman Protested.

CHICAGO, April 3.—The Times-Herald's Washington special says: President McKinley and Secretary Sherman discussed the Rivera case, and Mr. Sherman, at the President's suggestion, communicated with Senor De Lome, the Spanish Minister. Secretary Sherman did not make a formal protest, but wanted the Spanish Minister and his Government to understand that the execution of Rivera would not tend to promote good feeling for Spain in this country. It is not doubted that Senor De Lome communicated the substance of this informal protest to his Government.

WILL BE INVESTIGATED.

Charge That the Spaniards Knew the State Department Cipher.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The allegation that the Spanish authorities in Cuba possess copies of the State Department cipher and code book and thereby obtain full information concerning the confidential communications passing between Secretary Sherman and Consul-General Lee will be investigated.

Just prior to the unpleasantness which arose between Olney and Lee a bitter complaint was forwarded to the department by Lee that the Spanish officials must be in possession of the cipher used, as they were enabled to anticipate every move made by him. He attributed the uncivil treatment received at the Palace to the fact that the purport of all his errands was known before his arrival.

Since the new administration came in Lee has renewed his complaints. An inquiry will be made to ascertain the location of all the code books given out by the department.

JESUIT EXCLUSION LAW.

The Reichstag Adopts a Motion Abrogating It.

BERLIN, April 3.—After an animated debate the Reichstag adopted a motion to reintroduce in the courts the administering of the oath, according to the different religious denominations. The Conservatives, Imperialists, Reform party and Centrists supported the motion.

A Centrist motion in favor of the complete abrogation of the Jesuit exclusion law was hotly debated and finally adopted, the Poles, Freisinnigen, Social Democrats and some Conservatives supporting it.

LEASED TO GREAT BRITAIN.

Report That England Has Acquired the Use of Delagoa Bay.

LONDON, April 3.—The Daily Mail prints a dispatch from Cape Town saying it is reported there that Delagoa Bay has been leased to Great Britain for thirty years at an annual rental of 500,000 pounds, and that the Transvaal Government was not aware of the arrangement until completed.

Labouchere Taken to Task.

LONDON, April 3.—The South African parliamentary commission, now investigating the Jameson raid, held a private session after the public session to consider whether an article recently published in Truth, commenting on the proceedings of the committee, should be brought before the House of Commons as a breach of privilege. Mr. Labouchere retorted with a menacing counter-motion to the effect that Mr. Chamberlain's cross-examination of Mr. W. P. Schreiner, ex-Attorney General of Cape Colony, who has been before the committee as a witness, was calculated to bring about a conflict between the Dutch and English races at the Cape. The matter was finally settled on Mr. Labouchere's promise not to make further comments on the subject in Truth.

Japan's Crown Prince Not Dead.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—The Japanese Legation received a dispatch from the Consul General at San Francisco saying that the recent reports of the death of the Crown Prince of Japan and the succession of Prince Arisgowa as heir apparent, were entirely unfounded. It is believed that the dispatch is the result of an official inquiry by the Consul General.

Sensation at Pretoria.

PRETORIA, April 3.—A great sensation has been caused here by the report of impending naval demonstrations by the Cape and Western African squadrons in Delagoa Bay.

Jealous Husband Shot.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 3.—Fred J. Jackson was shot and killed by Dr. Jefferson D. Goddard at the Woodland Hotel last night. The cause was Jackson's jealousy of his wife, for whom Dr. Goddard managed a drug store.

RIVER GIVES UP ITS DEAD.

Body of P. F. Arney, Who Was Murdered, Washed Ashore.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DEXTER, Mo., April 3.—The heavy rise of the last three days in the St. Francis river in Dunklin County has washed ashore the remains of P. F. Arney, who disappeared without leaving any clue about six weeks ago. The skull had been crushed by a heavy instrument and the dead body was filled with buckshot. The crime is supposed to have been committed by fishermen who left that region very suddenly about the time of Arney's disappearance. Arney came to this section from near Vincennes, Ind.

RESISTED THE X RAYS.

Hardware in a Freak's Stomach Could Not Be Located.

The X-ray experiments made at Marion Sims College Friday night did not prove as successful as had been anticipated.

The mystic rays were turned on the stomach of Prof. Renana, a professional glass-eater and consumer of hardware.

Prof. Renana has been eating nails, tacks, door knobs and similar indigestibles for seven years.

He suffered no inconvenience from hard living until a week ago, when a knife blade failed to set well on his stomach. A tumor developed rapidly and a few days ago he went to Marion Sims College. An effort was made Friday night to locate the tumor by means of X-ray photography. Two photographs were taken by Prof. E. H. Ruebel of the St. Louis Electrical Supply Company.

It was the intention of the doctors to use these photographs in performing an operation on the patient.

Prof. Ruebel said Saturday that the photographs were not successful. Another attempt will be made Saturday evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
WM. H. CRANE In His Great Success,
A FOOL OF FORTUNE,
By Martha Morton.
Monday, April 5th,
THOMAS Q. SEABROOKE in THE SPECULATOR.
Prices will be 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
SEATS ON SALE NOW.
Thursday afternoon, April 8—Benefit Actors' Fund.
Sunday, April 11—Col. Ingersoll.

CENTURY THEATER.
De Koven and Smith's Latest Opera,
The Mandarin
Next Sunday—Stuart Robson in the Jucklins.

THE HAGAN. HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE. MATINEES DAILY.
All Laughter This Week.
10 DEETS AND DON.
20 HARRIS AND WALTERS.
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30 THE MIDGLEYS.
THE BAGGESONS

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

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You really want,
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In these

WANTS!

Any Drug Store in St. Louis is authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the Post-Dispatch. The Post-Dispatch has three telephones exclusively for handling this business.

Remember that your Druggist serves you at all hours, day or night, 365 days in the year, and especially when you are in distress. When you want anything in his line, patronize him.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

20 words or less, 5c.

BAKER—Situation wanted by boy of 19 to learn the baker trade. Ad. H. J. W., 7203 S. Broadway.

BAKER—First-class cake and bread baker, good ornamenter, wants work. Ad. 1824 Cass av.

BOOK-KEEPER—Good book-keeper and expert at figures desires position in any clerical capacity; moderate salary; best references. Ad. K 547, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, employment by experienced, competent man as book-keeper, or office work of any kind; references. Ad. M 553, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced bookkeeper with good city references will pay $25 to any one securing him a paying position. Ad. D 554, this office.

BLACKSMITH—Wanted, situation or location by general blacksmith, horseshoer and wood-worker; no objections to leaving city. Ad. B 551, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by a German coachman; care of horses, cows and housework; city references. Ad. M 550, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation by willing man; experienced, reliable; general work around private place; best city reference. Ad. T 546, this office.

DRAUGHTSMAN—Architectural draughtsman of 14 years' experience desires employment; salary nominal. Ad. N 552, this office.

ENGINEER—Wanted, situation by a practical licensed engineer; does his own repairing and firing; must have work at any moderate salary. Ad. O 549, this office.

ENGINEER—Wanted, situation by a practical licensed engineer and electrician; good reference; does his own repairing. Call or address Engineer, 923 N. 19th st.

MAN—A young man wishes position where there is chance of advancement. Ad. C 551, this office.

MAN—Situation wanted by middle-aged man to do gardening and work about house. Call at 2527 Taylor av.

MAN—Wanted, situation by educated German; trustworthy, industrious; worked in wholesale house, saloon and grocery; city refs.; moderate salary. Ad. G 549, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by middle-aged German; handy around house, garden or farm work; small salary. Call or address 1012 Biddle st.

MAN—Young man wants position, understands care of horses and can make himself useful. Ad. O 551, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situation by man and wife to work on farm. Ad. T 551, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situation by man and wife to work around house; woman good cook; man good yardman and gardener; thoroughly understands care of horses. Ad. T 552, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situations in private family by competent colored man and wife; first-class cook, coachman, houseman; city references. Address 2226½ Adams st.

PORTER—Wanted, situation by young man, aged 21, as saloon porter; will furnish good recommendations. Call or address John Goettelman, 8263 Prairie av.

STENOGRAPHER—And office assistant wants position; good education and excellent references; in or out of city; $10. Ad. K 544, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Situation wanted by experienced stenographer and office man for part or all day; excellent references. Ad. G 551, this office.

TOOL DRESSER—Wanted, position as tool dresser for machinist's or stonecutter's tools. Ad. J. C. Vincent, Rubyville, Tenn.

WATCHMAKER—Wanted, situation by experienced watchmaker, or assistant in store; first-class city reference. Ad. N 553, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Of 21 wishes a position of any kind. Ad. C 550, this office.

$10.00 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Meserits Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$2.50 UP—Pants to order. Meserits Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th, cor. Olive. 2d floor.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

14 words or less, 10c.

A GREAT GIT—Learn the barber trade thoroughly in 8 weeks; write for catalogue. Moler's Barber College, 11th and Franklin av.

BARBER WANTED—Good, first-class barber for steady work. 2617 N. Garrison av.

BARBER WANTED—A first-class barber this evening; bring tools. 1500 N. Jefferson.

COOK WANTED—Short order cook, male or female. 6107 Horton pl. Take Suburban cars.

DENTIST WANTED—Must be fine operator; no student. Apply Boston Steam Dental Rooms, 615 Olive st.

FREE treatment for all private, blood and rectal diseases. General Dispensary, 1408 Franklin av.

GARDENER WANTED—A gardener who understands flowers and vegetables and attention to gentleman's place. Apply at Nelson's Station, St. Louis and Suburban Ry.

HUSTLERS WANTED—For sampling, distributing, sign tacking; both local and traveling; inclose stamp, references. Advertisers' Bureau, 113 W. 31st st., New York.

MAN WANTED—A good, honest man to call upon every retail grocerman in this city and give him a Columbus clock; must be well acquainted with the retail grocer trade. J. H. Stagg, 1512 Olive st.

MAN WANTED—A man to take care of an invalid and work about place; must understand milking; bring references. Apply Post-office, Normandy, Missouri.

MAN WANTED—Some sodding done. 3833 Windsor pl. Reinhardt.

MAN WANTED—A sober, wide-awake, up-to-date hotel man to take charge of a hotel in a spring town; must be married, reliable and come well recommended; to the right man a good layout will be given. Ad. M 548, this office.

OX-BLOOD TAN—Looks and feels like a $5 shoe; choice of 13 toe shapes, $2.95. Harris, $4 shoe man, 520 Pine.

PHOTOGRAPHER WANTED—Operator for speculation views. 1122 S. 8th st.

SALESMEN WANTED—$100 to $123 per month and exp.; staple line; position perm., pleasant and desirable. Ad. King Mfg. Co., T 167 Chicago.

WANTED—AN IDEA—Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize and list of inventions wanted.

YOUNG MAN WANTED—For bootblack stand. Call at once at 212 N. 7th st. Ask for Mr. Klyman.

HYPNOTISM TAUGHT PRIVATELY.

and scientifically to persons of good moral character only by Wm. A. Barnes, Specialist, 2639 Washington av.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

Laboring Men and Women.

In spite of the fight now being made by the St. Louis Medical Society against the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Hospital Ticket Association, for the benefit of the doctors and against the laboring classes, we are still in the race, and have been from the start, and will be at the finish. Now is the time. Rally to the support of those who are working for your benefit.

C. B. ELLIOTT, Supt. and General Manager, 948 Chestnut st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

20 words or less, 5c.

COOK—Wanted, situation by reliable girl to cook, wash and iron; refs. given. 1124 Pine st.

COOK—Wanted, situation as first-class cook. 2710 N. Taylor av.

CASHIER—Young lady desires situation as cashier in hotel or restaurant; good security. Ad. K 552, this office.

CHAMBERMAID—Wanted, position as experienced tray waitress or chambermaid. Ad. E 552, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Fashionable dressmaker wishes work by the day; or will sew at home. Ad. A. Burns, 4142 Easton av.

DRESSMAKER—Fashionable dressmaker will go out or take sewing in at lowest prices; good fit guaranteed. 2838 Olive st.

GIRL—A good, reliable girl wants permanent situation in store to sew or try saleslady. Ad. F 551, this office.

GIRLS—Wanted, situations by two steady girls; one as cook and laundress, other as housegirl; good refs.; city or country. Ad. G 547, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—A widow with child would like a place as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Call or write L. W., 3323 Nebraska av.

HOUSEGIRL—A good colored girl wants good situation to do housework. Call 1030 Market st., in rear.

HOUSEKEEPER—Intelligent, refined young lady desires position as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Ad. T 560, this office.

LAUNDRESS—A respectable woman wishes to take washing home. Ad. 830 S. 6th st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing by the day, or take home; also gentlemen's washing. Ad. 820 Hickory st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home or will go out. 3928 Fairfax av.

NURSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by young colored girl as nursegirl or to do light housework. Call or ad. 1306 Clark av.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, position by an accurate young lady stenographer; can read her notes, and to do office work besides. Ad. D 547, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert lady stenographer, 6 years' experience, desires position; best of references. Ad. T 560, this office.

WOMAN—Wants housecleaning by the day or week; experienced white woman; best references. Ad. 917 N. 23d st., in rear.

WAITRESS—Wanted, position as tray waitress at restaurant or hotel; experience. Ad. D 552, this office.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Gas, gasoline and cook stove repairs; gasoline stoves fixed to burn gas. J. Forshaw, 111 N. 12th.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

14 words or less, 10c.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook; also dining-room girl, with references. 1714 Locust st.

COOK WANTED—A good German cook. 2107 Park.

COOK WANTED—A good cook in small family; no washing or ironing. 4216 Cook av.

GIRLS WANTED—To sew shop coats. 3506 S. Jefferson av.

GIRLS WANTED—Two machine girls, two basters, one handsewer on vests; experienced. 1801 S. 9th, 2d floor.

GIRL WANTED—Good servant girl. 524 Newstead.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Housegirl. 1707 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl, German preferred, for general housework; family of two; must sleep at home. Call in morning, 1806A Papin st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 4101 Maryland av.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Young lady as housekeeper for young widower; light work. Ad. H 552, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 2842 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl about 14 years old, to help around the house; must sleep at home. 920 N. 15th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework; small family. 4357 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Call at 2910 Michigan av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A German housegirl; must wash and iron. 2107 Park av.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A white laundress for Mondays and Tuesdays. 4411 Westminster pl.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A nursegirl to take care of a child and sleep at home. 3706 Laclede av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—A white or colored girl, from 15 to 16 years old, as nurse. 814 Carr st.

SEAMSTRESSES WANTED—23 pantsmakers, at once, at Premium Mfg. Co., 1008 St. Charles st.

SEAMSTRESSES WANTED—50 overall makers, at once, at Premium Mfg. Co., 1008 St. Charles st.

WOMAN WANTED—Woman for general housework. Apply Polyclinic Hospital, Jefferson and Lucas.

WOMAN WANTED—An elderly woman capable to take charge of rooming-house. 1416 Washington.

WOMAN WANTED—Settled, competent colored woman for general housework. 4252 Morgan st.

WOMAN WANTED—A middle-aged woman to do general housework; white preferred. Call at 1922 Carr st.

AGENTS WANTED.

14 words or less 20 cents.

AGENTS WANTED—$75 a month and expenses paid active men if right; goods sold by sample only; samples, also horse and carriage furnished free. Ad. Jobber, Box 5308, Boston, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND.

14 words or less, 10c.

Lost.

CHARM—Lost, watch charm; gold, with F. C. B. on face; ruby stones; between Maple and Suburban tracks, on Goodfellow. Return to 710 Commercial Bldg., and receive liberal reward.

COW—Lost, red cow. Liberal reward if returned to 6121 Ella av.

DOG—Lost, silver-coated terrier; long tail and ears. Liberal reward to party returning same to 1038 Leonard av.

DOG—Lost, white dog, with 2 black spots on head, with collar. 2003 Franklin av.

DOG—Lost, a fox terrier, white, with tan on left side of head; reward if returned. Aug. A. Busch, Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association.

LORGNETTES—Lost, Friday afternoon, a pair of gold lorgnettes, on Broadway, between Steinberg's and Planters' Hotel. Reward if returned to 4346 Olive st., 2d flat, or Post-Dispatch.

PUP—Lost, strayed or stolen, from 4484 West Pine st., tan pug pup, with pink nose, about 6 months old. Reward.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.

BUSINESS—For sale, cheap, ice, wood and coal business. Call at 2021 Kosciusko st.

BOARDING-HOUSE—For sale, fashionable boarding-house, clearing $50 a month. Ad. B 552, this office.

MEAT MARKET—For sale, cheap, meat market; must sell Saturday; rent $10; good stand. Call 3713 N. 9th st.

FOR RENT ROOMS, ETC.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

BROADWAY, 513 S.—Nice, clean furnished rooms for 1 or 2 gents; $1.25 and $1.50 per week.

CHESTNUT ST., 1411—Nice, clean, furnished rooms for housekeeping; every convenience; see them.

CAROLINE ST., 2809—Nicely furnished front room or back room; gas, bath; rent reasonable.

CHESTNUT ST., 1002—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or gents.

CARR ST., 1909—Rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; $1.25 per week and up.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1221—2 front connecting rooms, furnished for housekeeping; also single rooms.

EASTON AV., 3025—4 nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also other rooms.

EASTON AV., 3005—Call and see our clean, light, well furnished rooms; conveniences; reasonable.

EUGENIA ST., 2136—Unfurnished second-story front and connecting rooms.

FRANKLIN AV., 2201—2 front rooms, furnished complete for housekeeping; fuel and light; $2.50.

GAMBLE AND GLASGOW, N. E. COR.—Two neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

HICKORY ST., 929A—Fine furnished room; neat, clean and can't be beat for $8 per month.

JEFFERSON AV., 227 S.—Nicely furnished or unfurnished rooms.

JEFFERSON AV., 235 S.—3 nice, large unfurnished rooms; bath, laundry; rent reasonable.

KENNETT PL., 1820—Furnished rooms; one 2d-story front room, in private family.

LEFFINGWELL AV., 1712—3 rooms and basement; stable for 2 horses and wagon; $14.50.

LOCUST ST., 2626—Nicely furnished large second-story front and other rooms.

LOCUST ST., 3023—Pleasant room and good accommodations.

LUCAS AV., 2933—Elegant rooms, 2d story front and others, en suite or single.

LEONARD AV., 1129 N.—2 or 3 rooms, 2d floor; 2 rooms on 3d floor; with water.

LOCUST ST., 2616—Nicely furnished room; good neighborhood; private family; home comforts.

LUCAS AV., 2704—Neatly furnished front and connecting room, second floor, complete for light housekeeping.

MARKET ST., 2361—Nicely furnished front rooms, for gents or light housekeeping.

OLIVE ST., 2100—Newly furnished front rooms in a new corner house; modern improvements.

OLIVE ST., 2641—2 connecting rooms, furnished for housekeeping; single rooms, $8; 2d floor.

OLIVE ST., 2826—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping and roomers; $1.25 per week and up.

OLIVE ST., 3609—Newly furnished rooms; gas, bath; private family; no children.

OLIVE ST., 1800—Pleasant 2d-story front room for gentlemen; near Union Station.

PINE ST., 1016—Large furnished rooms, suitable for three separate beds; $1 each.

PINE ST., 2026—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping or roomers.

PINE ST., 1125—Single rooms, $1.50, $1 week; large front room, 2 or 4 gents.

PAPIN ST., 1418—2 rooms, furnished complete for housekeeping; $2.75 per week.

PINE ST., 2129—Two beautiful connecting unfurnished rooms, second-story front and back, with large alcove; hot bath.

PINE ST., 2129—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas, hot bath.

RUSSELL AV., 2811—Young couple owning large home have two elegantly furnished rooms to rent; references exchanged. Mrs. L. O. Whittier.

ROOM—Newly furnished front room. Ad. 604 N. 15th st.

ROOMS—Furnished rooms for gentlemen at W. Vogel's, 7th and Chestnut sts.

THOMAS ST., 2843—3 unfurnished, also 2 unfurnished rooms; water and bath free.

UTAH ST., 2707—4 rooms; front and back entrances; with attic; cheap.

WASHINGTON AV., 1516—2d-story front room, elegantly furnished; all conveniences.

12TH ST., 113 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping and roomers; $1.25 per week and up.

14TH ST., 201 S.—Furnished rooms; also for light housekeeping; $1.50 up; no children; hall-room, 75 cents.

16TH ST., 1439½ N.—Nicely furnished front room and complete kitchen; to couple, $3; or front room to gents, $2.50 per week.

23D ST., 824 N.—2 nice large rooms, 2d floor, fronting on Franklin; rent $9; doors open.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.

14 words or less, 10c.

BOARD—2 young men can find first-class board; nice front room; southern exposure; $25 each; private family. Call at 5181 Vernon av.

CLARK AV., 2715—Neatly furnished rooms, with excellent board, $3.50 to $4 per week.

CLARK AV., 2132—2 neatly furnished front rooms, suitable for 2 or 4 gents, with good board; $4 per week each.

CARDINAL AV., 1020 N.—Nicely furnished front room; conveniences; 1 or 2 gents; children to board.

DOLMAN ST., 1026—Large, pleasant, well furnished 2d-story front, with board, for 2 gentlemen or couple; large lawn; southern exposure; central and convenient location; private family.

EASTON AV., 3082—Furnished rooms for rent for gents or lady; board if desired; southern exposure.

KENNETT L. P., 1825—Nicely furnished room, with good board; terms reasonable; convenient to cars.

LOUISIANA AV., 1900—Opposite Park, Compton Hill—Rooms, single or en suite, with board.

LOCUST ST., 3048—Beautiful, bright rooms; excellent table; all modern conveniences.

LOCUST ST., 2806—Rooms, with board; modern furniture; table d'hote Sundays, 1 o'clock; moderate charges.

LUCAS AV., 3038—Large 2d-story front for 2; also large side room; good board.

LOCUST ST., 1728—Furnished front and back rooms, and strictly first-class board; choice location; conv's.

LOCUST ST., 2812—Handsomely furnished front rooms, 2d and 3d floors; all conveniences; first-class board; for gentlemen; reasonable.

LOCUST ST., 2631—Nicely furnished room, with or without board; excellent board.

OLIVE ST., 1707—Suite of rooms, and others, with or without board.

ROOM—Nicely furnished front room, with alcove; corner house; modern improvements; suitable for couple; no children; good board; reasonable; vicinity Vandeventer and St. Louis ave.; convenient to Fair Grounds. Ad. S 552, this office.

PINE ST., 3146—Handsomely furnished second floor front room, with or without board; all modern conveniences; other rooms; references.

WASHINGTON AV., 2802—Elegant front room, first-class board; day boarders accommodated.

WASHINGTON AV., 3223—Elegant 1st and 2d-floor rooms; also single room; private; first-class accommodations; choice table board if desired; references.

FLATS FOR RENT.

14 words or less 10c.

COTE BRILLIANTE AV., 4442—1st and 2d floor, 3 rooms and laundry. Keys next door east; rent $12.50. Bradley & Quinette, 715 Chestnut st.

CLARK AV., 2349A—Nice four-room flat; all conveniences.

DICKSON ST., 2420—For rent, to a nice, quiet family, no children, 3 rooms, first floor; water, bath, gas, hall, laundry; $12.

GARRISON AV., 602 S.—3 rooms, 1st floor, $7; 2d floor, $6.50. Keys at 602.

HAMILTON AV., 926—Nice new 5-room flat; bath, hot and cold water; $16. Keeley & Co., 1118 Chestnut st.

KENNERLY AV., 3936—3 rooms, first floor; rent only $9. Harris & Wengler, 927 Chestnut st.

MORGAN ST., 2734—An elegant 5-room flat, with all improvements.

NEWSTEAD AV., 4114—4 elegant rooms; bath and laundry; $14; Lindell or Union cars.

THEODOSIA AV., 5303—Modern flat of 3 large rooms and handsome bathroom; hot and cold water; splendid condition; rent $13.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

14 words or less, 10c.

BOARD—Gentleman would like board and lodging in Catholic family; West End; no other boarders; state terms. Ad. L 551, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD—Lady desires pleasant room and board between Sarah st. and Taylor av. and Olive st. and Laclede av. Ad. P 551, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

14 words or less, 10c.

RESIDENCE—Wanted, a residence for select boarding-house; not less than 14 rooms. Ad. F 552, this office.

ROOM—Gentleman wants nicely furnished room, with privileges, in West End; permanent if suited. Ad. G 553, this office.

ROOM—Wanted, unfurnished 2d-story room in West End, by quiet couple in strictly private family; board for lady. Ad. K 554, this office.

ROOM—Wanted, room by quiet transient couple, near Chouteau av., with privileges. Ad. W 551, this office.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

FURNISHED HOUSE—Nicely furnished 8-room house for rent, on account of owner leaving city; all modern conveniences; large yard, stable; Grand av., near Lafayette. For information apply Saturday or Sunday at 1601 S. Grand av.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

COOK AV., 3617—The house and location are good; all conveniences; see premises.

CHESTNUT ST., 2642—Convenient 6-room house; bath, laundry, cellar, gas. M. Dougherty, 1200 Pine.

HICKORY ST., 1019—8-room house; all conveniences; low rent. Apply at 1809 Hickory st.

HOUSE—For rent or lease, a nice home of eight (8) rooms, with gas, bath, hot and cold water; 1416 Hickory st. Apply to John Becker, Jr., 1272 S. Broadway.

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

GEYER AV., 2145—4-room flat, furnished; or furniture for sale, cheap; all modern improvements.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

14 words or less, 10c.

WALDEMAR AV., 6839—Benton Station—Furnished dwelling; nice 7-room cottage; hot and cold bath, city water; shade trees, garden; 2 blocks from street cars; right party can have this for the summer, May 1 to Oct. 1, for $100. Apply to P. B. Chase, 6th and Locust sts., Oriel Building.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

14 words or less, 10c.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1500—For rent or lease, a fine 3-story building. Apply to John Becker, Jr., 1272 S. Broadway, city.

EASTON AV., 4121—Fine store; best stand for retail trade; cheap. See Ruler, 4101 Easton av.

TO PRINTERS.

We are prepared to do Composition in

Agate,
Nonpareil,
Minion,
Brevier,
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Small Pica,

Any Measure. Special prices given on large orders.

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DR. E. C. CHASE

DENTIST,

Sixth and Locust, Oriel Bldg.

Largest and best equipped office in the city. Modern methods. Moderate prices. Material and work the very best. Painless extracting.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

14 words or less, 20c.

FURNITURE—Wanted, furniture, stoves, carpets at salesrooms, New York Storage Co., 22d and Wash.

FURNITURE—Wanted, seven second-hand bedroom suits; must be cheap. Ad. H. D. Smith, 4th and Locust.

LATHE—Wanted, good second-hand 14-inch screw-cutting lathe; 4-foot bed. Ad. C 549, this office.

WALL CASE—Wanted, to buy a 4 or 6-foot wall case, oak; cheap. Ad. P 553, this office.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.

CLIPPERS—For sale, horse clippers in good order; cheap. See at Jos. L. Ashby, 309 N. 12th st.

EGGS—For sale, eggs from barred Plymouth Rock, S. C. W. and B. Leghorns; first-class stock; $1.50 per 15. 6908 Hancock av.

OFFICE FIXTURES—For sale, Handsome office railing, 2 adjustable gates; upright center showcase, oak tables; big bargains. D. J. Blanke's Insurance Agency, 415 Locust st., Room 202.

CHANDELIERS.

Save Factory. Buy direct from the manufacturer. The Belle-Rickey Mfg. Co., 706-710 St. Charles.

BICYCLES.

14 words or less, 20c.

BICYCLE—For sale, $100 Victor, first-class order, $25; $40 Meacham hammerless gun, $20. 421 N. 7th st.

BICYCLE—For sale, bicycle, good condition, $12. Call at 3518 S. Broadway, upstairs.

WATCH—Highest quality gold-filled gentleman's watch to trade for bicycle. Ad. O 540, this office.

REPLATE your own WHEEL SPOKES with Liquid Silver and protect with Hydro-Silicon. Price complete, $1.00. The W. A. WARNER CO., Bridgeport, Conn.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

14 words or less, 20c.

Wanted.

HORSE—Wanted, good horse, wagon and harness for commission business; must be good and cheap. Drive to 925 N. 3d st.

WAGON—Wanted, one 1-horse platform stake wagon, new or second-hand; also one set good single harness for above wagon; must be cheap for cash. Address full particulars to Lock Box 12, Wellsville, Mo.

For Sale.

MULE—For sale, mule, wagon and harness. Call at 5433 N. Broadway.

WAGON—For sale, one open-spring hand-made wagon, 4 months old; or will exchange for storm buggy. Call 721 N. 28th, 12 o'clock Monday.

DANCING.

14 words or less, 20c.

DANCING—Stage and fancy; latest novelties taught daily at Grahame's Hall, 1306 Olive. Call for terms.

DANCING—Waltz and two-step taught in private lessons, $3; all hours; 10 class lessons, $2.50; grand reception every Tuesday and Saturday evening. Prof. De Honey's Academy, 1302 Olive st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

14 words or less, 20c.

MEDIUM—Consult Prof. Howland, the marvelous; residence 2237 Olive st. Hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; parlors so arranged you meet no strangers; business sacred and confidential; mild in attendance.

INFORMATION WANTED.

14 words or less, 20c.

IF JAMES J. DOYLE, electrotyper and printer, formerly of New York City, will address his brother, Thomas J. Doyle, 610 Spruce st., Philadelphia, Pa., he will hear of something to his advantage; other papers please copy.

PERSONAL.

14 words or less, 20c.

PERSONAL—Lady who took Suburban car at Newstead av. Friday noon, noticed gentleman who got off same car, address in confidence S 551, this office.

PERSONAL—Will lady who noticed gent, 6th and Washington av., at noon Thursday, grant interview? Ad. R 551, this office.

PERSONAL—"St. Louis:" Would like to see you Saturday, the 3d, 5:30, same place. "Cinderella."

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

14 words or less, 20c.

DIVORCES A SPECIALTY; easy terms; confidential. Law office, 1002 Olive st., second floor.

ALL private matters, pimples, sores, discharges, etc., treated free; either sex; cure guaranteed; small charge for med. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th.

DR. MARY JOHNSON receives during confinement; special treatment by mail. 827 S. 18th st.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, 2701 Morgan st., boards ladies during con.; treats female diseases; ladies in trouble call or write; consultation free; reas. rates.

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC treatment; $1. Mme. Sheva, 1033 Franklin av.

LADIES in trouble won't regret calling on Mrs. Bridges, 1204 Chouteau av.; terms reasonable.

LADIES in trouble will not regret calling at 2208 Olive st.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in diseases; ladies in trouble call. 2201 Olive st.

MASSAGE and magnetic treatment for rheumatism and nervousness. 1624 Pine st., formerly of Erie st., Cleveland O.

MASSAGE, vapor baths for rheumatism, nervousness and tired feeling. Mrs. Gray, 1628 Pine.

MEDICAL MASSAGE INSTITUTE, 2602 Olive—Swedish movements; Turkish, Russian, medicated, electric baths; manicuring, chiropody; chronic diseases. Miss Rose, masseuse; treatments, $1.

MASSAGE and magnetic treatment given by Mrs. Francis, 1003½ N. Broadway.

MRS. RENNEKAMP, midwife; private home for ladies before and during confinement; reasonable terms. 2925 Franklin av.

MRS. DR. HOGAN receives before and during confinement; homes for infants if desired; ladies call or write; confidential. 2829 Market st.

OLD DR. WARD, 1503 Washington av.—Lady or gent in trouble from any cause call or write; 40 years' experience; guarantee results.

RELIEF, Ladies—Mrs. Dr. A. Dale's No. 2 "Egyptian" brand Pennyroyal Cotton Root Pills guaranteed superior to any other known regulator—removes irregularities, any cause. Married ladies, don't worry; 2 in a small—$2 (No. 1 $1). Ad. all orders to Dale Medicine Co., Room A, 914½ Olive st., St. Louis. City patrons may get them of R. H. Cree, druggist, 4908A Easton, or The Beauty Doctor, 1731 S. Jefferson, or H. Converse, Druggist, cor. Taylor and Cottage avs.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., Printers, 815 Locust st.

LADIES A friend in need is a friend indeed. If you want a Regulator that never fails, ad. Woman's Medical Home, Buffalo, N. Y.

Brass Refinishing and Plating.

Chandeliers and brass work refinished and replated. FAY GAS FIXTURE CO., 1126 Olive st.

MISSOURI LAW BUREAU,

1007 CHEMICAL BUILDING, 8TH AND OLIVE. If you are in any trouble call. Consultations free. All forms of law business in all courts by competent attorneys. Kind and courteous treatment.

IT TELLS ONE WHERE HE'S "AT."

THE P.-D. OWL CAR TIME TABLE.

—Made to Fit the Vest Pocket.—Call for One.—

MUSICAL.

14 words or less, 20c.

KIESELHORST'S, 1000 Olive st., sell and rent first-class pianos very cheap.

PIANO—For sale at once, a square piano; cheap. 1827 S. Compton.

PIANOS, organs, low prices; easy terms; pianos rented and tuned. The Eaton Co., 916 Olive st.

ALL SORTS.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE-BUILDING CO.—Office No. 513 Walnut st. Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at the option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

RELIGIOUS.

OWING to sudden illness of Prof. Adler of New York, Prof. H. C. Ives will address the Ethical Society at Memorial Hall Sunday morning, April 4, at 11 o'clock.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal avs.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening at the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.

14 words or less 20 cents.

MAFFITT AV., 4544—For sale, lot 25x145, with frame house; cheap. Inquire in the house.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

14 words or less, 20c.

GRAVEL roofs repaired. Excelsior Roofing Co., 802 Chestnut st. Telephone 725.

FARMS FOR SALE.

14 words or less 20 cents.

FARM—For sale, a good farm; centrally and well located. Ad. L 553, this office.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

14 words or less, 20c.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS on furniture and pianos; payments arranged in any manner desired by borrower. Guarantee Storage Co., Royal Building, 2d floor, 110 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN—On furniture and pianos; any amount you desire, without removal from house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; money given same day applied for. John C. King, 1303 Washington av. Business private.

MONEY to loan on furniture without removal; interest 8 per cent per annum. 810 Security building, corner 4th and Locust sts.

MONEY ON EASY TERMS—A gentleman having some surplus funds will lend $10 and upwards on furniture, pianos, bicycles, etc. Call or address 1015 Morgan st.

PERSONS temporarily embarrassed can secure loans on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal or any inconvenience to the borrower; low rates; polite treatment. No. 810 Security bldg., corner 4th and Locust sts.

PRIVATE party will advance money on pianos, furniture, etc., without removal; strictly confidential; no mortgages recorded; it will pay you to see me before you close a loan, as I can and will save you money. 810 Security building, corner 4th and Locust sts.

YOU CAN BORROW MONEY through the Fidelity Brokerage Co., 802 Chestnut st., room 1, on your furniture, piano or bicycle at lowest possible rates; easy payments; no extra charges; you get the full amount you borrow.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1102 Pine st.

STORAGE.

14 words or less, 20c.

AMERICAN STORAGE AND MOVING CO., 2815 Olive—Moving, packing and shipping; storage in separate rooms. Tel. 1880. W. H. Langdale, President.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable; clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Valuable goods our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive st.

FIDELITY STORAGE, PACKING & MOVING CO.,

1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.

Branch office, 1109 Pine st. Phones 2690 and 4101.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF THROUGH TRAINS AT UNION STATION, ST. LOUIS TIME.

For schedule of suburban trains see regular railroad time cards.

AIR LINE.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE & ST. LOUIS CONSOLIDATED RAILROAD.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Mail and Express, da.	7:40 am	7:26 am
Louisville Express, daily	8:35 pm	6:20 pm

BLUFF LINE.

ST. L., C. & ST. P. R. R.—UNION STATION.

Alton, Jerseyville, Grafton and Springfield daily, ex. Sunday	6:50 am	7:15 pm
Alton, Jerseyville, Grafton and Springfield, daily, ex. Sunday	5:12 pm	11:16 am

B. & O. S. W. RY.

Cincinnati Local Ex., ex. Sun.	7:16 am	6:28 pm
Royal Blue Flyer, Cincinnati, Louisville, Washington, Baltimore and New York, daily	8:20 am	6:40 pm
Cincinnati, Louisville and Pittsburg Express, daily	8:30 pm	7:12 am
Cincinnati, Louisville, Washington and New York Fast Line, daily	3:00 am	7:12 am
Flora (Ill.) Accommodation, except Sunday	5:50 pm	8:32 am
Fast Mail and Express, daily		12:40 pm

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

Day Express, daily	7:28 am	5:44 pm
Knickerbocker Special, daily	12:00 m	6:56 pm
Mattoon Accom., daily, ex. Sun.	4:20 pm	9:56 am
Boston, New York, Cincinnati & Washington Ex., daily	8:25 pm	7:30 am

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.—UNION STATION.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, daily	11:50 am	3:17 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Montana, North Pacific Coast, Black Hills and California Express, daily	8:45 pm	7:19 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk and Burlington Night Ex., daily	7:40 pm	6:50 am
Kansas City, Atchison, St. Joseph, daily	7:41 am	8:10 pm
Fast Mail—Hannibal, Quincy & Burlington	2:55 am	
Local Passenger from Hannibal, daily		11:18 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis, daily except Saturday	7:40 pm	

C., B. & Q. R. R.

Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express, daily	8:21 am	8:21 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg, Peoria Express, daily	8:10 pm	7:05 am

CLOVER LEAF.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY RY.

Mail and Express, daily	7:44 am	5:56 pm
Toledo Express, daily	7:01 pm	7:40 am
Indianapolis Night Express	7:01 p

NO MONEY FOR BLALOCK.

Coroner Wait's Assistant Stenographer Qualified Too Late.

Frank E. Blalock, Coroner Walter Wait's assistant stenographer, will not be paid for the six weeks' toil, unless the Coroner and the hard-worked regular stenographer, C. Haizlip, pay him.

Auditor Joseph Brown has ruled that the voucher cannot be approved, and his decision is final.

Blalock did not qualify till Friday, consequently the Auditor refused to pay him for work done before then. He will have to appeal to the courts, unless he can convince the Municipal Assembly that he earned the money and secure the passage of a relief bill.

The records of the Health Department do not show the need of an assistant stenographer during the last six weeks. There has been no epidemic of murders, suicides and accidents.

In February seventy-five inquests were held. Nine were homicides, nine suicides and nineteen accidents. In March there were ten homicides, ten suicides and twenty accidents. In January the total was eighty-one.

During the rest of the fiscal year the total ranged from sixty in September to 140 in May.

During all that times Mr. Haizlip was receiving fees for his work. The more work he did the more fees he got. He did not need an assistant then.

One result of nthe incident may be that Mr. Haizlip will be required to put in regular hours at the office, like other city employes. At present he is said to do outside work.

PROSECUTED HER STEPSON.

The Second Mrs. Hart Claims That She Is Badly Treated.

The testimony given in the Biddle Street Police Court Saturday morning in the case of John Hart, charged with disturbing the peace of his stepmother, Mrs. Mary Hart of 4648 Easton avenue, partially developed some sensational details of the family war now in progress.

Judge Stevenson declined to admit some of Mrs. Hart's statements as evidence, and she was advised to institute criminal proceedings in a higher court. She accuses her stepson of attempting a capital crime.

In the disturbance of the peace proceedings she alleged that Hart came to her home Friday afternoon to take away his father, accusing her of neglecting him. The elder Hart is an invalid and is reported to own considerable property. His wife claims John and his sister, Mrs. Pat Sullivan, of 4882 Easton avenue, think their father is about to die and fears he will leave the bulk of his money to her. To frustrate this she says they conceived the idea of removing the old man to the daughter's house, and let the stepmother get along the best she could.

According to Mrs. Hart the invalid was removed from his home last January, but returned Friday. In the afternoon John came to take his father away. She refused to permit it, and says he cursed and attempted to strike her.

He was fined $10.

GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

Union Believes the Concessions Will Be Granted This Evening.

Chairman Ben Stone of Local Union No. 105, United Garment Workers of America, said Saturday morning he expected the strike inaugurated Friday would practically end Saturday evening. Committees from the strikers have conferred with the larger dealers, who, the men say, have virtually agreed to restore wages to what they were in the spring of 1886. The only impediment to an early adjustment of the difficulty seems to be that some of the men think manufacturers sign an agreement to employ only union labor. A clause in the agreement leaves the settlement of all difficulties to a board of arbitration.

Some of the dealers do not like this, but the workers are firm and will remain out all summer if the point is not gained. It is the intention to allow the men to return to work as the respective employers meet the union's demand. Saturday 450 men in all were out, twenty-five quitting their benches Friday evening. Many are yet working, and will not be disturbed, as it is thought enough are out to insure victory.

MRS. FULTON TOOK POISON.

She Left a Note Directing the Disposition of Her Things.

Deputy Coroner Gast on Saturday decided that Mrs. Teresa Fulton committed suicide by taking an irritant poison.

Mrs. Fulton died at the house of Mrs. Appel, 1923 Sidney street, Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, without medical attention.

Mrs. Kirsch of 920 North Seventeenth street testified at the inquest that she had known Mrs. Fulton for ten years. She was 35 years old, a native of Illinois, and a widow. Her husband, who died two years ago, was formerly a carpenter at 1924 Biddle street. Mrs. Fulton had been supporting herself by washing. Last Wednesday she left Mrs. Kirsch's house, saying she was going to visit Mrs. Appel. When Mrs. Kirsch learned of her death, she searched for Mrs. Fulton's letters, and in one of her bureau drawers discovered the following, written in lead pencil, on one of her husband's old bill heads:

This is my will. Please send my things home to my sister's. My two trunks and other things. Ellen has my two watches. I want them sent to my sister's, in New Orleans, 1042 Magazine street. This is my wish. MRS. FULTON.

LITTLE BLANCHE MATLACK.

She Will Be Placed in the Sacred Heart Convent.

Application was made to Circuit Judge Talty Saturday by Ellwood V. Matlack for an order directing that Blanche Matlack be placed in the Sacred Heart Convent, St. Louis, instead of in the convent at Kaskaskia, Ill., as was directed by the court on Mrs. Ella M. Matlack's application several weeks ago.

Judge Talty refused to make the order. Judge Henry L. Edmunds, who represents Mr. Matlack in the divorce proceedings, informed the court that the original order had not been complied with. Matlack's lawyer explained that this had been found to be impossible, but that the child was now with Mrs. Sarah Matlack. The latter is the co-respondent in Mrs. Matlack's cross bill. An agreement was finally reached whereby Blanche will be placed in the Sacred Heart Convent without an order of court.

AFTER BARRETT'S SCALP.

Editor of Bearings in Hot Water for His Political Enthusiasm.

In view of the active interest St. Louis wheelmen are taking in politics this year, the news from Chicago that George K. Barrett has got himself into trouble for "offensive partisanship" is something of a sensation.

Barrett is editor of Bearings, the widely known cycling publication, and was responsible, it is claimed, for a circular issued in the interest of Carter H. Harrison, the free silver Democratic candidate for Mayor of Chicago. Republican and Independent wheelmen resented what they claim is an attempt to drag the L. A. W. and A. C. C. into politics, and have requested President Potter of the League to suspend the cyclist politician.

A meeting of the L. A. W. leaders in Chicago last night was a succession of stormy scenes. The Barrett circular was repudiated and another document issued which is virtually an indorsement of the Republican candidate for Mayor.

Political Notes.

The Precinct Committeemen of the Fourteenth and Sixteenth Wards met last night and indorsed Harrison.

A meeting of colored voters held at 1302 Washington avenue, Friday night, indorsed Harrison and the regular Democratic ticket. J. G. Horton presided and C. C. Rankin acted as Secretary. The speakers were John W. Wright, C. C. Rankin, J. J. Jones, Rev. T. C. Nichols, C. Fleming, Nathaniel Jackson, George B. Vashon and James Boadley.

Capt. John F. Hinckley, candidate for President of the Board of Public Improvements on both the regular Democratic and the Meriwether tickets, will draw a large number of Republican votes. The labor element is also throwing a large strength to him. The molders, sewer builders and other labor organizations have indorsed the Captain.

GOT AN INJUNCTION.

Sand Company Objects to Destruction by the Wiggins Company.

The Interstate Sand and Car Transfer Co. obtained an injunction in Judge Woods' Court Saturday, restraining the Wiggins Ferry Co. from tearing down certain inclines and cradles in North St. Louis. The plaintiff claimed that the destruction of the inclines was in order to afford the St. Louis Transfer Railway Co. an opportunity to refuse to haul its cars.

Judge Wood issued the injunction on condition that it should not be in force if any danger threatened from the floods. At the request of Lawyer Dawson, representing the Wiggins Co., the injunction does not take effect until 5 o'clock.

UMBRELLA BOHANNON FINED.

He Would Not "Move On" and It Will Cost Him $20.

William C. Bohannon, the skeleton-umbrella demonstrator of political economy, was fined $20 by Judge Peabody Saturday on a charge of lounging.

Bohannon was arrested on Sunday, March 27, by Policeman Corcoran on the corner of Broadway and Pine, where he was making a speech.

Bohannon conducted his own defense, arguing that he was only enjoying his rights and not interfering with the privileges of others when he was arrested, and his arrest was an outrage.

The policeman and several citizens testified that the crowd which Bohannon had attracted and was haranguing obstructed traffic on both the sidewalk and the street, and that when the policeman asked Bohannon to move on he refused to do so. The policeman then told the crowd on the sidewalk to disperse. They did so, but Bohannon called them back and his arrest followed.

SENT TO ST. CHARLES.

Disposition of the Von der Ahe-Kaiser Breach of Promise Suit.

An order was entered in Judge Spencer's division of the Circuit Court Saturday sending the $20,000 breach of promise suit of Anna Kaiser vs. Chris Von der Ahe to St. Charles County for trial. Before the order was made, Von der Ahe's attorney, William A. Kinnerk, sought to amend his motion for a change of venue so that the case could be sent to Judge Vallhant for trial. Judge Spencer refused to permit this, on the ground that having granted the change of venue several days ago, the case was out of his jurisdiction. The statement was made that Von der Ahe's unwillingness to have the case heard in St. Charles County was due to the difficulty of securing a special jury there.

Building Permits.

F. W. Chapman, north side St. Ferdinand, between Newstead and Taylor, one-story brick dwelling, $1,600.

J. E. Sprague, north side Clemmons, between Delmar and Hamilton, two and one-half-story brick dwelling, $2,000.

O. Weber, north side Armand, between California and Ohio, two-story brick dwelling, $2,500. F. J. Wall, contractor.

A. E. Gilbert, south side Arco, between Newstead and Taylor, two-story brick flats, $16,000. A. H. Hacseler, contractor.

A. Scholl, east side Sixth, between Rutger and Park, two-story brick addition to dwelling $800. Stosberg & Haase, contractors.

Herman Jansen, north side Gasconade, between Pennsylvania and Minnesota, two-story brick dwelling, $1,200. Thos. Karos, contractor.

Crown Cereal Company, west side Theresa, near Missouri Pacific tracks, two-story brick addition to mill, $1,800. J. M. Kingsly & Co., contractors.

St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Association, north side Locust, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, one-story brick machinery building, $10,000. Hill-O'Meara Construction Company, contractors.

Treasury's Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3.—To-day's statement of the condition of the Treasury shows available cash balance $24,142,012; gold reserve, $151,705,216.

Auditorium Wall Blown Down.

The south wall of the Auditorium was blown down by the strong wind at 1:30 Saturday afternoon. No one was hurt.

BURIAL PERMITS.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

TENA KARR, 26, 3515 Cass; consumption.

FRANK J. OTT, 3, 2110 De Kalb; accident

LIZZIE WINTERS, 74, Female Hospital; colitis.

S. W. JACKELS, 40, 3117 Vine Grove; nephritis.

ANN WALSH, 68, 3810 Laclede; softening of brain.

MARY E. WILKES, 50, 2010 Hereford; pneumonia.

IRENE EHLER, 5 months, 2838 Missouri; pneumonia.

HARRY H. BALDWIN, 36, 1414 Newstead; pneumonia.

FRED SCHLEITER, 60, 121 South Second; pneumonia.

CHARLES R. BEVENS, 32, 2110 Wash; pneumonia.

PATRICK MOORE, 72, 2209 Hebert; pneumonia.

EDWARD J. RUSSELL, 16, 1015 Gratiot; consumption.

EDWIN S. WHYTE, 6 months, 2105 Wash; consumption.

ARTHUR B. THOMAS, 10 days, 1301 Morgan; lockjaw.

HENRY HAENICHEN, 66, 5086 Minerva; heart disease.

DAVID PURDY, 64, 4278 Natural Bridge; malarial fever.

MARY KRIEGER, 7 months, 910 Julia; gastro enteritis.

CAROLINE ALEXANDER, 69, 4311 McCree; la grippe.

MARY S. WISE, 48, Baptist Hospital; intestinal trouble.

LIZZIE M. STOKES, 6 months, 1806 Division; bronchitis.

PATRICK HACKETT, 46, 1312 South Third; pneumonia.

HANNAH CUNNIFF, 57, 1514 North Tenth; pneumonia.

ARTHUR JOHNSON, 42, 1831 Kennett; scirrhosis of liver.

ELIZABETH KERRIGAN, 64, 615 South Third; pericarditis.

CHARLES W. BULLEN, 43, 4071 Washington; pneumonia.

HATTIE JONES, 35, Insane Asylum; softening of brain.

GEORGE HOHMANN, 29, 1825 Carr; catarrhal pneumonia.

GEORGE H. SCHABERG, 42, 352 North Spring; pneumonia.

MAUD F. JENKENS, 16 days, Female Hospital; bronchitis.

VINCENT FARRELL, 2 months, 1236 North Tenth; inanition.

MABEL FRANCES PRICE, 8 months, 6123 Wells; pneumonia.

JOHN HYLAND, JR., 4 months, 1950 North Broadway; meningitis.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is an unexcelled medicine for children while teething.

MRS. EDWARDS GOT HER DAUGHTER.

GIRL TAKEN FROM A CONVENT BY LEGAL PROCESS.

THE MOTHER'S AWFUL CRIME.

Served a Penitentiary Sentence for Aiding in Debauching the Child She Has Recovered.

Judge William Zachritz granted a writ of habeas corpus at noon Saturday in the case of Mrs. Louise Edwards against the Mother Superior of the House of the Good Shepherd. Mrs. Edwards wanted the custody of her daughter, Lillie May Edwards, who had been in the convent since April 4, 1891.

Lillie is now 20 years old and had not seen her nor heard from her mother since she entered the convent. The reunion in Judge Zachritz's court Saturday morning was affecting. Lillie recognized her mother at once and, running to her, threw herself in her arms. Mrs. Edwards was so overjoyed at seeing her child after a sparation of six years that she was overcome and would have fallen to the floor had not her daughter and Deputy Sheriff Max Ruler supported her.

Lillie, on the other hand, was so pleased at seeing her mother and being out of the convent that she talked incessantly. Everything pleased her and she shook hands with everyone.

She is 20 years old, but she could easily pass for 16. She is short and plump, with a round face, red cheeks, and black, sparkling eyes. She was clad in a red plaid dress that only reached to her shoe tops, and added to her youthful appearance.

Judge Zachritz heard but little evidence. He merely asked the age of the girl, and when she answered 20 years, and the statement was corroborated by her mother, the court said he would grant the writ. Mrs. Edwards and Lillie embraced and arm in arm they left the court-room. Mrs. Edwards says they will go at once to Atlanta, Ga., where she lives with her father, a well-to-do merchant.

Lillie bears no ill will to the sisters. "Mother Mary Loretto, the Superior, treated me lovely at all times," she said. "The only thing they did not treat me fairly about was in keeping mama away from me and not letting her know where I was. But if I cannot say anything good about the convent I surely will not say anything bad. They took my name away from me, to be sure. I was known only as Marie. Four years ago, when mama came to see me, they sent me all the way to Peoria to keep me out of her sight. Now I have learned that she sent me dresses and things, but I never saw them. But I am glad to get away and be with mama again."

Three of Lillie's friends who had known her at the convent were in the court and enjoyed the reunion greatly.

Mrs. Edwards maintained silence almost all the time. She did not care to discuss the past, and kept the feeling was for the future. She said she had been made to suffer enough for her sin, but that was all over now, and she was happy in the knowledge that both her father and her daughter had forgiven her.

Mrs. Edwards and Lillie were separated six years ago. Mrs. Edwards was convicted of assisting in the debauchery of her daughter and was given a two-years' penitentiary sentence. The girl was sent to the House of the Good Shepherd.

After Mrs. Edwards had served her sentence she returned to the city intending to recover possession of Lillie, take her away and began life over again.

The Sisters, she claims, denied having the child and Mrs. Edwards went to her father's. She tried several times to locate her daughter and once she read of a girl having been sent from the convent. She came to St. Louis and learned that her daughter was in the convent under the name of Marie. The Sisters again denied it and the woman employed Lawyer James M. Rollins to institute habeas corpus proceedings.

The sisters answered through their attorney, Edmund Garesche. They did not want to see the girl on Mrs. Edwards, because of the crime of which she had been guilty. They said they were only acting for Marie's good. However, when Judge Zachritz gave his decision, they were content.

FOUGHT OVER MERIWETHER.

Words Lead to Blows and the Latter to the Dispensary.

John Moran, a blacksmith, 413 South Fourth street, shouted for Meriwether at Seventh street and Chouteau avenue Saturday morning. F. Sweeney yelled that Meriwether was an anarchist. From a discussion of the Mayoralty candidate the conversation drifted into personalities. From that it was a few words to blows.

Moran went to the Dispensary and had his nose dressed and a scalp wound sewed up. He told Dr. Newcomb that Sweeney hit him with a rock.

Electric Car Victim Badly Hurt.

Mabel O'Reilly, aged 7, of 1401 North Sixth street, who was injured Friday evening by being knocked down by a Southern electric car, is suffering intensely from a two-inch scalp wound and bruises in the right side. The physician is unable to tell how serious her injuries are.

Will of James Craig.

The will of the late James Craig directs the payment of $1 to William J. Craig, son of deceased, the remainder of the estate going to Mary Louise and Emma Craig, daughters.

Two Voters Restored.

James Campagno of the First Precinct of the First Ward and Pleas Doggett of the Fifth Precinct were ordered restored as their right to vote at Tuesday's election by Judge Spencer of the Circuit Court Saturday. Their names had been stricken from the registration lists.

Charles Legger Got Ten Years.

Charles Legger was convicted of murder in the second degree and his punishment fixed at ten years in the penitentiary. He killed Katie Anderson on Dec. 12, 1896, at 1435 Lucas avenue.

Burlington Route to Kansas City.

Ohio Society Incorporated.

Judge Talty of the Circuit Court granted the Ohio Society a pro forma decree of incorporation Saturday.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, April 3.

A dispatch from Minneapolis says: Spring seeding will be late in the big valleys. Red River six miles wide.

A heavy storm is said to be raging in the Southwest.

A Liverpool cable says India has bid for two cargoes of wheat off coast at 29s 6d, which is probably the reason for the Liverpool advance.

Stocks of wheat in farmers' hands in the United States are estimated by the Liverpool Corn Trade News to be 120,000,000 bu. This is thought to be much nearer the truth than the Government estimate of 88,000,000 bu.

The stocks of wheat in Manitoba, according to the Chicago Trade Bulletin, are reported at 8,000,000 bu, as compared with 8,000,000 bu a year ago. The same authority says that there is a fairly good supply of old wheat in some sections of the Middle States.

Crop reports from Ohio and Kansas indicate a full acreage and in first-class condition. Reports from Illinois and Missouri are generally bad, but reports from Indiana are conflicting.

The exports of wheat and flour from both coasts of the United States and Canada for the week were equal to 2,464,645 bu, as compared with 1,749,000 bu last week, 1,983,000 bu a year ago and 2,850,000 bu two years ago.

The exports of corn were 4,970,127 bu, as compared with 5,862,000 bu the previous week, 2,186,000 bu a year ago, and 781,000 bu two years ago.

The Argentine shipments of wheat for the week (official) were 312,000 bu, as compared with 224,000 bu for the previous week, 408,000 bu a year ago and 1,792,000 bu two years ago.

In ten weeks Argentine has shipped 1,520,000 bu of wheat, as compared with 8,752,000 bu for the same ten weeks last year.

London reports consols firm.

The closing cables were as follows:

Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet; futures firm; good demand, 1d higher. Corn—Spot steady, unchanged; futures steady, ¼d higher.

London—Wheat cargoes firmer; corn cargoes firm. American wheat parcels, 3d higher.

Berlin—Wheat steady, ¼ mark higher.

Beerbohm says the world's shipments will show an increase, but there will be but little change in the amount afloat.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Saturday.	Friday.	Year Ago.
Wheat	477,334	478,649	1,182,611
Corn	1,490,828	1,575,819	1,041,051
Oats	151,377	151,797	491,239
Rye	19,341	19,941	2,749
Barley	1,726	1,726	.....
No. 2 red winter	122,143	122,160	35,618
No. 2 hard winter	173,821	174,488	906,960
No. 2 corn	1,063,164	1,088,178	887,370
No. 2 white corn	60,083	56,495	83,022
No. 2 oats	63,090	61,054	191,239
No. 2 white oats	2,992	2,992	173,467
No. 2 rye	11,337	11,937	1,463

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Saturday.	Friday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	.....	94 a	70½a
No. 3 red	85 a	.....	.....
No. 4 winter	77 a	.....	62 a
CORN.			
No. 2	21½b	21⅝b	26⅝
No. 2 white	23 a	23½b	29½b
No. 3	20 b	20½a	26 n
OATS.			
No. 2	18¼a	.....	18¾@18¾b
No. 3	.....	.....	17¼b

Future Prices.

	Closed Friday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Saturday.
WHEAT.				
May	87½	87½	87⅛a	87⅛a
July	73⅝@73⅞	73⅝@73⅞	72½	72½b
CORN.				
April	.....	.....	.....	21½b
May	22⅝@22¾a	22½	22⅝a	22⅝a
July	24 b	24	23⅝a	23⅝a
OATS.				
May	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

WHEAT.				
May	70¾@71	71¾	70⅝	70⅝@70¾
CORN.				
May	24⅝	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝@24⅞
OATS.				
May	17⅜	17⅜@17¾	17⅛	17⅛b
PORK.				
May	$8.47½	$8.47½	$8.30	$8.32½
LARD.				
May	4.25	4.22½	4.15	4.17
RIBS.				
May	4.62½@65	4.60	4.52½	4.55 b

CHICAGO, April 3.—Wheat—April, 69¾c n; May, 70¼@¾c s; July, 69¾c; Sept., 68@¾c. Corn—April, 23¼@24c; May, 24¾@¼c; July, 27¾c; Sept., 26⅞c. Oats—April, 16⅝c n; May, 17¼c b; July, 18c b.

CURB MARKETS.

St. Louis, 2:30 p. m.—July wheat, 72¾c. Puts, 71⅝c; calls, 73@¾c.

Chicago—July wheat, 69½. Puts, 69c; calls, 70c bid. May wheat, 70¾@¾. Puts, 69¾@¾c bid; calls, 70⅝c sellers. Corn—Puts, calls and May corn, 24⅜c.

WHEAT.

The market was very dull at the opening this morning and did not respond to the Liverpool advance. There was more pressure to sell than to buy, and in consequence the feeling was rather bearish. Receipts both here and in the Northwest were moderate, but cables were higher. There was little speculative demand, however, and after wavering for a while a decline set in.

Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 256 cars, as compared with 355 cars a year ago. Receipts at St. Louis were 11,039 bu, as compared with 20,902 bu a year ago. Of these receipts 284 sks and 11 cars were local, as compared with 1,301 sks and 28 cars local a year ago.

July wheat sold at 73⅝c and 73¾c, which is ¼c higher than yesterday's close, but weakened and gradually sold down to 73c, where it stood at Call time. Trading was very light.

May wheat sold at 87⅛c, the same as yesterday's close; Aug. sold at 70¾c and Sept. had 71c bid.

Spot grades—On Call there was nothing done and no bids. No. 3 red was offered at 85c and No. 4 winter was offered at 77c, but the other grades were entirely neglected; no bids nor offers.

The sample market was firm, but the offerings were light. No. 2 red sold at 95¼c East track and at 94c this side. There is still no movement to the low grades.

Closing stocks of wheat and flour to-day were equal to 203,248 bu.

Receipts at primary points were 310,000 bu, as compared with 479,000 bu a year ago. The shipments were 121,000 bu, as compared with 234,000 bu a year ago.

The board's closing cables make Paris wheat steady to 15 cms higher; flour steady and unchanged.

Berlin—Wheat, ¾@¾ mark lower.

Antwerp—Wheat unchanged.

After call the market continued weak and July wheat declined steadily until it reached 72¾c, where it seesawed until the close, closing steady at 72¾c bid. May wheat closed at 87⅛c asked. August at 69¾c asked and September at 70¼c nominal, after being offered at that price.

CORN.

The market in this option was dull and weak at the opening to-day. Local receipts were heavier, but it was mostly billed through. Cables were a little lower and exports continue very heavy, but the local demand is curtailed somewhat on account of the high water.

Receipts at St. Louis to-day were 100,780 bu, of which 84 sacks and 26 cars were local, as compared with 66,730 bu a year ago, of which 1,212 sacks and 87 cars were local.

May corn opened at 22⅝c asked, ⅛@¼c less than the closing yesterday.

July opened at 24c asked and sold at 23⅞c, ¼c less than was bid at the close yesterday.

September also opened at 23⅝@¼c asked, sold at 23¼c, then at 23½@¾c, was offered at 23c and later had that price bid.

Spot Grades—On call the market was dull and easier. No. 2 corn was offered at 21½c regular and had 21¾c bid Advance and Farmers'. No. 2 white corn was offered at 23c regular.

No. 3 corn was offered at 21¼c regular, with no bids, and No. 3 corn was offered at 19½c St. Louis, with 20c bid East side or Central, and 20¼c asked Central. No. 2 mixed corn had 18c bid regular.

The sample market was dull and slow and the feeling was easier, but prices about the same as yesterday. Hardly enough sold to establish a market. Fifty-five sacks of St. Charles white corn sold at 24g and some No. 3 white corn sold in Central elevator at 21c.

Clearances of corn were 280,813 bu.

Receipts of corn at primary points to-day were 328,000 bu, as compared with 454,000 bu a year ago. The shipments were 176,000 bu, as compared with 136,000 bu a year ago.

After call May corn sold at 22¾c and was offered down to 22⅝c, closing at 22⅝c asked.

July corn had 23¾c bid and closed at 23¾c asked. September corn sold at 23c and closed at that.

OATS.

There was the same old dull and dragging market in oats to-day that there has been for some time. Receipts were heavier, but there was little of importance.

Receipts at St. Louis were 42,200 bu, as compared with 41,510 bu a year ago. Of these receipts 20 cars were local, as compared with 162 sacks and 23 cars local a year ago.

July oats opened at 18¼c bid, but there were no sales before call.

Spot Grades—On call No. 2 mixed oats were offered at 18¾c regular, with no bids. The other grades were not mentioned.

The sample market was very dull and the feeling easier, owing to the lack of good grades. Prices were nominally the same as yesterday, but little choice oats offered.

The clearances of oats to-day were 129,065 bu.

May oats sold at 19¼c and July closed at 18¼c bid, with no sales.

RYE.

Receipts, 3,500 bu; shipments, ——.

On call the market was entirely neglected and there were no bids or offers on any of the grades.

HAY.

Receipts, 500 tons; shipments, 58 tons. The market continues strong.

Quotations: Timothy—Choice, $13@14; No. 1, $10.50@12.50; No. 2, $9.50@10.50; No. 3, $8.50@9. Prairie—Choice, $7@7.50; No. 1, $6.50@7; No. 2, $5@6; No. 3, $4@4.50; clover-mixed from $5 to $6 for common to $7.50 for choice.

STRAW—Choice wheat straw, $5@5.50 per ton; rye straw, $6@6.50.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Receipts at St. Louis, 3,980 bbls; shipments, 2,795 bbls. Market very dull, but steady.

FLOUR—Receipts at St. Louis, 3,150 bbls; shipments, 1,760 bbls. Market very dull, but steady.

Patents	$4 70@4 80
Extra fancy	4 40@4 45
Fancy	4 25@4 35
Choice family	3 75@3 85
Extra	3 25@3 35
Rye flour	4 45@4 60
Cornmeal	2 40@2 45
Pearl meal, hominy and grits	.....

BRAN—Market continues weak, but there is little doing. Bulk bran worth about 40c; sad bran East trk worth nominally 40@50c and 47½@48c for East side country points. This side selling at from 53c to 55c at mill.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—The market was weak and lower. Standard mess, $8.87½ per bbl for new and $8.40 for old. On orders, 50c per bbl higher.

LARD—Jobbing market easier at 3.95c for prime and 4.05c for choice.

BACON—Jobbing sales—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 5c; extra short clear, 5¾c; clear ribs, 5½c; clear sides, 5.60c.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed lots: Shoulders, 4.87½c; extra short clear, 5c; clear ribs, 5¼c; clear sides, 5.20c. On orders by dealers, ⅛c higher.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 9@10c per pound.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS—On orders, 10@11c.

BEEF—Firm; $6.50@8 per bbl; dried, 8@11c; tongues, $4.50 per doz.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—Timothy—Common to fair, $2@2.50; prime, $2.60@2.75; poor selling as low as $1.50. Clover—Market easier; weedy and trashy, $2.50@3.25; good to choice, $5.50@6.75. Red top—Inferior, $1@2; good, $3@5; choice, $6.50@8; fancy, $10@13. Millet, German, 65@85c; Hungarian, 40@65c per 100 lbs.

FLAXSEED—Nothing doing. Market is nominally 72c per bu for car lots.

CASTOR BEANS—$1.25 per bu for car lots on trk; small quantities and poor quality lower.

BARLEY—Dull and nothing doing.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Market easier at $3.17½ for Missouri common to $3.20 for desilverized.

SPELTER—Quiet at $3.90@3.95.

ON THE STREET.

(The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.)

FRUITS.

APPLES—Receipts, 1,010 bbls; shipments, 505 bbls. The market continues dull, but steady on the best varieties. Everything not first-class is weak, however, owing to the large amount of inferior fruit which is being offered. Baldwins, 95c@$1.35; Ben Davis, 90c@$1.25; Greenings, $1.05@1.25; Winesap, $1.50@2.25; Genitings, $1.15@1.60; Willowtwig and Belle Fleur, $1@1.50. Choice varieties, $1.75@2.25, according to variety and condition. All damaged, frozen or slack-packed selling at any price obtainable.

CALIFORNIA PEARS—Buerre Clairgeau, Buerre Hardy and Duchess, $1.60@1.75 per 40-lb box.

TANGERINES—$1.50@1.75 per ½ box.

ORANGES—Receipts, 4,075 boxes; shipments, 1,431 boxes. Market steady and unchanged. California navels, $3@4; seedlings, $2@2.25.

LEMONS—Market fair. Receipts, 166 boxes; shipments, 177 boxes. Messina and Palermo, $2.75@3.25 per box.

BANANAS—Receipts, 80 cars; shipments, 14 cars. On orders: Medium bunches, 75c@$1; choice large, $1.25@1.50.

COCOANUTS—Selling at $34 per 1,000. On orders, $3.75 per 100.

MALAGA GRAPES—$5.50@7 per bbl.

STRAWBERRIES—Market firm and higher. There is a good demand and receipts were light. Texas receipts generally in poor condition. Florida at 25@30c for choice sound; soft and leaky lower, 10@20c per quart for ventilated crates. Texas receipts per 6-gal crate, $1@4, according to quality and condition.

DRIED FRUITS—Dull. We quote: Evaporated rings, fancy (white and dry), 3½c; choice, 3c; fair, 2½c; dark and inferior, 2@2¼c; evaporated quarters, 2½@3¼c; cores and peelings, 1c; chopped, 1½c; sun-dried quarters, choice, bright and large, 2¼c; inferior to fair, 1¼@2c.

POTATOES—Receipts, 375 bbls and 3,000 bu; shipments, 1,374 bbls and —— bu. The market continues dull, but steady. Early Ohio, 25c; Burbank, 27@30c; rural, 25@27c per bu; Iowa, 17@20c; early rose, 25@27c; Hebron, 20@22c per bu.

SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown on orders: Yellow Nansemond, $1.20 per bbl; red do, $1.30; Bermuda, $1.75. Consigned lots: Southern Illinois, 40@70c per bbl.

ONIONS—Receipts, 40 sks and —— bu; shipments, 205 sks. Northern and Eastern, choice to fancy red globe selling as high as $2, white inferior, sprouted and poor, 50c per bu.

TURNIPS—15@20c per doz bunches for new; $1 per bbl for old.

RUTABAGAS—Quiet. Northern bulk, 22c per bu delivered. On orders, $1 per bbl.

CABBAGE—Receipts, 5 cars; shipments, ——. Scarce, but the feeling easier. Sound domestic, 1½@2c per lb; Holland seed, $35@40 per ton. On orders: Holland seed, 2c per lb; Florida, $1.25@1.50 per crate; Texas choice, $2@2.50 per crate.

CAULIFLOWER—$3.75@4 per crate for California; $3 per bu.

EGG PLANT—$5@6 per crate.

ASPARAGUS—Pint bunches, 75c per doz; hand bunches, $1.75; Southern, $1 per doz bunches.

CELERY—Unchanged, but a fair demand and large supplies. Choice to fancy new California, 75c per bunch; fancy trimmed worth more; Michigan, 10@25c; Southern, 15c.

CUCUMBERS—Large green, 25@75c per doz; small, scarce and neglected. Sept. 1 ..... 455,251 473,216

CELERY ROOTS—Northern quiet; 25@30c per doz.

BEETS—Choice on orders, $1.25@1.50 per bbl; new, 15@25c per doz bunches; some poor stock sold as low as $1 per bbl.

CARROTS—New Southern, on orders, 15c per doz bunches; $1.25 per bbl.

PARSNIPS—Home-grown choice washed, on orders, $1.25 per bbl; unwashed, $1.

HORSERADISH—Home-grown on orders, $2@3.50 per bbl.

SAUERKRAUT—Choice new city hand-made from first heads at $1.60 per ½-bbl and $2.75 per bbl. On orders higher. Receipts, ——; shipments, 68 pkgs.

TOMATOES—$1.25@1.50 per 6-basket crate for small and $2.50@2.25 for round large Floridas; $2.25@2.50 for Mexican. Receipts, ——; shipments, 7 crates.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull and slow; selling at $4 per bbl; $1.75@2 per bu-box.

STRING BEANS—More plentiful. Fresh receipts Florida, $2@2.25 per box for green; $2@2.25 for wax.

LETTUCE—Louisiana, $2@2.25 per bbl; 75c per hamper; home-grown, $4 per bbl; 50c per bu.

GREEN PEAS—$1.75 per bu hamper for fancy down to 50c for poor; choice Florida, $2, and Mississippi $2@2.25 per bu box.

RHUBARB—35@45c per doz bunches for home-grown, on orders.

RADISHES—50@65c per ½-bu crate for Mississippi.

PARSLEY—15@20c per doz bunches.

SPINACH—Steady at 60@65c per 3-peck box for Kentucky; 40@50c per 2-3-bu box.

SHALLOTS—10@12½c per doz bunches.

LEEKS—25c per doz bunches.

KALE—$2.00@2.25 per bbl.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Market steady. Under the trade is taking the advance with reluctance.

CREAMERY.		DAIRY.	
Extra Elgin	22@23	Extras	17
Firsts	19 @20	Firsts	12 @14
Seconds	16 @18	LADLE-PACKED.	
COUNTRY STOCK.		Seconds	12
Packed	13@14c	Choice	7 @ 8
Near-by roll	8½@ 9	Choice	10
North roll	13½@14½c		

CHEESE—Quiet. Wisconsin—Full cream, twins, 11¼c; singles, 11¼c; Y. A., 12¼c; Southern Wisconsin and Illinois—Twins, 9c; singles, 9¼c; Limburger, 8@9½c; brick, from 6¼c for poor to 9c for choice; Swiss, 11@12c.

EGGS.

Receipts, 8,400 cases; shipments, 2,291 cases. Receipts heavy and demand only moderate. Market firmer at 7¾c and sales at that for near-by receipts. Other eggs, duck eggs, 10c per doz.

POULTRY, GAME AND VEALS.

LIVE POULTRY—Receipts, 313 coops; shipments, 168 coops. Receipts were light and demand fair. Prices were steady and unchanged. Quotations: Chickens—Steady; hens, 6½c for straight lots; mixed lots of hens and roosters, 6c per lb; mixed roosters and broilers, 5@5½c; capons, 8c for live, to 12c for dressed; old hens, 6c; old roosters, 4c. Ducks 7½@8½c per lb. Geese—4@5c per lb. Turkeys selling at 7½@8c per lb for dressed; receipts, 12 cases; 12c per doz. Spring chickens selling at from $1.50@3.50, according to size.

DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts, 62,495 lbs; shipments, 19,200 lbs. Season practically over and country dressed not wanted.

GAME—Market dull; almost all kinds of game now out of season. Snipe, $1 per doz; frogs, 60c@$1.75 per doz; sand pipers, 20c.

VEALS—Market firmer. Receipts moderate, but demand fair. Quotations: Choice, 5½c; large and poor, 3½@4½c.

LAMBS—Spring lambs dull, 5@6c.

WHISKY.

Market steady on a basis of $1.

"The Foremost Baking Powder in all the World."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Highest Honors—Medal and Diploma

by the

World's Columbian Exposition

Official fac-similes showing both sides of the World's Fair Medal awarded Price Baking Powder Co.

Nothing is claimed for Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder that cannot be proved from the records. Its splendid triumphs at the World's Columbian Exposition and California Midwinter Fair were only achieved after the fullest examination and competition. The fame it has acquired rests squarely on its merits as the purest, richest and best baking powder ever offered to the public. Its victories are legitimate triumphs for the best boon ever given to the good housewives of this country.

A COOK BOOK FREE.—"*Table and Kitchen*," a new cook book containing over 400 receipts will be sent, postage prepaid. It is printed in English, German and Scandinavian. A copy will be sent in the language preferred. Postal card is as good as a letter. Address simply—

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

WILL MANDAMUS THE SCHOOL BOARD.

CIVIC FEDERATION TO INSIST ON AN ELECTION.

BOARD HAS NO MONEY.

Ringsters Have Squandered the School Funds and Will Refuse the Election Board's Order.

A special meeting of the School Board has been called by President Bus for April 9 to act upon the question of appropriating $20,000 for the special school election. As stated in Thursday's Post-Dispatch there is no intention on the part of the Republican ring which controls the board to make the appropriation. President Bus made this statement without reservation in an interview in the Post-Dispatch. He holds that the board has no power to act in the matter. Another argument advanced by the ring is that there is no source from which to appropriate the amount. The extravagance of the School Board, which preceded the present body and the reckless expenditures made by the ring in the present board, have left the School Board Treasury practically empty. Experts estimate the damage to school property from the tornado at $90,000. The board spent $140,000 in emergency repair work done by favorites in remedying this $90,000 damage. Secretary Player of the board says that at the end of the fiscal year there will be a deficit to be added to that of between $30,000 and $60,000 already existing, and he cannot see where the $20,000 is coming from.

If the board refuses to appropriate the $20,000, and the Board of Election Commissioners declines to order the election, mandamus proceedings will be instituted to compel the Commissioners to hold the election.

The Civic Federation will institute the proceedings. If the ring is unable to prevent the appropriation, on account of defections on the part of those in the ring who are unwilling to openly defy the law, it is said the ring will institute injunction proceedings to prevent the appropriation. Lawyer F. N. Judson, Chairman of the Committee which framed the Civic Federation law, says that in any event the courts will enforce the holding of the election and the payment of the expense by the School Board.

The election must be held before May 23. The terms of office of Directors-at-Large Charles W Hequembourg, Jacob B. Ulrich and H. C. Grawe expire next fall whether the special election is held or not. Those of District Directors John Sheehan, Robert Paulus, Henry Bus, Nicholas Berg and Elmer E. Lacey expire at the same time.

For Coughs, Asthma and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

THEY SCENTED CRIME.

Odor of a Stolen Cheese Attracted Three Policemen.

Sergt. Costello and Patrolmen Reedy and Finley of the Fourth Police District were standing at Twentieth and O'Fallon streets Friday night. A scent of limburger pervaded the air. The officers sniffed it and commented on the familiar odor. Then they noticed two men on the opposite side of the street. The men were trying to conceal something under their coats. When the men saw the officers they ran. The police overhauled them. The men dropped something to the ground. It was a limburger cheese. It had been stolen from Henry Lundt, a grocer at 2000 O'Fallon street. A warrant for petit larceny was issued.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

HID THE MONEY IN HIS HAIR.

MITCHELL SWAINE'S QUEER ATTEMPT TO ROB A FRIEND.

WERE OUT ON A LARK.

Prominent Young Men From Bloomfield, Io., Go Wrong and Wind Up at the Four Courts.

Mitchell B. Swaine, a young merchant of Bloomfield, Io., who haughtily informed Sergt. Lang at the Central Station that his "fathah, sah, held a prominent position undah the present Administration," occupied a hard board bench at the Four Courts jail Friday night, charged with robbing his bosom friend, James S. Taylor, also of Bloomfield, of $22.

Young Taylor is a son of the President of the Taylor-McGowan Savings Bank of Bloomfield, and Swaine is a son of Gen. Geo. Swaine, Government Pension Examiner of Iowa.

Taylor is a young attorney, who came to this city Friday morning to attend a law suit in the United States Court, in which his brother and Gen. John W. Noble are counsel. Swaine accompanied him to the city. They registered at the Lindell.

After obtaining money from one of his father's correspondents here, Taylor and Swaine went out to take in the town. They finally wound up in the room of Florence Sherman, at 108 North Twenty-first street. Swaine had no money and Taylor was paying the bills.

Taylor and Swaine had taken off their coats and vests and threw them carelessly about the room. During a lull in the conversation Swaine suddenly suggested that somebody had entered the room and robbed them.

Taylor is a young man who keeps his eyes open and he declared that he suspected the robber was still in the room. The woman shared the same opinion, and Swaine maintained a discreet but suspicious silence.

After talking it over each to prove his innocence agreed to be searched. Taylor searched the woman, she searched Swayne and Swayne searched Taylor. This was comparatively easy, as the clothing was loosely disposed about the floor.

Taylor had $22 when he entered the room. It could not be found. A policeman was called in.

Swaine has a beautiful head of hair which would drive a foot ball player wild with envy. While the policeman was searching him a $5 bill fell from the depths of his bushy hair. That settled it. Taylor insisted on having Swaine arrested, and the three were bundled into the wagon and taken to the Four Courts. Swaine denied having taken the money, and it required a disrobing of the prisoner before the other $15 was found in the heel of his sock. He was locked up.

Saturday morning Taylor refused to prosecute and Swaine was released. The two walked out of the station arm-in-arm, apparently on the best of terms.

Police Board Meeting.

At the meeting of the Police Board Friday Sergt. Edward Dowd of the Mounted District was fined $25 for neglect of duty. On the same charge Detectives McGrath and Anderson were dropped. Robert Killian was appointed to succeed McGrath. The case of Hartman against Detective Thomas Tracey was referred to the Chief of Police, with instructions to prefer charges against the officer. The following promotions to the rank of regular officers were made: William Branch, William Glacken, Patrick Ganly, Charles Schaffner, John B. Martin, J. J. Sweeney, Henry F. Turley, James Forster, John J. Denehy, Joseph Hefele, Thomas Lang, Andrew Lawrence, Richard Joyce, Chas. A. Tilli, Chas. Silvia, George Sullivan, Francis Roe, John Mohr and Benjamin J. Martin.

Trace of General Fullerton.

A dispatch from Oakland, Md., says an undergarment that belonged to Gen. Fullerton, who was killed last week in a wreck near there, was found Friday in the Youghiogheny River, half a mile from the scene of the disaster. It is believed that the body has been washed under a ledge of rock and is held down by sediment. Mr. Humphrey Fullerton, brother of the deceased, will leave to-night for Oakland, to continue the search for the body.

Witness the Great Rivers at Memphis.

Only $5.00 for the round trip via the Illinois Central Railroad Saturday, April 9.

MUSCLE DANCERS' CONTEST.

An Exhibition That Filled Every Seat in the Standard Theater.

The announcement that there would be a competitive midway dance at the Standard Theater Friday night served its purpose. The house was filled. There were no women on the first floor, but in the balcony probably fifty bonnets could be discerned through the smoke that curled lazily up from hundreds of cigars and cigarettes.

Nearly all present were keyed up to a high pitch of expectation. They were there to be thrilled.

The audience was good-tempered and endured the fun-making of the comedians, Black and White, till 11 o'clock; then Manager Flynn came on the stage with a bodyguard of saddle-colored sirens and said that the dance would be for a check for $50.

Lizzie Howell was the first dancer. She is slender and shameless and made a hit. Nellie Dancy followed. She is buxom and brazen and also made a hit. Neither is an expert muscle dancer.

The audience was called on to decide between them. There was more noise for Lizzie than for Nellie and Mr. Flynn said Lizzie won, and was the best dancer on earth. He was willing to back her for $50 against any midway "spieler" that "ever happened."

A man with long black hair and a greasy coat arose from a parquet seat and said Mr. Flynn was the very man he wanted to meet. The audience hissed him at first, but he was finally allowed to speak. He used a strong French accent, which may or may not have been genuine. He said he was the manager of La Belle Siva, the most expert muscle dancer in the wide, wide world. He would back her against Mr. Flynn's entry for $100.

Flynn told him to put up his money at the box-office and the contest would take place Saturday night.

The long-haired man went to the box-office and deposited $100 and the articles of agreement were drawn up and signed.

Family Washing Unexcelled.

We will do your family washing for 4 cents a pound. All table linen, spreads, sheets, slips, towels and handkerchiefs ironed, bundle weighed at your house when called for. Merchants' Laundry, 2008 Morgan street. Telephone 2593.

New Jackson School.

The movement to have a new Jackson School building at Maiden Lane and Hogan street is gaining strength. Friday evening the association met, and speeches were made setting forth the necessity for a larger and stronger building. A letter from Building Commissioner Randall was read in which the school building was condemned in the strongest terms. He threatens to bring suit against the School Board for maintaining a nuisance if something is not done.

Omaha Man Missing.

Joseph A. Cavanaugh, a wealthy Omaha, Neb., attorney, has disappeared. On March 14 he came to St. Louis on a business trip and has not been seen by his family since. One letter after his arrival here was received by his wife. It was written on Planters' House stationery, but inquiry developed he did not register there. He had a large sum of money with him and foul play is feared.

BABY'S SKIN

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so safe, so speedy, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair, and eradicating every humor, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA.

FEELS GOOD The instant it is applied to sore lungs, weak backs, painful kidneys, aching nerves and muscles, rheumatism and sciatica, Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters.

WILL HELP THE SCHOOL BOARD.

DR. BOYD IS IN FAVOR OF WOMAN MEMBERS.

ARE SUCCESSFUL ELSEWHERE.

They Have Great Capacity for Detail Work and Will Dignify the Board's Deliberations.

Friends of woman suffrage are elated over the prospects of having female members on the Board of Education. Mrs. Alice C. Mulkey's candidacy is heartily indorsed, and work has begun to bring it to a successful end.

"I think women are eligible to position on the Board under the new law," said Dr. W. W. Boyd Saturday, "and I want to add that I am glad of it.

"They have always been deeply interested in school matters, and great credit is due them for the advancement made along educational lines. The different women's organizations have done good work for the schools without any legal power in the premises. Put a few of them on the Board and they will do better. Whether as a general rule they are as familiar with practical government as men, I cannot say, but they have a natural knack that is far superior to man's in some directions. I think this school business is one of them.

"Some difficulty will be had in securing the right parties. The woman seeking such a position should be thoroughly familiar with schools and school work; have practical ideas and a strictly business head, otherwise she will hinder more than she can possibly assist.

"A teacher of some experience, for example, should make an excellent member. She has worked hard in the field the body is to control; knows exactly what is needed, can readily tell what measures should be advanced, to further the work, what are obstacles, in short, what means should be employed to procure desired ends. Other ladies who have studied school problems, or have been connected in some other capacity with educational work, are, of course, just as eligible and have as ready appreciation of the needs as the instructors themselves.

"I think a woman or two on the board would be beneficial in other ways. Their presence would add to the dignity of the deliberations, and no man is their equal in detail work and investigations. They are much better adapted to those duties. Therefore, I say give them an opportunity to be useful in a new field.

"This matter is not an experiment. In many of our large cities women are members of the school boards, and in Boston there are several. I know of no instance where the departure has not proven of lasting benefit.

"If see there is one candidate in the field. I do not know Mrs. Mulkey personally, but if she possesses the requirements I have mentioned she is entitled to support. While the clause of the new law is a little vague on the subject of female eligibility I think the ladies have interpreted it correctly, and if they are property owners I do not see how they are to be denied."

JAIL HOSPITAL NO USE.

Sickness Due to the Vitiated Atmosphere Is Rampant Now.

Despite the contentions of Chief Dispensary Physician Jordan, Judge Zachritz and Chief Deputy Sheriff Huebler that a hospital located in the jail would be a beneficial move, daily developments appear to bear out Coroner Walt's assertion that it would be a most unwise undertaking. At present eight prisoners in the jail are suffering from illness directly traceable to the unsanitary condition of their surroundings. Among these are Joseph Albright, charged with murder, who is reported to be dying of typhoid malaria and pneumonia, and whose condition is so critical that his removal to the hospital at this time would cause certain death; Stella Allen, Charles Waller and John Lawrence, suffering from malaria; Victor Pore, pleuridynia; Lizzie Henry, anaemia; William Meyers, a severe attack of la grippe, and Thomas Cavanagh, malaria. Their condition is attributed directly to the unwholesome atmosphere of the jail, vitiated by the exhalations of the 400 odd prisoners, poor drainage facilities and lack of ventilating arrangements.

One of the prisoners in jail, a "trusty," whose duties place him in a position to speak with a knowledge of the facts, says that during the month of March the jail physician prescribed for an average of sixty-nine prisoners every week, nearly all of whom were suffering from malaria. During the preceding months, this prisoner says, the average number prescribed for, was even greater. These figures represent an enormous percentage of sickness, in comparison with the number of inmates, and do not argue well for the sanitary condition of the jail.

The death of Jesse Robertson in his cell in jail Thursday, while it can not be charged directly to the conditions within the jail, was, in the opinion of the officials,

SUNDAY CONCERTS.

Interesting Programmes at Music Hall and Fourteenth Street Theater.

Soloists at the Symphony Orchestra Concert at the Exposition Sunday will be E. R. Kroeger, pianist, and Frank Gecks, violinist. The programme will be: Overture, Weber's "Oberon," andante from Haydn's quartette for stringed instruments, op. 76; allegro and andante from Mendelssohn's violin concerto, op. 64, by Mr. Gecks; Moszkowski's serenade in D major, op. 15, and Goldmark's "Sherzo," op. 19; the romanze and finale from Mr. Kroeger's concerto in E flat; "March Solonelle," by Tschaikowski.

The final concert will be given Sunday week. A special programme is in preparation.

The following programme will be rendered at the Kunkel Concert Sunday afternoon at the Fourteenth Street Theater:

Piano solo—sonato—Op. 31, No. 3 in E flat, Beethoven, (a) allegro, (b) Scherzo, allegretto vivace; (c) menuetto, moderato e grazioso, (d) finale presto con fuoco, Mr. Charles Kunkel; song, "I Dreamt," Schira, Miss Katheryne Kemper; violin solo, "Ziegeunerweisen," Sarasate, Sig. G. Parisi; piano duet, Overture Masaniello (Auber), Melnotte, grand paraphrase de concert, Messrs. Charles Kunkel and Paul Mori; song, "Yes, I Love You," Stults, Miss Katheryne Kemper; violin solo, (a) Bridal Procession, Grieg-Sauret, (b) Grand Polonaise de Concert, Firindetti, Sig. G. Parisi; piano duet, "To the Chase," Mori (grand descriptive galop), Charles Kunkel and Paul Mori.

WEBSTER GROVES ELECTION.

The Full Ticket for Municipal Officers Announced.

The citizens of Webster Groves have at last a full municipal ticket in the field for their first municipal election next Tuesday.

The candidates are: Mayor, W. S. Fleming; Collector, John Prehn; Assessor, L. F. Booth; Aldermen, First Ward, F. E. Richle and W. D. Thompson; Aldermen, Second Ward, F. M. Anderson and Joshua Bryant; Aldermen, Third Ward, H. L. Sutton and W. J. Beattie; Town Marshal, Edward B. Nace; School Directors, W. P. Hazard and F. S. Plant. Robert L. Bush, the present Town Marshal, has announced himself as an independent candidate for re-election.

It has been decided a bond issue for any purpose at this time would be impractical.

MAYOR HOAR'S FAILURE.

Liabilities Grow Alarmingly and He Has Resigned.

HOUGHTON, Mich., April 8.—The liabilities of Richard M. Hoar, who assigned Tuesday, continue to grow and may reach $125,000, and the prospects are not favorable to realising above 50 cents on the dollar. Mr. Hoar has tendered his resignation of Mayor to the Common Council. The Council tabled the document and will meet later to consider the matter

probably hastened by confinement in the unwholesome atmosphere of the Four Courts, in his weakened condition.

Jailer Wagner is almost distracted over the unusual amount of sickness among his prisoners, and would gladly welcome any departure which will relieve him of the added responsibility that such sickness entails upon him.

CHARLES W. BULLEN DEAD.

President of the National Bank of the Republic Succumbs to Pneumonia.

The funeral of Mr. Charles W. Bullen, late President of the National Bank of the Republic, has been set for Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, 4071 Washington avenue. The pall-bearers will be Messrs. O. H. Peckham, J. J. Wertheimer, W. H. Graham, Breckinridge Jones, Wyatt Shallcross, Theodore Shelton, Robert Grant and John Lee. Rev. Dr. R. C. Cave will conduct the services. Saturday afternoon the directors of the Clearing-house Association and the directors of the National Bank of the Republic will meet to take appropriate action on Mr. Bullen's death.

As told exclusively in Friday's 6 o'clock edition of the Post-Dispatch, Mr. Bullen's death occurred at 2:15 o'clock Friday. The cause was heart failure, the result of pneumonia. Two weeks ago Mr. Bullen con-

C. W. BULLEN.

tracted a severe cold. Later pneumonia and high fever developed. The doctors were hopeful that Mr. Bullen's constitution would pull him through. Friday was the ninth day. The fever abated, but the patient's heart failed. Surrounded by his wife and two children, his father and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Gauss, his cousin, Mrs. Jennie Shallcross, and Dr. C. H. Goodman, he died as if falling asleep.

Mr. Bullen's death will be a distinct loss to St. Louis' banking interests. He entered the business when he was a boy and worked his way to the top. His practical knowledge of the business was enormous. He was a member of the Board of Managers of the Clearing-house Association, and in that capacity inaugurated several reforms. He instituted the plan of handling post-office orders through the Clearing-house. He was also largely instrumental in bringing the Sub-Treasury into the Clearing-house Association.

Mr. Bullen was born in Louisville, Ky., about forty-four years ago. His parents died while he was a boy and he lived with an aunt at Henderson, Ky. He came to Missouri and settled first at Lynn Creek and then at Sedalia, where he took a minor position in the Citizens' National Bank, and worked his way up to cashier. Early in the 80's he came to St. Louis as Assistant Cashier of the Continental Bank, and in five years was Cashier. He was largely instrumental in having the institution converted into a national bank. In 1892 Mr. Bullen was elected President of the National Bank of the Republic.

Mr. Bullen married Miss Adele Gauss fifteen years ago. Three children were born of the union—a boy and two girls. The son died sometime ago. Mr. Bullen was a member of the Knights of Honor, the Business Men's League and the Mercantile Club.

SNAP JUDGMENT ON DELEGATES

Council Adjourns and Kills Off Delayed Bills in the Lower House.

Both Houses of the Municipal Assembly met at 5 o'clock Friday. The Council adjourned to 3 o'clock Monday, thereby sealing the fate of the bills for the improvement of Twelfth street from St. Charles to Market street, for the vacation of Tennessee street and for the improvement of Ridge avenue, between King's highway and Union boulevard. Several board bills will also die because there will not be time to pass them.

The Council passed the bill authorizing the Iron Mountain Railroad Co. to construct a switch across Kosciusko street into the plant of the Pioneer Cooperage Co.

In the House the bill reducing the licenses of real estate dealers from $100 to $25 received its first reading. A communication from J. T. Donovan, President of the Real Estate Exchange, urging its passage, was read. Consideration was deferred to 1 o'clock Saturday, to which time an adjournment was taken.

THE HOUSE WILL BE DEMOCRATIC.

REPUBLICANS ADMIT THEY HAVE LITTLE CHANCE.

SITUATION IN THE WARDS.

The Indications Are That There Will Be Fifteen Democratic and Thirteen Republican Aldermen.

The present Republican House of Delegates is about to pass in its checks. With a last, lingering look at the corporation treasure boxes to which some of the members are believed to have held the combination, it will give up the ghost Monday and become a part of the more or less unsavory legislative history of the city.

There is strong reason for the belief that the next House will be Democratic. Several of the members, among them Speaker Diekmann, believes that the Republicans will have to take a back seat.

Several of the Republican members, who are candidates for re-election, represent Democratic wards. They owed their election to conditions which no longer exist.

There are no faction fights likely to disturb calculations. Such candidates as are on the Meriwether ticket are also on the Regular Democratic, so the fight over the head of the ticket will not affect their chances.

In the present House are twenty-four Republicans and only four Democrats. The latter are Sullivan of the Twenty-fourth, Cronin of the First, Burke of the Fourteenth and Sippel of the Fifteenth.

Speaker Diekmann figures it out that the Republicans will probably have thirteen in the next to the fifteen of the Democrats.

He thinks Morrissey will follow in the footsteps of Jim Cronin, holding the First Ward in the Democratic column.

W. H. Judy in the Second will have a hard time getting back. His opponent, Frank X. Moore, has a saloon and two restaurants, a combination hard to beat.

The Third has always been a Democratic ward. Ed Grimley was a candidate for re-election. There was some dissatisfaction. Ed Butler took a hand and Steward was elected. Wander will hardly be so fortunate.

Grassmuck also lives in a Democratic ward. To make things worse for him, John P. Sweeney, the Democratic candidate, is also on the Meriwether ticket. The Russian Jews in the Fourth are all Democrats.

The Fifth and Seventh will go over into the Democratic column.

The Tenth was Democratic, but there was a faction fight last election and Krietmeyer got in.

Burke has no opposition in the Fourteenth.

In the Fifteenth Sippel will probably get back. Besides the regular Republican candidate John A. King, Barney Belker is making an independent canvass.

Lloyd also got in last time on a split. If he wins he will know he has been in a race.

In the Nineteenth, Butler's Ward, O'Rourke, the Democrat, is on both the Regular and Meriwether tickets, and will win.

The Twentieth was always a Democratic ward until the last time, when Ritter got in. It will right itself this time and Bilgh will be elected.

The Twenty-second will do the same.

The Twenty-fourth will stay on the Democratic side.

The Twenty-fifth used to be Democratic, until the Lindell people took a hand and swung it. Watson will have a hard fight.

The Twenty-sixth went Democratic at the Presidential election, and will probably do so again.

All the members of the present Council are Republicans. Half of them will hold over. It will only be necessary for them to elect one of the new members to retain control.

MAKING PAUPER PRINTERS.

Typographical Union Objects to House of Refuge Printing.

The local Typographical Union wants the printing establishment at the House of Refuge abolished. The Union's petition to the authorities states, among other objections, that the continuance of the plant is liable to be the entering wedge whereby a future Board of Managers will establish a plant of such magnitude as to make the House of Refuge a kindergarten for the propagation of printers of an inferior grade.

The petition has been forwarded to the Board of Managers.

Thinks He Is an Inventor.

At the request of his wife Theodore Wiese of 3203 Chippewa street was taken Friday to the City Hospital for observation. He has been acting queerly for some time and would frequently rise in the night and attempt to stab himself with a penknife. His latest delusion is that he has invented a shoe and threatens the lives of his family if the invention prove a failure.

A GREAT deal of nonsense has been written—and believed, about blood purifiers. What purifies the blood? . . . .

THE KIDNEYS PURIFY THE BLOOD

AND THEY ALONE.

If diseased, however, they cannot, and the blood continually becomes more impure. Every drop of blood in the body goes through the kidneys, the sewers of the system, every three minutes, night and day, while life endures.

WARNER'S Safe Cure

puts the kidneys in perfect health, and nature does the rest.

The heavy, dragged out feeling, the bilious attacks, headaches, nervous unrest, fickle appetite, all caused by poisoned blood, will disappear when the kidneys properly perform their functions.

There is no doubt about this. Thousands have so testified. The theory is right, the cure is right and health follows as a natural sequence.

Be self-convinced through personal proof.

R R R

READY RELIEF. ALWAYS READY.

CURES AND PREVENTS.

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations,

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA,

FROSTBITES, CHILBLAINS, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, ASTHMA.

DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

50cts per Bottle. Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm st., New York.

POLITICAL.

VOTE FOR

SAM T. RATHELL,

Regular Democratic Nominee for the

COUNCIL.

Election Tuesday, April 6, 1887.

J. F. HINCKLEY,

Democratic Candidate for

President Board of Public Improvements.

ELECTION TUESDAY, APRIL 6.

MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS.

Collection of Drawings Exhibited by the American Academy.

The first collection of drawings exhibited by the American Academy of Rome delighted some 300 guests at the Museum of Fine Arts Friday evening.

Most of the drawings were devoted to the architectural masterpieces of Rome, but many of the celebrated buildings of Athens, Florence, Venice, Pompeii and other places were portrayed. The water colors of antique monuments and present masterpieces were greatly admired. Especially notable were "Old House at Capri," "Fountain of Villa Lante," "The Wood Boat on the Gindecca" and the "Garden with the Cypresses" at Venice.

To-Morrow's Sunday POST-DISPATCH.

Here Are a Few of the Features It Will Contain.

THE LAST ENTRY—Continuation of the stirring sea story, by Clark Russell, now running in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, with a synopsis of the preceding chapters.

They Live on the Refuse of a Great City.
A study of the gamins, ragpickers and beggars who infest the markets and alleys, whose creed is "Sufficient to the day is the evil thereof." Illustrated.

Mattie Feehan Falls From Grace and Becomes a Policeman.
How the well-known Third District citizen made a bad break the first time he attended a round-up of prisoners. Illustrated.

The Chief Eagle Philosophizes and Tells Where He is "At."
The famous First Ward colored statesman grants an instructive interview on the local political situation. Illustrated.

The Suicides of a Year.
Interesting, if gruesome, statistics from the Coroner's report, showing the favorite ways of shuffling off, with some remarkable instances of original and startling means employed. Illustrated.

Are We Losing Our Atmosphere?
French scientists prove by experiments that the atmospheric envelope of the earth is being slowly, but surely, absorbed, and that the earth will die as the moon has. Illustrated.

Weird Story of an American Castle.
The house is not haunted, but its story is stranger than fiction. Its occupants shut out the world, and their faces have not been seen for thirty years.

Ben Horton Tells of the Wheel of 1897.
He takes it apart, puts it together and explains its superiority over last year's models. Illustrated.

Where the Waters Encompass the Earth.
A beautiful half-page picture by Russell of the floods in the Mississippi Valley.

The Missing Link Found Again.
This time it is in Java that fossil remains have been discovered, which equally resemble the skeletons of man and the ape.

A Railroad Without Cars.
The only one of its kind in the world. An ordinary engine is used, but the freight is dragged along the roadbed. Illustrated.

A Female Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.
Influenza gives a child a dual nature. In one she is an artist, and when normal she knows nothing of what she has done.

The Agony of Being Scalped.
A forty-niner, who lost his hair to the Indians twenty-five years ago, still suffers excruciating agony.

The Weekly Bicycle Page will be inaugurated for the season, and it will be strictly up to date.

The news of the day at home and abroad will be given fresh, bright and crisp.

The Woman's Page of Fashions, the two Fun Pages, the Sporting, Dramatic and Society Pages will be up to their usual standard of excellence.

The Best, the Most Popular, the Most Widely Circulated Newspaper in the Southwest is the

SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH!